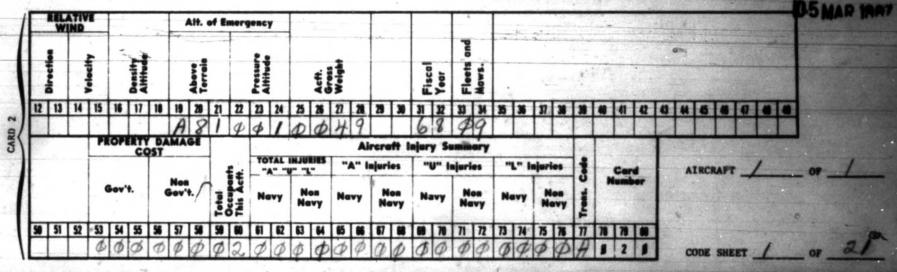
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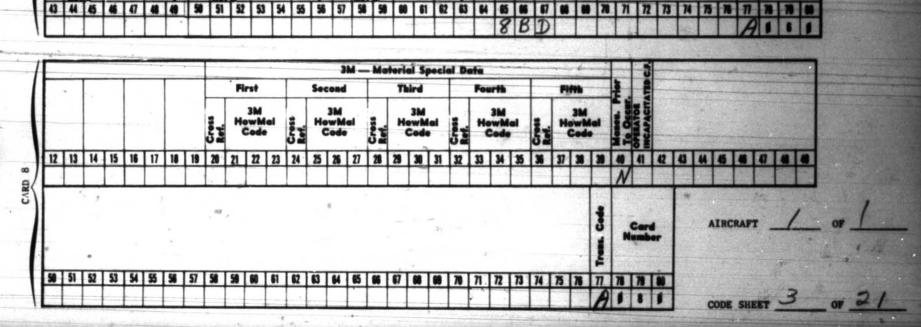
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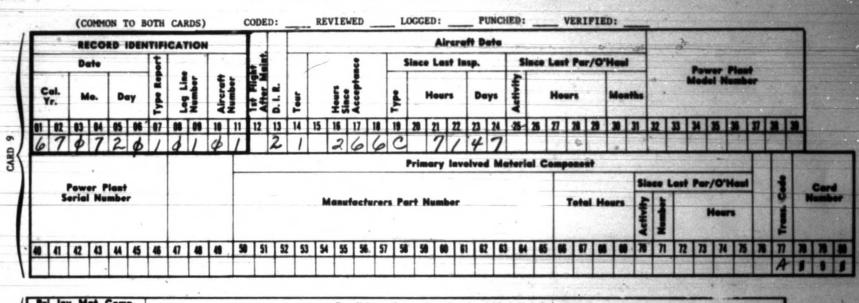
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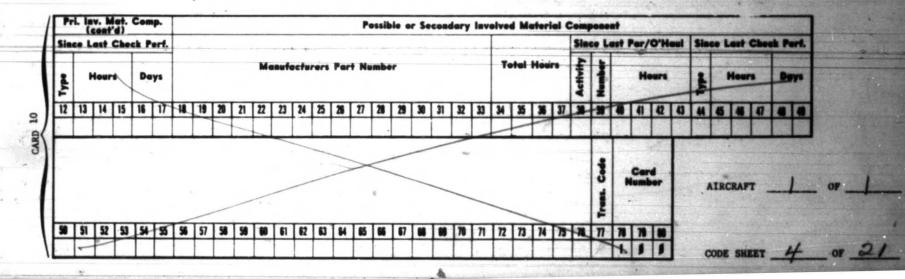


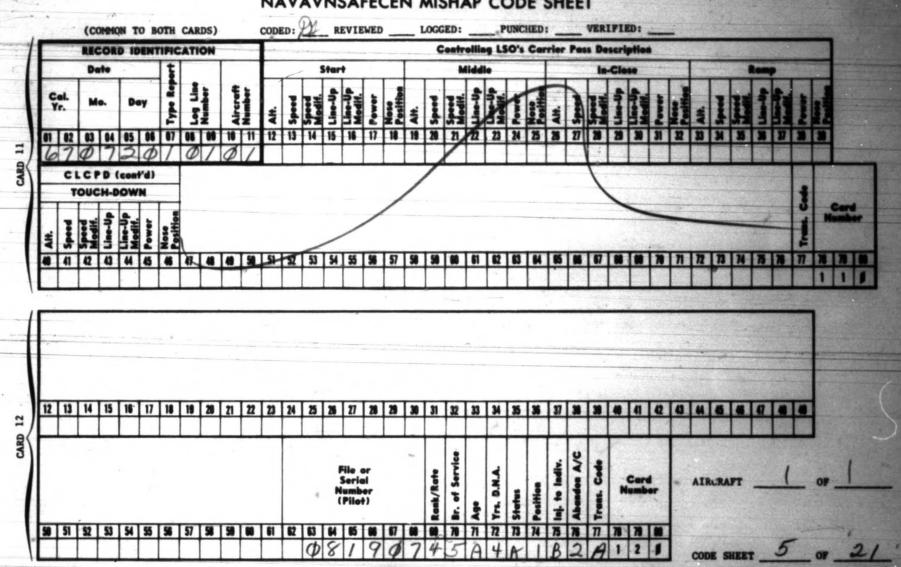
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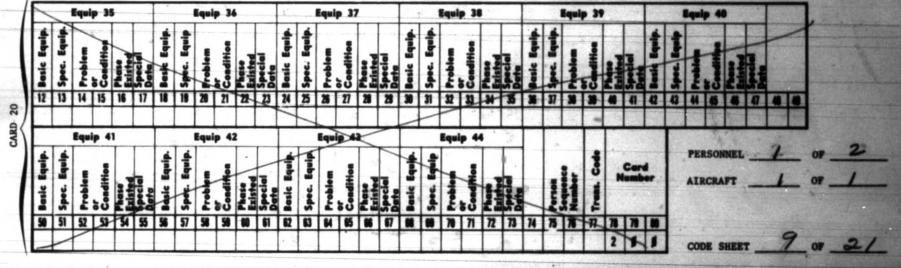
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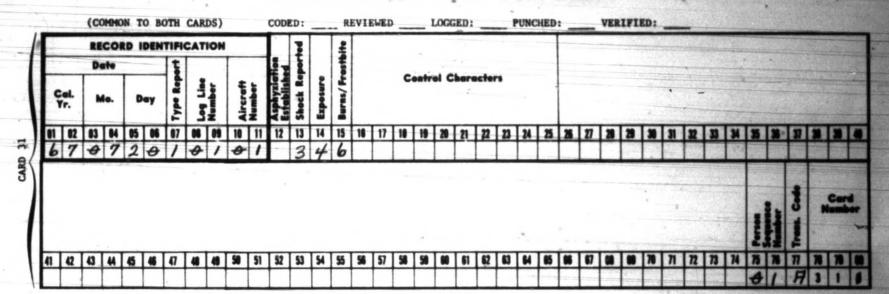
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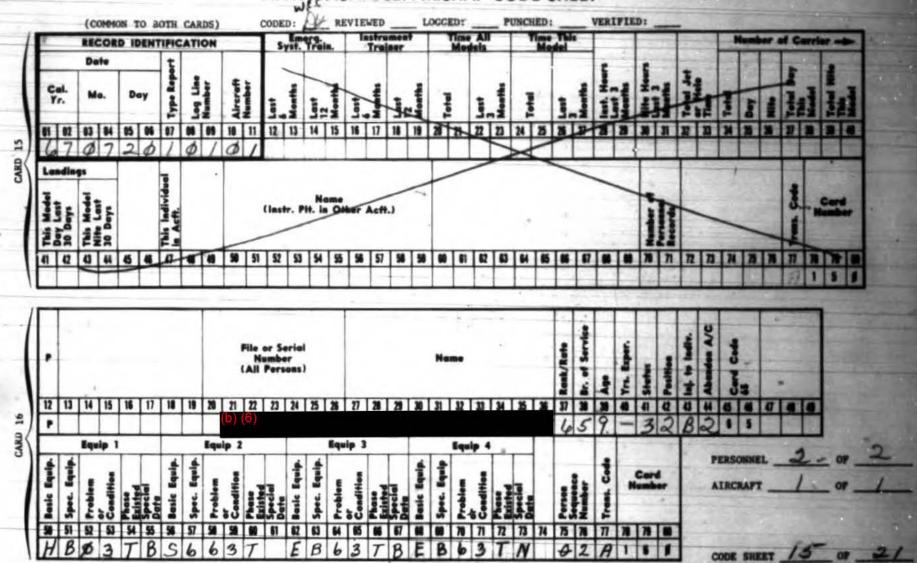
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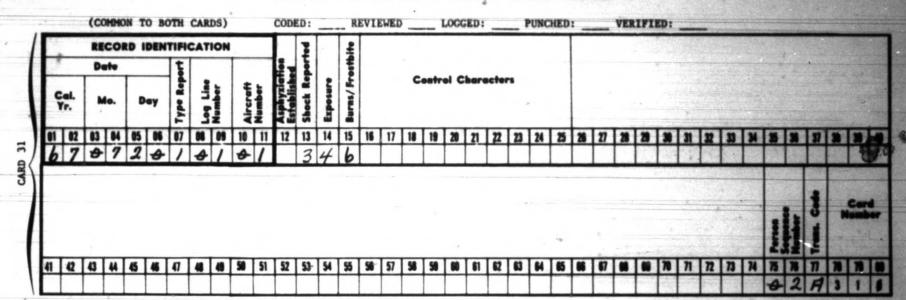
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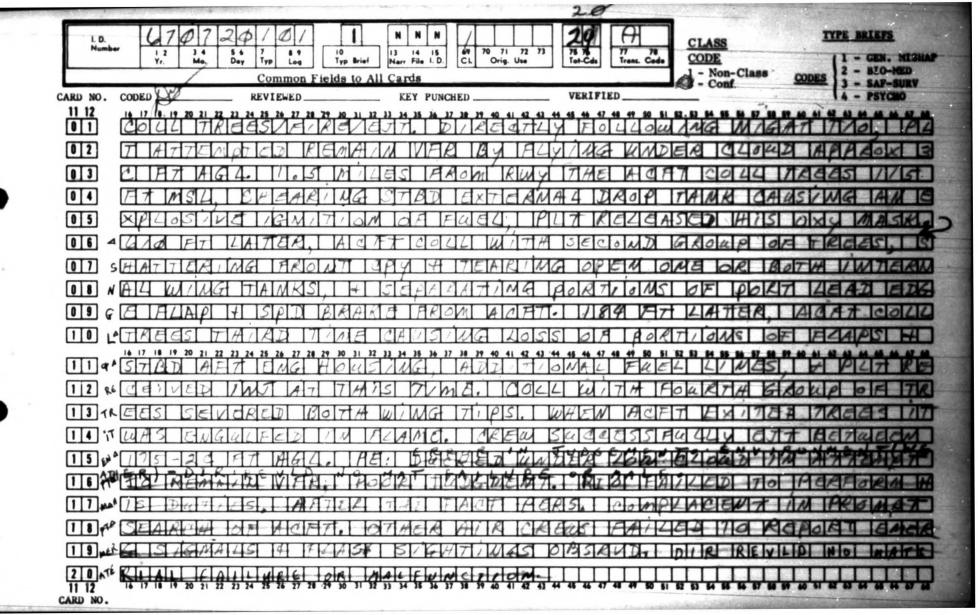
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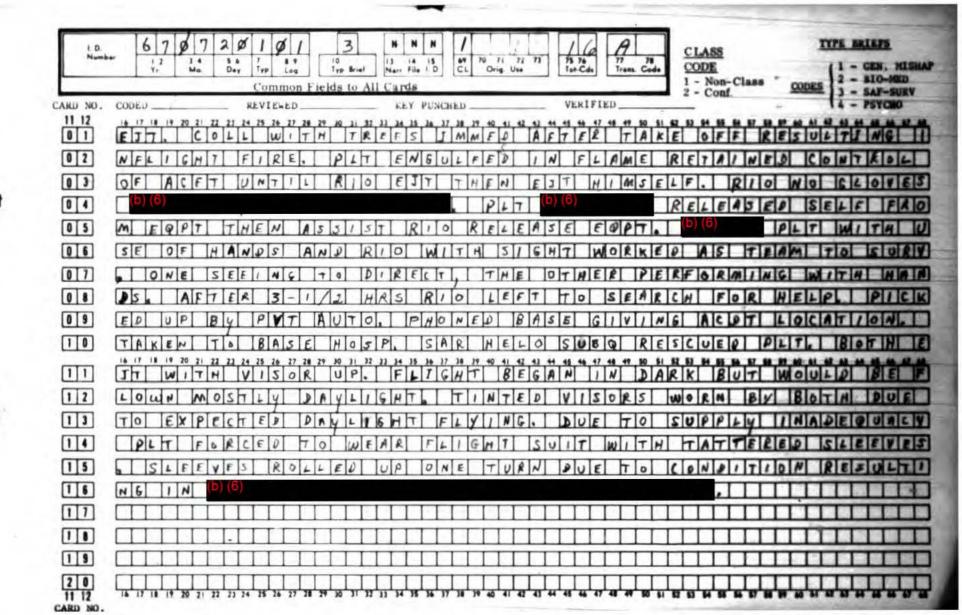
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TRANSACTION CODES

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M-Modifying contents of any Master Record field. Use "##" in Person Seq No. field, if field to be modified is in the Gen Data Sect of the Master Record. Otherwise use Person Seq. No. for the individual for which the change is to be made. These changes must be in Person Seq No. order.

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- NOTE: (1) For deletions of codes in a given field, leave the "DATA TO BE INSERTED" field blank and use "TRANS CODE" M in cc 77.
  - (2) Only corrections applying to personnel in one TAPE RECORD DIV may be shown on a single CHANGE REQUEST form.

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2 7/16/68

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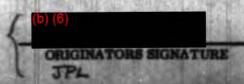
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See reverse side

Transaction Code

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### NAVAL AVIATION SAFETY CENTE NAVAL AIR STATION NORPOLK, VIRGINIA 23511

131/ras Ser 234 5 March 1963

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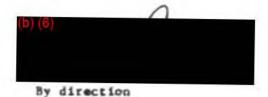
Commander, Naval Aviation Safety Center

To: Commanding Officer, Marine Composite Reconnaissance Squadron TWO

Subj: VMCJ-2 AAR ser 1-68A concerning RF-4B BuNo 153113 accident

occurring 20 July 1967, pilot (b) (6)

- The subject report and all endorsements thereon have been reviewed. Commander, Naval Aviation Safety Center concurs with the comments and recommendations of the Aircraft Accident Board as modified by subsequent endorsers with the following remarks:
- a. The question has been raised as to the requirement for two pilots for UH-2B IFR operations and its pertinence to this accident. The necessity for two pilots in the H-Z aircraft remains a valid requirement when helicopter IFR conditions are to be expected. Situations may arise in which IFR flight is required enroute to a VFR rescue underneath. It remains the prerogative of the air station, facility, or ship as to the degree of SAR services made available to local commands based on pilot and aircraft assets.
- b. The RSO might have prevented this accident by more carefully monitoring the night takeoff and climb progress. His actions cannot be considered a direct cause factor as crew duties are not specific in this VFR situation. The remarks of the second endorser are generally concurred with in this regard.
- c. The pilots and crew involved in the pickup of this downed pilot are to be commended for a professional rescue performed under highly adverse conditions. The Aircraft Accident Board should also be commended for a thorough and detailed investigation of this mishap.
- 2. The cause of this accident has been recorded at the NAVAVNSAFECEN indicating PILOT (error in judgment) as the primary factor and WEATHER as an environmental factor.



Copy to: CMC (CODE AAP) NAVAIRSYSCOMHQ (AIR 404) (2) COMNAVAIRLANT **CGFMFLANT** 

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#### NAVAL AVIATION SAFETY CENTER NAVAL AIR STATION NORFOLK, VIRGINIA 23511

Code 63/we 23 August 1967

SPECIAL HANDLING REQUIRED IN ACCORDANCE WITH OPNAVINST 3750.6F FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

#### **NAVAVNSAFECEN INVESTIGATION 5-68**

#### 1. INTRODUCTION

- b. Synopsis of Flight. At 0454(Q) on 20 July 1967, BUNO 153113 departed MCAS Cherry Point, North Carolina on a scheduled bogey track for an anti-war exercise. The night flight was properly briefed and filed on a local instrument clearance. Prior to departure, the tower notified CAPT (b) that the field was VFR and CAPT (b) changed his flight to VFR but requested to keep his 0655(Q) approach time for IFR recovery. The weather at the time was 300 feet scattered, visibility four miles with scattered patches of ground fog. The scattered layer was 200 to 400 feet. The pilot's statement indicated that "he ducked under a cloud" to remain VFR, after completing a normal afterburner takeoff. The pilot saw a master caution light in the cockpit when he was further distracted by a mass of cockpit fire. A jar was felt followed by the sound of an explosion. Ejection by both crewmembers was initiated almost simultaneously.

### 2. INVESTIGATION AND ANALYSIS

### a. History

(1) Pilot. CAPT is 29 years of age and was designated a Naval Aviator on 25 October 1963. He has logged 1550 total flight hours, of

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Enclosure (1)

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#### NAVAVNSAFECEN INVESTIGATION 5-68

which 1483 hours are in jet aircraft. He has accumulated 400 hours in the F-4 aircraft, of which 98 hours were flown in the past three months. He is considered to be an excellent pilot, an aggressive Aviation Safety Officer and a staunch advocate of rigid adherence to regulations.

- (2) RSO. 2ND LT (b) (6) is 28 years of age and was designated a Naval Flight Officer (NFO) on 27 May 1966. He has logged 92 total flight hours, including 11.4 hours in the F-4 aircraft. This was his first night flight in the F-4.
- (3) Aircraft. BUNO 153113 was accepted on 27 December 1966 and had been flown for 266 hours. A first calendar even inspection was performed on 3 June 1967 and 71 hours were subsequently flown.

### (4) Engines.

	NUMBER 1	NUMBER 2
MODEL	J79-GE-8B	J79-GE-8B
SERIAL	421070	421330
DATE ACCEPTED	15 Feb 1963	6 Sep 1963
HRS SINCE ACCEPT.	1355	1046
NUMBER OVERHAULS	2	1
DATE LAST OVERHAUL	6 Jun 1966	27 May 1966
HRS SINCE OVERHAUL	272	272
DATE MAJOR INSP.	5 May 1967	5 May 1967
HRS SINCE INSP.	71	71

### b. Field Investigation

 Witness statements indicate the aircraft entered low clouds after takeoff.

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#### NAVAVNSAFECEN INVESTIGATION 5-68

- (2) About 1-1/2 miles from takeoff, the aircraft struck the tops of the first of four groups of trees. Six hundred feet further, the second group of trees were contacted and 225 feet further, the third group. From this point, the aircraft flew over a creek and cleared all trees (average tree height 110 feet MSL) for 3000 feet, descending again through more trees at a 30 degree angle, impacting the ground nose high and right wing down. Ejection was accomplished immediately following the third tree strike.
- (3) The following items were located in the immediate vicinity of the first tree strike:
  - (a) Pieces of unburned drop tank.
- (b) Piece of plastic slide track from the pilot's helmet which was unburned.
  - (c) Pieces of unburned canopy plexiglass.
- (4) From the point of initial tree strike to the aircraft's final resting place, scattered aircraft parts were found indicating extensive in-flight fire both within and outside the cockpit. The cockpit areas indicated a fire and heat level of less intensity than the outward adjacent areas.
- (5) The pilot's helmet was blackened by smoke and his oxygen mask had been burned from the inside. Recovered canopy plexiglass along the flight path evidenced more external than internal heat damage.
- (6) Prior to its flight over the creek, the aircraft lost both external tanks, fuel cells were ripped open, and large sections of wing and stabilator were torn off while the aircraft burned profusely.
- (7) Inspection of yellow sheets directed special attention to pressure altimeter systems. The front cockpit altimeter had been replaced on 12 July when it was reported "sticky." It was griped again on the following day and a switch was made with the rear cockpit altimeter. Avionics did not perform the functional tests required but there were no gripes for the remaining seven flights. The DIR did not reveal any malfunction of the suspect altimeters.
  - (8) The oxygen system was thoroughly examined with no apparent

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#### NAVAVNSAFECEN INVESTIGATION 5-68

discrepancy. The internal and external burning of the mask was attributed to the ignition of the oxygen after the pilot tore his mask free and after the inflight fire entered the cockpit area.

- (9) The pilot sustained an eye injury prior to ejection. He states that he held his eye open with his fingers in order to find the face curtain. He could not recall if he saw the initial mass of fire with one or both eyes.
- (10) The pilot recalls two jolts prior to ejection when in fact, three tree strikes were encountered prior to ejection. It is therefore most probable that the first tree strike was not easily recognized due to either the distraction resulting from the illumination of the master caution light, de-selection of afterburner or both simultaneously.
- (11) On the previous flight a yellow sheet gripe was noted:
  "Auxiliary air door light illuminated." The door was ground checked and no discrepancy found. It is considered highly probable that the light illuminated again momentarily during the gear up process during this flight.
- (12) The first interview with the pilot revealed that he reached 700 feet altitude prior to ducking under the cloud. He later revised this altitude estimate to 500 feet and on final interview stated that he never saw more than 300 feet on his altimeter. The pilot also stated that he felt a rush of air in the cockpit as he first saw the flame.
- (13) Of particular significance is the evidence at the initial aircraft tree strike i.e., the piece of plastic slide track from his helmet and the bits of canopy plexiglass. It is considered most likely that this is where the pilot sustained his eye injury caused by canopy breakup due to tree contact.
- (14) It must be noted that over four hours had elapsed from the time of the accident to rescue of the crew. The pilot had activated the "beeper" which was picked up by other aircraft and reported to the tower. It was discounted as an inadvertent activation and "no aircraft were missing or overdue."
- (15) Several ground witnesses observed two to three flashes of orange light at approximately 0500(Q) and reported these to the tower.

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#### NAVAVNSAFECEN INVESTIGATION 5-68

Again, since no aircraft were missing or overdue, the flashes were evaluated as afterburner lights in the night fog.

3. CONCLUSIONS. The most probable cause of this accident is pilot error in judgment. Directly following a night takeoff, he attempted to remain VFR by flying under a cloud, resulting in collision with the trees.

#### 4. ACTION COMPLETED

- a. VMCJ-2 is re-emphasizing to all pilots the hazards associated with VFR night/low visibility departures and letdowns and encouraging the utilization of IFR procedures when practicable.
- b. All VMCJ-2 arrivals and departures are being monitored by Cherry Point RATTC personnel (VFR and IFR).
- c. Continuous reminders of the importance of flight equipment and its proper utilization are being re-emphasized within the squadron.
- 5. RECOMMENDATIONS. None.

Distribution: List "A" CNO (Op-05F)

# DEPARTMEN AL COMMENTS FOR "CLOSE OUT" LETTER ON CRIGINAL REVIEW

NO" .: 1. Negative report is required.

- 2. Positive comments will be in a format suitable for inclusion in the "close out" letter.
- 3. Attach additional sheets if more space is required.

M&M DEPT: Nocomments

INITIAL/CCDE

AERO-MED DEPT: Mo Comment 37/8

INITIAL/CODE

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY 101/wn

DATE: 28 February 1968

FROM : 10

то : 02

SUBJECT: VMCJ-2 AAR ser 1-68A concerning RF-4B BuNo 153113 accident occurring

20 July 1967, pilot (b) (6)

 We concur with the Aircraft Accident Board and subsequent endorsers. However, in view of the remarks contained in paragraphs 2a, b, and c, close-out letter recommended for 02 signature.

Very respectfully,



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All first and second stage compressor rotor blades sheared off just above the blade platforms. Blades of other stages rubbed, ripped, torn, and bent opposite direction of engine rotation.

Compressor stator vanes, stages one and two, were ripped from housing and forced into rotor blades. Remaining wanes rubbed, ripped, torn, and bent.

A considerable amount of wood sawdust was packed in around domes of the combustion inner liners.

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ENGINEERING & QUALITY OFFICER

Shop 500 Shop 433 AFPRO Gen Elec Evendale General Elec, Rep. (2) McDonnell Corp. VMCJ-2

NAVIONOMITACQUONSES DIR 286 Ser No. 421330 J79-GE-8B

Compressor rotor blades, stages 3-17, were rubbed, ripped, and torn and bent opposite to direction of engine retation.

Stage one and two compressor stator vanes were ripped from housing and forced into rotor blades. Remaining vanes rubbed, ripped, torn, and bent.

A considerable amount of wood and wood sawdust was packed in the compressor section and around domes of the combustion inner liners.

Turbine rotor evidenced minor blade tip rubs and metallization.

Complete disassembly of engine revealed no evidence of oil starvation, bearing failure, engine or engine component malfunction or failure.

### 27. CONCLUSIONS

No evidence of engine or engine component failure or malfunction was found,

Engine speed at time of impact considered to be at or near military rpm.

It is believed that foreign object damage to engine occurred at time of impact and was due to ingestion of tree limbs.

Could not be determined if compressor stall goourred prior to impact.

# 28. RECOMENDATIONS

None

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MARAIRGRU ONE FOUR

#### 26. DESCRIPTION OF FINDINGS:

- 26.1 Due to condition of instrument, complete test could not be performed.
- 26.1.1 The motor control, P/N 10M10-656386, was tested and found to be normal.
- 76.2 External inspection revealed the barometric pressure was set at 30.07 inches of mercury.
  - 26.2.1 The glass assembly, P/N 3-02401-2170, was missing.
  - 26.2.2 The pointer, P/N 4-00301-2001, was missing.
  - 26.2.3 The mounting flange, P/N 2-00301-0070, was partially missing.
- 26.2.4 Two each lamps, P/N MS24367-715, were missing and two each were intact and were operable.
  - 26.2.5 The dial, P/N 4-00301-5001, was dented and distorted.
- 26.2.6 The 10,000 foot drum assembly, P/N 4-00301-2201, exhibited zero reading and was badly dented on the zero reading. The 1,000 foot drum, P/N 4-00301-2101, was not damaged and exhibited zero reading.
- 26.2.7 The knob gearshaft, P/N 2-00301-0620, was broken and the knob was missing.
- 26.3 Disassembly and inspection revealed the shaft and sector, index 26, figure 3, of NAVAIR 05-30-75 (no P/N), had broken pivot shaft and was displaced.
  - 26.4 The handstaff assembly, P/N 3-00301-2160, was not seized.
  - 26.5 The diaphragm assemblies, P/N 3-00030-2210, were operable.
- 26.6 The barometic pressure counter spur gear stud, P/N 2-00301-0260, was bent thus seizing the gear.
  - 26.7 All other parts were in normal condition.

#### 27. CONCLUSIONS:

27.1 That all damage was due to impact and the unit was operable prior to impact. 27.2 Since the pointer handstaff, P/N 3-00301-2160, was not seized at impact, the position of the 100 foot pointer could not be determined.

28. RECOMMENDATIONS: None.



MCAS CHERRY POINT		941	8/8/67	67 Oxygen Hask P/N			01-5		
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FIFTH ENDORSEMENT on VMCJ-2 serial 1-68A, concerning RF-4B, BuNo 153113, accident occuring 20 July 1967, pilot (b) (6)

From: Commanding General, Fleet Marine Force, Atlantic

To: Commander, U.S. Naval Aviation Safety Center

Subj: VMCJ-2 AAR 1-68A; forwarding of

- Forwarded concurring with the findings, conclusions and recommendations
  of the board as modified by subsequent endorsements.
- 2. As evidenced by this report the dangers inherent in limited visibility operations (particularily during darkness) cannot be over emphasized. This report also illustrates pictorially (see Encl 7 picture #1 to Medical Officer's Report) why proper flight clothing and equipment must be worn at all times.

B. B. MITCHELL
Chief of Staff

Copy to:
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NAVAIRSYSCOM
COMNAVAIRLANT
CG, 2D MAW FMFLANT
NAVPLANT REP ST LOUIS
CO, MAG-I4
CO, VMCJ-2

SPECIAL HANDLING REQUIRED IN ACCORDANCE WITH OPNAVINST 3750. 6 SERIES

# ORIGINAL

FOURTH ENDORSEMENT on VMCJ-2 serial 1-68A, concerning RF-4B, BuNo 153113, accident occurring 20 July 1967, Pilot (b) (6)

From: Commanding General, 2d Marine Aircraft Wing To: Commander, U. S. Naval Aviation Safety Center Via: Commanding General, Fleet Marine Force, Atlantic

Subj: VMCJ-2 AAR 1-68A; forwarding of

- 1. Forwarded concurring with the findings, comments, and recommendations of the board as modified by subsequent endorsements, subject to the following.
- 2. The primary cause of this accident re-emphasizes the inexorable consequences of human error in the aviation business. Although the pilot in this case had a well founded reputation for sound judgment and professional performance, he appears to have erred twice in this instance:
- a. Changing his climb-out from IFR to VFR, in the interest of getting the job done on time, was the first fallacy.
- b. Misevaluation of the visible path, immediately after take off, was the second.
- 3. It should be emphasized that there was no delay in SAR helicopter response to this accident. The delay insinuated by NATOPS regulations, which requires two pilots for IFR flight, was not a factor in this instance. On the contrary, the helicopter rescue of Captain (b) (6) is to be commended. It should be noted that the helicopter used was an H-2 vice the H-34 referred to in the hedical Officers Report.
- 4. It is recommended that all available Safety publications utilise this graphic illustration to re-emphasize the preeminence of terrain clearance under conditions of restricted visibility.

H. M. ELWOOD

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CMC (Code AAP)
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CG PMFLANT
NAVPIANT REP ST LOUIS
CO MAG-14
CO VMCJ-2
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**ORIGINAL** 

# ORIGINAL

106:JW:eb 3750 1 SEP 1967

THIRD ENDORSEMENT on VMCJ-2, serial 1-68A, concerning RF-4B, BuNo 153113, accident occurring 20 July 1967, pilot (b)

From: Commanding General, MCAS, Cherry Point, N. C.

To: Commander, Naval Aviation Safety Center

Via: (1) Commanding General, 2d Marine Aircraft Wing

(2) Commanding General, Fleet Marine Force, Atlantic

Subj: VMCJ-2 AAR 1-68A, forwarding of

- Forwarded, concurring in the findings, conclusions, and recommendations
  of the accident board and in the comments contained in subsequent endorsements, subject to the following comments.
- a. It has been reiterated to all MCAS personnel responsible for control of aircraft that the MCAS Operations Duty Officer must thoroughly investigate any and all reports indicative of a possible aircraft accident and positively determine if an accident has or has not occurred.
- b. Paragraph 1.b. of the second endorsement indicates there was some delay caused in aircrew recovery by lack of a second SAR pilot on duty and recommends that two pilots be on duty during IFR conditions. Do not concur that two pilots should be on duty during IFR conditions. If the ceiling and visibility is so low that the flight must be conducted in IFR conditions then a search should not be attempted by the SAR helicopter.

ME Garl

Copy to:

NAVAVNSAFECEN (2) CMC (Code AAP) (2) COMNAVAIRLANT (2) NAVAIRSYSCOM (1) COM NATC (1) CG FMFIANT (1) CG 2dMAW (1) CO MAG 14 (1) CO VMCJ-2 (1) NAVPLANTREPO MC DONNELL ACFT CO, ST LOUIS, MO. (1) CO NAVAERRECFAC EL CENTRO (1)

SPECIAL HANDLING REQUIRED IN ACCORDANCE WITH OPNAVINST 3750.6 SERIES

42:RLJ:1fs 3750 23 AUG 1967

SECOND E. DUSENERT on VICI-2, serial 1-684, concerning RF-4B, Dullo 153113, accident occurring 20 July 1967, pilot (b) (6)

Pros: Corending Officer, Enrine Aircraft Orou, 14

Via:

Consender, Maral Aviation Safety Center
(1) Consending Coneral, MCAS Cherry Point

(2) Commanding General, 21 Marine Aircraft Wing

(3) Con anding General, Floot larine Porce, Atlantic

Subj: ViCJ-2 AAL 1-68A, formirling of

- 1. Readdressed and forwarded, concurring in the findings, conclusions, and recommendations of the accident board and in the consents contained in the first endorsement, subject to the following consents.
- a. The primary cause of this accident appears to be aircrew error and not simplicitly pilot error in judgment. The duties of the illot/RSC team are necessarily into rated, each must support and contribute to the perforance of the other. The Narios Manual specifically spells out that the RSC, during IFR departures, will conitor departure procedures and will inform the pilot of any deviation from the prescribed flight path. Hight take offs are IFM by nature. Com on sense tells us that he should do this on all take-offs whether day, night, VFM, or IFM. The RSC's failure to do so on this flight is a definite causative factor in this accident since a warning from him would almost certainly have reversed the pilot's dam grously low descent prior to impact. Recommended changes to the RATGE Namual relative to the monitoring duties of the RSC are being submitted by this Group.

b. SAR performed its role adequately in aircrew recovery. (Reference Enclosures 39 and 40 of the A/R).

2. This aircraft Group now requires that all flights depart and return under radar control or surveillance. This will not prevent the occurrence of another accident similar to this one but it should provide adequate ground control and assistance to the flight while operating in the early and terminal phases of flight. This would still leave the major portion

of the flight unconitored. This Group is investigating with 1400-2, 1CAS, Cherry oint 1477C, and FAA various reams of extending the radar conitoring to eliminate or reduce to a similar the crieds of the which flights will not be receiving direct ground assistance while operating on local flight clearances.

E H Finlayson

Cc.y to:

M.V. VI S. T. CT. (2) Ci C (Code ...) (2) CONNICE HAT (2) MAY JES SCUT (1) (1) CUL MATC CC F FLANT (1) CG 2d 1201 (1) CG 1:CAS Cherry . oint (1) (1) CC V. CJ-2 MAY. LINKII O McDonnell Acft Co, St Louis, ic. (1) CC .AVA MUDOF.C, El Centro (1) File

BBS /par 5220 16 Aug 67

# FIRST ENDORSEMENT on AAR, VMCJ-2 Serial 1-68A of 20 July 1967

Prom: Commanding Officer, Marine Composite Reconnaissance Squadron 2

To: Commander, Navel Aviation Safety Center

Via: (1) Commanding Officer, Marine Aircraft Group 14

(2) Commanding General, 2d Marine Aircraft Wing (3) Commanding General, MCAS, Cherry Point, N. C. (4) Commanding General, Fleet Marine Force, Atlantic

(5) Commander, Naval Air Forces, Atlantic Fleet

Subj: AAR., VMCJ-2 Serial 1-68A of 20 July 1967, RF-4B, BUNO 153113, Pilot (5) (6)

- 1. Forwarded concurring with the report of the aircraft Board subject to the following comments.
- a. Captain (b) (c) reputation as a pilot is one of excellence. He is aggressive and his average monthly flight time (33 hours) since joining VMCJ-2 is indicative of his desire for flying. As is noted in the report Captain (b) (c) has accumulated a total of 1548.6 hours flight time (1483.3 jet hours with no previous accidents. He is investigative and precise by nature and thus has acquired an exceptional knowledge of the RF-4B. This same trait carries over to other facets of flying and as a routine he has devoted numerous off-duty hours studying various aspects of flying. Captain (b) (d) is a staunch advocate of rigid adherence to not only NATOPS but all flight regulations. This rigid adherence to regulations no doubt played some part in his decision to duck under the clouds following take-off.
- b. The hazards of VFR night/low visibility departures and letdowns as mentioned in part X are recognized. I strongly concur that pilots should utilize IFR procedures whenever practicable under these conditions. This avoids the danger of attempting to remain VFR when IFR conditions are encountered in flight and may prevent a reoccurrence of this type accident in the future. Accordingly, this organization has implemented procedures where by all flights will utilize RATEC monitored departures and letdowns. In additions continuous program of reminding aircrews of the hazards associated with contact flying under marginal VFR conditions has been re-emphasized through the squadron's training and safety programs.
- c. Part I of the report recommends that specific instrument monitoring duties for crew members in dual seated aircraft be set forth in NATOPS.
  Although certain IFR duties of the crew member are set forth in NATOPS, it
  is believed that these duties should be carried out during both IFR and VFR
  conditions (particularly at night) and that specific mandatory reports be
  made as appropriate by the crew member at specified limiting deviations
  from normal in respect to altitude, airspeed and angle of bank during
  transitory phases of flight. This squadron is in the process of drafting
  specific recommended changes for NATOPS relative to manitoring duties of
  the crew member.

Subj: AAR., VMCJ-2 Serial 1-68A of 20 July 1967, RP-4B, BUBO 153113, Pilot MANZ

- d. Paragraph 3. of part X of the basic report deals with the importance of complete follow-up on distress signals or information concerning them. Factors relative to the rescue phase have been reviewed and the following comments are considered pertinent:
- (1) A review of the orders for the VMCJ-2 Operations Duty Officer has been accomplished and found to be sound but requirements for further delineation in some areas was indicated, a revision is currently under way. Further, it is felt by the undersigned that Captain (b) (6) was not remiss in his duties as Operations Duty Officer. It is recognized however that more aggressiviness on his part might have enhanced the rescue.
- (2) I am in complete agreement with the board's analysis of the laxity of those who elected not to report emergency signals or flashes and for the lack of some follow-up action. It is paramount that the personnel in the three vital links of the aircraft control system (aircrews, tower and RATEC) be continually reminded of the importance of follow-up action on all distress signals. It is strongly felt that positive action must be initiated, upon reports of anything that indicates a possible accident, to confirm the facts, Additionally, it is recommended that procedures be adopted that will ensure positive aircraft control until departing tower/RATEC frequencies for RIO with other control agencies.
- 2. It is noteworthy to point out that in examining the statements of Captain (b) (6) and Lieutenant (c) (6) it is readily apparent that both were well indoctrinated in the various aspects of survival. They utilized all of their survivial equipment to gain maximum results including utilization of the parachute todotar shock of the pilot. It is unfortunate that Lieutenant (b) (6) elected to disregard that portion of his training that sets forth the need for flight gloves. Had he been wearing his gloves he would have sustained only minor injuries. In this respect, a program of continuous reminders of the importance of flight equipment has been re-emphasized within in this organization.
- 3. A safety survey was conducted 18 December 1966. Another survey was being conducted by Captain (b) at the time of the accident.

Copy to:

NAVAVNSAFCRN (2)

CO MAG-LA (1)

CG PAGAS CHERPT (1)

CG PMFLANT (1)

CNAL (1)

RL CENTRO

SPECIAL HANDLING REQUIRED & a OFFICE TEMPORT SPEC-1 Page 66, OF A 12 INSTRUCTION STSO6, of OPNAV FORM 3750-1A (Rev. 3-63) Page 1 PART I GENERAL # 2 DTG GLOCAL) OF HISHMY & 4 MODEL ARCHAFT 1. ARCRAFT ACCIDENT BOARD AFFORNTED BY # 2 SEPAL NO # 5 BUREAU NUMBER 2004559 Commanding Officer, VMCJ-2 1-68A RF-4B 153113 9. LOCATION OF M TO: Commander Navel Aviation Safety Center 322 Rad. 4.5MM NKT TACAN ALFA . # 1) TIME OF DAY # 12 TIME IN PLICAT 13. PLASHT CODE YIA NIGHT 00+01 395 MAG-14 CO 14 CLEMED 2ND MAW MCAS CHERRY PT. TO BENNET FIX, NET GG MCAS, CherPt. N.C. 15. TYPE GLEARANCE W 16 MRSPEED 17 A/C WEIGHT CC FMFLANT COMMANATRIANT 48,637/33.5M.A 360KTS. E VFR/IFR MET DESCRIPTION OF MIGHWA VER # 19 ELEVATION AT THAT OF TERROR 81 115 A/C collided with trees while attempting to remain 20 LIST MODEL BURIO REPORTING CUSTOOMS AND DAMAGE CLASSIFICATION OF ANY OTHER AIC BRIGLIED SCHOOL OFFICE AND AIC OFFICE AND AI # 1 FACTOR FACTOR FACTOR 7 PILOT EPROR IN TECHNIQUE/JUDGMENT WEATHER SERVICING PERSONNEL FACTORS PALITY DEMATION FROM MATCH'S PROCEDURES LANDING SIGNAL OFFICER DESIGN AIRCRAFT 11 OTHER PERSONNEL (Specify) PILOT INCORRECT OPERATION OF A/C SYSTEM DESIGN CREW EQUIPMENT CONTRIBUTING 4. PILOT OTHER (Spenify) 20 DESIGN OTHER (Spenify) ADMINISTRATIVE CHEN FACILITIES-HUMBAY, OVERBUTH TANDBURY. ROLLING/PYTCHING DECK HOUGH SEAS FLIGHT DECK FACILITIES HAV AFOR LANDING AFOR MAINTENANCE PERSONNEL MATERIAL FAILURE/MALPUNCTION SECTION Chip or field MAINTENANCE SUPERMISORY MERSONNEL UNCETERMINED B. BUPERVISORY OTHER (Specify) 16. FACILITIES OTHER (Specify) DA. OTHER (Specify) 1 MARK CLASS, Street, & statute trading 14 100 4 550 A STATE PLOT (at controls at time of mic FRONT В CAPT. 29 h PILOT USNC NA CKPIF CO-PILOT SECRET & material and D D ITEM ! ITEM ALL 28 1548.6 CV LANDONIS DAY ANDRO ٥ ٥ 12. ALL MODELS OF LAST 12 MONTHS ō Ō MI FOLP LANDINGS LIST 6 HONTHS DAY/MONT 431.6 ō 0 m HOLE NCE 22.9 17.6 ML ALL MODELS IN LIST 3 MONTHS HEST HOURS LAST 3 149.5 MONTHS ACTUAL/EDILLATED 14.5 10.3 46 399.7 ALL. WIT RESIDENCE AND MODES IN LAST I NORTHS OFT, CPT A/C 355.0 1483.3 UST 12 NO OFT/CPT 15 JULY 67 IT PRIOR FLIGHT ALL SERVES BEARDARD APRIL CAME IN A.

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#### PART V - THE ACCIDENT

At 0454, 20 July 1967, aircraft RF-4B, Bu No 153113 departed MCAS, Cherry Point, N.C. on a scheduled bogey track for a Second Marine Aircraft Wing anti-air warfare exercise with Captain (b) (6)

USMC as pilot and Second Lieutenant (b) (6)

as Reconnaissance Systems Operator. Captain (b) (6) was launching as a single aircraft following the in-chocks abort of his flight leader in an EA-6A aircraft.

The flight was filed on a local instrument clearance but was modified to a VFR departure/IFR recovery by the pilot upon notification of VFR conditions by Cherry Point departure control The weather at the time was 300 scattered, visibility 4 miles with ground fog. The scattered layer was variable 200 to 400 feet. The pilot noted no discrepancies during run-up and read the takeoff check list to the RSO on "hot mike". An afterburner takeoff and initial climb appeared normal to the pilot and all observers. Credible witness statements indicate the aircraft entered low clouds shortly after takeoff The pilots' statement indicated he "ducked" under a low cloud to remain VFR. A survey of the area about 12 miles from takeoff showed that: the aircraft had clipped a total of 21 trees in four separate groups The average clipped height of the first group was 115 feet MSL. Six-hundred and ten feet further along the flight path the aircraft encountered the second group of trees with an average clipped height of 85 feet MSL. The average clipped height of the third group of trees struck in this area had an average height of 82 feet MSL and were 223 feet further along the flight path. These figures indicate a descent angle of 2 degrees between the first and second group of trees, while the path through the remaining trees is nearly horizontal. When these trees were exited at the edge of a creek, aircraft damage was extensive enough to render further flight impossible. Both external tanks had been ripped from the aircraft, pilots' canopy broken (canopy plexiglass and a portion of the pilots' helmet recovered here), fuel cells were ripped open, large sections of both outer wing panels and stabilator were torn off, and the aircraft was burning profusely. However, enough airspeed and airfoil remained at this time for the aircraft to continue clear of all trees for 3000 more feet before again descending through trees at an angle of 30 degrees to it's final resting place. The attitude upon impact with the ground was nose high with right wing down. Pilot and RSO successfully ejected almost simultaneously just prior to impact. They landed in the trees 40 yards apart, however most of this separation was lateral rather than along the line of flight. Pilot and RSO remained at the position at which the pilot had landed for the remainder of the night. When light permitted the RSO, who was relatively uninjured except for (b)(c), went in search of help. He successfully contacted a member of the 2nd MAW Survival School who drove him first to a phone and then to Cherry Point. Acting on the information supplied by the RSO the SAR Helicopter launched at 0900, successfully located the pilot, and returned to MCAS, Cherry Point at 1005.

#### PART VI - DAMAGE TO AIRCRAFT

The forward fuselage (pilot and RSO cockpit area) was burned and completely destroyed. The center fuselage area was destroyed so completely that it was not intact with either forward or aft sections. The aft portion of the fuselage was burned externally but not sufficient as to cause total destruction to all trim, stabilator and rudder actuator cylinders. The wings, both right and left were separated from the main fuselage at the wing roots. The two J-79 engines were close to the aft section of the fuselage and were completely destroyed. One afterburner section was near the port engine, and the starboard afterburner section was separated from the engine and thrown clear of the final impact area. The aircraft sustained strike damage with limited salvage. (For details see PART VII. For historical background see enclosure (2)).

#### PART VII - THE INVESTIGATION

The AAR Board appointed by the Commanding Officer of VMCJ-2, the reporting custodian for the aircraft involved, convened at approximately 0840, 20 July 1967, when an HF-4B, CY-10, Bureau Number 153113 filed as Wineleaf 9-2 was overdue for his approach time. At this time it was pointed out to the board members that 9-2 had an expected approach time of 0655 and that SAR procedures had been effected at about 08100 by TACC. At 0855 the board was notified through the VMCJ-2 duty officer that It. had called via telephone reporting the crash of CY-10 and that the pilot was badly burned and had a (b) (6) injury. It. (b) (6) lished the accident to be about three (3) miles after takeoff from runway 32. The AAR Board began preparations to depart for the scene of the accident when about 0920 It. (b) (6) arrived at VMCJ+2, having been driven in by Cpl. (b) (6) (Enclosure (3)). It. (b) (6) stated that he and Captain (b) (6) had crashed and that Captain (b) (6) was badly burned. The accident occured about three (3) miles after takeoff. It. (5) (6) dispatched to the base hospital with Captain(b)(6) a squadron pilot. About this same time Cherry Point tower notified the squadron that the SAR helicopter had located the crash site and had rescued Captain (b) (6)

The senior member plus three members of the AAR Board departed for the scene of the accident at about 1050, 20 July 1967. The delay was necessary to permit helicopter servicing. The first items sighted by the board upon arrival at the scene (located 3.15 miles, 322 degrees magnetic from the takeoff end of runway 32, Cherry Point) was the pilot's survival gear (Enclosure (4)). His helmet was blackened by smoke and his oxygen mask had been burned from the inside, (Enclosure (5)). There were also some scorched areas on the pilots torso harness in the vicinity of the left shoulder (Enclosure (6)). On the parachute which was still hanging in a tree (Enclosure (7)), just adjacent to the pilot's gear, some scorching took place on the left riser may the "D" ring. The pilots seat, which was located 317 degrees magnetic, 15 yards from his survival gear, evidenced burning

on the top cover of the stabilizing chute housing. The front cockpit canopy framing which was laying 160 degrees magnetic, 25 yards from the pilots chute was badly charred externally (Enclosure (8)). The plexiglass which was 95% missing evidenced more external than internal heat damage.

The aircraft wreckage was located 330 degrees magnetic, 40 yards from the pilots chute (Enclosure (9)). It was identified by engine serial number (0421070 and 0421330) and was generally distributed about four (4) major locations within 90 feet and between 325 and 360 degrees magnetic from final impact point. Smaller debris was scattered throughout (Enclosure (10)). The angle of impact was determined to be 30 degrees (determined by measuring broken trees in relation to point of impact). The location of the various aircraft components indicated that the aircraft struck the ground nose high, right wing down. With the exception of the nose area, the parts and pieces indicated extensive aircraft fire in flight (Enclosures (11), (12), (13) and (14)). The cockpit areas however indicated that the fire and heat level had been lower internally than the areas outward and adjacent to them.

Three of the board members continued their inspections and measurements of the impact area while one member went via helicopter to inspect an area of impact which had been spetted by the SAR crow about noon. Two McDonnell representatives were requested from the squadron to assist the board in identification of parts. Later in the day the RSO's helmet, torso harness and parachute risors were located 205 degrees magnetic about 40 yards from the pilots chute. His seat was about 30 feet 350 degrees magnetic from his helmet and the rear cockpit was 160 degrees magnetic, 190 yards from the pilots chute (Enclosure (9)). The RSO's helmet, seat, torso harness and oxygen mask gave no indication of fire. The rear cockpit canopy was intact and badly blistered externally (Enclosure (15)).

The remainder of the board departed for the first impact area about 1800, 20 July 1967 via vehicle. It was located 320 degrees magnetic, 1.46 nautical miles off of the takeoff end of runway 32, Cherry Point (Enclosure (16)).

In this area aircraft debris was scattered over a distance of about 1000 feet and about 400 feet wide on a course of 321 degrees magnetic (Enclosure (17)). Commencing with the southern most point of contact (recognizable by broken trees) and progressing in the direction of flight, pieces of F-4 drop tank were found, none of which were burned. After progressing 300 feet a piece of the mid leading edge flap (Enclosure (18)) was found on the top of the bunker (Enclosure (17)). This was the first piece that showed signs of fire (lightly charred throughout). After 675 feet the first piece of plaxiglass was found. It was clear (no sign of burning). Aircraft debris became progressively more abundant and more charred. The last 100 feet of trees were burned at the top. Within the burned out area, was found both wing tips (22 feet of sturboard, 1 foot of port), the left horizontal stabilizer tip, pieces of radous, door 821, lower 2 port outer duct lip, six (6) pieces of under side internal wing fuel tank wall, 14 feet of fuel lines in various

lengths and numerous pieces of charred plexiglass. Pieces of aircraft were found embedded in trees in the area. Due to the height of the trees and the slope of the land in the area the board decided to procure the assistance of a qualified surveyor to ascertain angle of flight of the aircraft. This was accomplished by the CO of VMCJ-2 assigning It.

(b) (6) a graduate civil engineer to the AAR Board.

Security guards were posted on each crash site and the board returned to the squadron.

As the above portion of the investigation was taking place two members of the board set out to extract statements from witnesses. Captain (D)(6) was not accessible at this time due to a recuperation from surgery. It was however reported by the flight surgeon member of the board that Captain (b) (6) reportedly had seen a Master Caution Light followed directly by what he thought to be an oxygen fire. It. (b) (6) stated the takeoff appeared normal followed by Captain (b) calling IFR on the ICS, a huge flash of white light followed by yellow flames and a noise similiar to an explosion (Enclosure (19)). Captain [9](6] who was VMCJ-2's operations duty officer during the morning of 20 July 1967 stated he informed TACC, about 0510Q in response to their inquiry, and after checking with the line. that CY-10 (Event 9-2) was airborne or would be getting airborne. Then about 07150 approach control (RATCC) notified Captain (b) (6) that 9-2 had not made his expected approach time. Captain (b) (6) informed RATCC that he had no contact with 9-2 but suggested that 9-2 could have joined one of the refueling tankers provided for the AAWEX or landed at Beaufort, S.C. or My le Beach, AFB. 9-21s takeoff time was passed by RATOC as O454Q. At 0740Q Japtain (b) (6) (from TACC) in-quared into the whereabouts of 9-2. At 0820Q Captain (b) (6) informed Captain (b) (6) that 9-2 had not joined on a tanker or landed at Beaufort and that SAR was being notified (Enclosure (20)). Captain () (6) who had been scheduled to fly lead aircraft in Captain (b) (6) flight stated that he observed CY-10 make what appeared to be a normal takeoff at about Ohi5Q and enter a fog bank at the end of the takeoff end of runway 32 (Enclosure (21)). Captain (1)(6) who was standing duty as MAG-24 Hot Pad coordinator, stated that at about 04500 he observed two F4 aircraft make what appeared to be normal afterburger takenis and within seconds he observed an orange glow of 2-3 seconds duration in the vinity of the takenoff end of runway 32 (Enclosure (22)). Major () (6) sho acting as coordinator for the F-48 aircraft stated that upon over hearing the above sighting of Captain (b) (6) same to the Cherry Point operations and passed the same information to Major and ItCol(b) (6) at TACC at about 07000. He also indicated that Captain HEDY also had observed the flash (Enclosure (23)). Captain (5)(6) who was flying an F-4B on CAP on the 280 radial of Cherry Point at 40 nautical miles stated a sighting of three distinct flashes of orange light at about 05000 in vicinity of Cherry Point. The first and third flash were of greater intensity (Inclosure (2h)). ItCol (b) (6) and Major (b) (6) provided no significant inf ration (Enclosures (25) and (26)). It. (0) (6) who was Senior Air Controller for TACC during the AANEX stated that CY-10, event 9-2

had been shown on TACC's board as airborne but failed to report in, as a result of Sergeant (b) (6) conversation with VMCJ-2 at about 01500 during which he was told the aircraft was airborns. At about 07400, as a result of Captain (5)(6) call to VNCJ-2, TACC attempted to locate CY-10 (Event 9-2) through the various agencies and airfields at 0805Q. TACC requested SAR to sweep the airfield (Cherry Point) out to about five miles. At 08170 TACC was notified by Cherry Point tower their Norfolk SAR had been alerted (Enclosures (27) and (28)). Ceptain (5) (6) confirmed the information provided by It. (b) (6 (Enclosure (29)). Captain (b) (6) who was standing strip alert at the time of the accident reported watching CY-10 takeoff and disappear into the fog followed in about 20 seconds by two large flashes. The second flash occurring prior to the first flash diminishing (Enclosure (30)). Major (b) (6) who was piloting a TA-LF heading 225 degrees on the OLO degree radial of Cherry Point at 35 sighted two large flashes at his one o'clock position at about 04550 (Enclosure (31)). Captain (5) (6) ing a 0-130 reported entering a cloud layer at 100 feet MSL after takenff at 04590 and broke out about 300 feet MSL (Randomure (32)). It. (D) (6) statement (Enclosure (33)) was disregarded by the board because the time was in disagreement with others and the location of the flashes he observed would have established the flashes in the Camp Lejeune artillery range. It. (5) (6) flying MRA-li stated he received a beeper signal at about 07000 but did not get a bearing or report it until Cherry Point approach control requested a fix which was given at 320 degrees when he was on the 020 degree radial of Cherry Point at 5 miles (Enclosure (34)). Corporal (5) (6) flight clearance supervisor at Cherry Foint states she received a phone call from a Major at about 05000 to report he had seen some flashes off of runway 32 and thought they had a crash. She contacted Sergeant (6) (6) in the tower and relayed the Sergeant's answer, it was probably the afterburner of a departing aircraft in the fog. The Major seemed satisfied (Enclosure (35)). Sergeant (b) (6) statement confirms Corporal (b) (6) statement (Enclosure (36)). Mr. FRAME, a civilian IFR room supervisor, stated that Mineleaf 9-2 (CY-10) did not report for his block time of 1055Z and a routine communications search was commenced. The IFR room then contacted TACC and VMCJ-2 and received the same information that Captain (1) (6) had passed to TACC. VMCJ-2 also passed, on request, CY-10's proposed track. At 11002 Gysgt b) (6) heard a weak PRT signal and requested MEA-lly for a bearing which was given as 320 degrees (Enclosures (37) and (38)). The SAR pilot and copilot stated that they homed on the pilots emergency radio to locate the pilot about three miles out on the 320 radial but due to the fog had to make a number of approaches before the wreckage was sighted. The helicopter was set down in a clearing and Captain (b) (6) was brought to it via litter (Enclosures (39) and (40)). It. (b) (6) station crash officer, stated that at about 08450, 20 July 1967 he received a phone call from It. (b) (6) who told him that he had been in an circraft orash and needed help for the pilot. It. (b) (6) ascertained the approximate position to be 320 degrees, 2-3 miles from Cherry Point (Enclosure (L1)). Corporal (D)(6) stated that he came across It. (D)(6) about 5 miles west of Cherry Point walking along a dirt road (county road 1105), drove him to a telephone and then proceeded

to VMCJ-2 (Enclosure (3)). Excerpts from Cherry Foint tower tape established the takeoff time for 9-2 to be OLDLQ (Enclosure (42)).

A safety center representative, LCDR (b) (6) was on the scene by 0730Q, 21 July 1967. He joined the AAR Board as they returned to the scene of the final impact to complete inspections of parts and diagrams of the location.

The imitial information from the pilot referred to above and previous yellow sheet gripes (Enclosure (43)) caused special attention to be given to exygen and altimeter systems. On 12 July 1967 the altimeter was reported to be sticky. It was written off as being replaced. This was verified by the maintenance night crew log (Enclosure (44)) and the work center register (Enclosure (45)). On 13 July the same gripe was repeated. The yellow sheet indicated the altimeter had once again been replaced. The work center register and might crew log reflected a switch of front cockpit and rear cockpit altimeters had taken place. The altimeters are interchangeable. The avionics section of the squadron did not however, perform the required functional test on the altimeters after the switch took place (Emplosure (63)). There are no additional altimeter gripes for the remaining seven flights. On 18 July an oxygen leak in the vicinity of the rear seat lower block was reported (Enclosure (43)). Corrective action was shown as replacing the seat pan. On the first flight of 19 July no oxygen problems were shown but on the second flight an oxygen leak was reported. The corrective action this time was replacing the oxygen converter. Preliminary inspection of the oxygen system revealed no malfunction in the system. The RSO's mask, hose, upper and lower blocks showed no signs of fire. The hose leading from the RSO's lower block to middle block had been burned by ground fire after final impact (Enclosure (46)). The pilots oxygen hose below the mini-reg, the upper block and middle block to the lower block showed no signs of fire. The mask was badly burned inside and partially burned externelly near the exhalation outlet (Enclosures (47), (48) and (45),

The rubber around the mini-reg housing was melted about 80% away. Within the mini-reg the metering orifice, the eleastometer and the diaphram were scorched and burned (Enclosure (50)).

The instrument panels were found near the cockpit, 355 degrees magnetic, 77 feet from final impact point (Enclosure (10)). Significant readings were; TAS front cockpit - 360, rear - 361, GS (rear cockpit only) - 314, altimeter both cockpits - minus 50 feet. IAS front cockpit - 105 knots and accelemeter plus 9 and maximum negative "G". The pilot VSI indicated 120 degree right wing down and 30 degree nose high attitude. HOIR establishes the angle of attack upon stoppage to be 13.1 units.

The left wing, which was located 335 degrees magnetic, 65 feet, evidenced burning from bottom through the wing (Enclosures (51) and (52)). The port intake ramp was scorched in a manner reflecting flame exiting from intake (Enclosure (53)).

The stabilator actuator was in the full aft stick position, while the stabilator trim actuator was in about the 25 degree nose down position. No preliminary DIR information could be acquired from the fuel controls due to damage. The engine afterburner exhaust nozzle actuators were found in the full open position and the mozzle area control output shafts were in the fully extended positions. Gear and flap actuators were in the up positions. Flaperon position could not be determined due to damage. External observations of the engines indicate the left engine suffered sudden stoppage as a result of impacting a tree causing massive interference to the compressor section. Rotational damage was relatively minor, however, melting and fusing was present (Enclosure (54)). The right engine had extensive damage to the compressor rotor blades but opposite to the direction of rotation. The engine casing suffered heavy scoring and peeming indicating the engine was operating prior to impect and that the impact angle of the engine was shallow. Some "log jamming" of the blades was present and metal fusing is apparent on most of the internally visible blades (Enclosure (55)). The tail and center fuselage areas had been charred and scorched throughout (Enclosure (14)). Minor aircraft debris was located scattered from the creek to final impact area (Enclosure (9)).

The AAR Board departed the final impact area at 1600, 21 July after authorizing salvage to begin on Saturday, 22 July 1967.

On 22 July 1967 the Board met to consider the evidence thus far collected. The flight surgeon plus one member were excused to travel to Camp Lejeune to interview Captain (b) (6) At this time the Board requested that the aircraft maintenance section determine the position of all aircraft flight control system actuators and request DIR's on the engines, angle of attack, CATC, altimeters, and oxygen system (Enclosure (56)). Captain (5) (6) on his initial statement (Enclosure (57)), indicated that he arrived at about 0305Q for a brief for AANEX. The pre-flight briefs were conducted normally. In the line shack he made a specific verbal note of the previous Aux Air Door Light gripe. Pre-flight and start was normal, after which Captain (b) (6) delayed in the fuel pits awaiting the other aircraft of his flight. He departed the pits after it was ascertained that there would be no other aircraft. On departure control frequency, in long position, Captain () (6) cancelled the IFR climb portion of his local instrument clearance, he retained his block time for approach. His engine run-up and pre-takeoff procedure were normal. After receiving clearance he commenced what was described as a normal afterburner takeoff. Following takeoff he raised his flaps at 180 knots, after sear up, and ducked under what he described as a small cloud at about 700 feet indicated altitude just off the end of rurway 32. He sew a Master Caution Light. He placed this as happening about a mile from the takeoff end of the runsay. He then started to look to the telelight panel when he was distracted by a mass of cockpit fire. In his statement he attributed the fire to the fact that his mini-reg had come loose from his mask. He later, however, points out that he ascertained this after ejection when he felt the loose mini-reg. He did, however, remember seeing an abundance of yellow flame. He made deliberate attempts to

prevent inhalation of the fire. He stated that he remembers seeing the altimeter unwind through 200 feet at this time and felt he had erred and they were going to crash. He then felt a jar and heard an explosion. He thinks he was skidding on the ground at this time and reached up for the ejection face curtain and found one corner of the handle out of the seat housing. He heard the seat cartridge explode, felt the tumble and chute open. He continued to burn in the area around his face throughout the ejection and heard a hissing type sound while something played about his face. He telt a sharp pain (b) (6) upon contact with the ground. He extinguished the fire after releasing himself from the chute and seat pan. He stated that and located his RSO orally. The remainder of his statement dealt with the details of their team work during the survival phase. The pilot was (b) (6) the RSO had . They therefore teamed up to act as one. They made a bed of life rafts for the pilot who complained of being cold. They located the pencil flares and smoke flare. They utilized these when they heard or saw aircraft. When it was light the RSO set out for help. Capt (b) went on to describe the evacuation by the SAR crew. During the interview that follower with Capt (b) (6) and Doctor (b) (6) . Capt (b) amplified the following: He pushed over to remain VFR under a patch of fog which was 500-700 feet. He had felt a gust of air prior to the flash. It was similar to air exiting a hose. He stated he had to hold his left eye open with his fingers to find his ejection curtain. He attempted his emergency UHF radic (URC-10) before his PRT-3 and verified operation of them with each other. He verified (5) (6) while in flight.

On 24 July the barometric altimeters and CALC were investigated by MARF Cherry Point. On a DIR no deficiencies were noted in the altimeter or CADC. The pilots exygen mask, microphone and had in wires were evaluated by the squadron avionics section. The microphone was still functional with no signs of shorting out. The lead in wires were intact (good continuity) with the exception of one complete break located about three inches below the mask exit point (Enclosure (49). One lead-in wire on the hose side of the break showed very slight beading when viewed through a magnifying glass. Test indicated that the aircraft electrical power through this line was only 425 mile amps and could not have caused the beading. The lead-in line is normally wound around the upper portion of the mini-reg (where it enters the mask) and then held in place with plastic tape to keep excessive line secured. The break occurred at a point that would fall on the back (face) side of the mask and which would be under the tape. Analysis of the break indicated that it could have been out and then burned, or broken am followed by burning.

Ground survey of the point of initial contact with the trees (Enclosure (58) revealed that the aircrafts flight path was about 2½ degrees of declination and the contact was made at 115 feet MSL and then continued near level making a third contact with the trees 18h feet beyond the second. The fourth point of contact was 223 feet beyond the third after which the aircraft was permitted to exit the trees over a creek enroute to the final impact areas. During the survey the piece of plastic slide track utilized in securing the starboard side of the pilots helmst visor cover was found a preximately 900 feet from the point of first contact (Enclosure (17)). It showed no signs of fire.

On 24 July, Captain (b) provided the board with the following amplyfing information:

He was on Hot Mike (ICS) throughout.

He remembered coming out of afterburner.

He clawed at his oxygen mask upon seeing a ball of flame.

On 25 July, Captain (b) (6) provided the board with the following supplemental information. He had started his takeoff roll with the ICS on Hot Mike. The first time he saw the Master Caution Light was right after he passed under the cloud on the end of the runway.

He could hear a pussh type noise as he first saw flame.

He felt nothing prior to the Master Caution Hight.

He heard a couple of explosions ofter he had parachuted to the groun'

He could still feel stick response after the fire occured.

He was convinced that the aircraft engines were good.

He did not believe his concey had been broken prior to the fire.

He knew he was level about 500 feet.

He didn't know when or how he received his (b) (6)

On 26 July, Captain (6) (6) added the following informations

He could not remember seeing 500 feet on the altimeter but did remember seeing 300 feet.

He thought he saw the fire with both eyes but he could not remember. He suggested a possible source of ignition for the fire as being the aircraft portable cockpit flood (Grimes) light which he normally clips on the canopy defog duct just above the hook handle.

### PART VIII - ANALYSIS

Pending the results of DIR's the investigation uncovered no evidence of any aircraft system malfunctions. VMCJ-2 deviated in their maintenance procedures by failure to perform a functional check on the altimeters after they switched the forward with the rear cockpit altimeter in CY-10 on 13 July 1967 (Enclosure (6%)). There is, however, no indication that the altimeters were functioning improperly during this flight or during the previous seven flights. The FDIR, in fact, indicates the opposite.

The Master Caution Light seen by the pilot could have been illuminated by any combination of more than 65 circuits. The pilot recalls the Master Caution Light as occuring nearly simultaneously with the cockpit fire and further estimated it to have illuminated approximately one mile off of the takeoff end of runway 32. If the Aux Air Door Light which had been griped on the yellow shast the previous day had illuminated, it should have caused the light to illuminate earlier in the flight. It is normal for this light

to momentarily illuminate on takeoff during gear raising. Evidence indicates that on the first contact with the trees the aircraft's starboard drop tank was sheared from the aircraft, during which an explosive ignition of fuel occured. The shearing of this tank and the resulting fire could have illuminated the Master Caution Light through the combination of any one of more than eight (8) circuits. This flash would have appeared white in comparison to flame and is probably what the RSO saw in the cockpit mirrors. The high degree of inflight charring that was evidenced on all the aircraft parts in the final impact area and parts such as fuel cell walls, fuel lines, and engine pieces that were located in the second, third and fourth contact points indicated that the aircraft was engulfed in flames when it exited the fourth contact points. The burnt trees in the fourth contact area endorse this.

indicating that his oxygen mask was not on his face during the caygen fire. He was burned (b) (6) indicating his helmet had been pushed back prior to the cockpit occured prior to the cockpit fire (Enclosure fire. (b) (6) (59)). Since the only portion of the aircraft's oxygen system that showed any signs of burning in flight was the pilot's mask and top of mini-reg, indicates that the oxygen fire started at the pilot's mask from an external scurce. The charring of the pilots helmet indicates that the visor cover had been sheared from the helmet prior to the fire (Enclosures (60) and (61)). The plastic visor track, discovered prior to the fourth contact point (Enclosures (16) and (17)), agrees with this and establishes the position of detachment of the visor track from the helmet as being prior to the fourth contact point, but after the second. The canopy plexiglass, that was found approximately 50 feet beyond the second contact point establishes that general area as the point where his canopy was broken prior to being charred. Bits of wood embedded in cracks and crevices of shattered plexiglass is considered conclusive in establishing collision with trees as being the cause for the shattered canopy. The badly charred pieces of plexiglass found in the fourth contact area incicates that fire had been present in the vicinity of the canopy in that area. The pilot's own statement indicates detachment

preliminary inspection of the aircraft's engines and the pilot's statements indicate that they were functioning upon impact. The progress of the aircraft after initial contact with trees is indicative of high momentum, and analysis of the acceleration characteristics of the aircraft point to a high probability that the TAS readings of 360 knots (found on the instruments) was nearly correct for the speed of the aircraft at the first or second contact points.

If an imaginary line is projected from the point of initial contact with the trees, at a 22 degree inclination (Enclosure (58)), to the position of the cloud (located through the pilots statement and verified by creditable

of his oxygen mask was performed by him upon sighting fire.

witnesses) over the end of the runway, the mathematical solution puts the aircraft at 380 feet MSL at push over to remain VFR. This is in agreement with the pilots revised statement of 300 feet as being the altitude he could remember and the meterological report of the weather (Enclosure (64)). The 200 foot altimeter reading referenced by the pilot probably occured in the vicinity of the fourth contact point (Enclosure (17)) or later since he states that he had already received eye damage when he saw it. The aircraft radoms on which the pitot tube is mounted was sheared off prior to the fourth contact point and any altimeter readings thereafter would be invalid. Also, since the pilot remembers that he felt he had erred when he saw the altimeter unwinding through 200 feet, he could have made that observation prior to the initial contact point and since the accident mentally reversed the sequence.

The fact that the RSO could not recall any cockpit flight indications preceding or during the accident (Enclosure (19)) indicates that he more than likely was not monitoring them. Even though this cannot be categorized as a contributing factor to the accident and does not violate NATOPS, specific duties in this area could have conceivably prevented it.

The location of the pilot and RO's scats and canopies in relation to their parachute landing point and their own statements indicate that the ejection seats functioned normally and that they exited the aircraft, by ejection, at 175 to 200 feet AGL. (Enclosure (65)).

Witnesses statements indicated rescue of the pilot and RSO was delayed by a number of conditions that evolved for this particular flight; The fog bank causing all afterburner takeoffs to glow more than normal resulting in no follow-up action on reported flashes; The more than normal number of aircraft taking off at that particular time of day; The pilot cancelling the IFR climb portion of his flight; An exercise causing shared sircraft control authority; Inadvertant beeper signals over a period of time causing humans to become complacent relative to them.

inalyzing each of the above and singling out error indicates some degree. of complacency on the part of each individual or agency that had some responsibility for to aircraft control or safety.

The VMCJ-2 operations duty officer displayed complacency in that he accepted the fact that since the aircraft had departed the line it had taken off. Also, after having been alarted of the overdue status of CY-10 he displayed little concern by assuming that the aircraft had joined a tanker or landed at another field.

TACC displayed little concern that the aircraft had not reported in and later that it was late returning.

RATEC picked up a weak beeper within five minutes of the aircraft failing to report for his approach time and did not follow it up after it faded. (Enclosure (37)).

Tower made no follow up on reported flashes. (Enclosure (36)).

Aircrews observed flashes and/or beepers while airborne and elected to dismiss them.

#### PART IX - CONCLUSIONS

This accident was caused by error in judgement on the part of the pilot. Directly following a night takeoff, he attempted to remain VFR by flying under a cloud of an approximate height of 300 feet AGL. 1.46 miles from the runway, the aircraft collided with trees at 115 feet MSL. This contact sheared (by pieces) the starboard external drop tank and in so doing caused an explosive ignition of fuel prompting the pilot to release his oxygen mask. 610 feet later, the aircraft again contacted trees shattering the front canopy, tearing open one or both internal wing tanks, separating portions of the port leading edge flap and speed brake from the aircraft, After another 184 feet, the aircraft contacted the trees a third time causing loss of portions of flap, the starboard aft engine housing, additional fuel lines, and injuring the pilot from the debris. A fourth group of trees severed both wing tips, and when the aircraft exited the trees it was engulfed in flame. The pilot and RSO successfully ejected between the fourth contact area and the final impact area 3000 feet away. The aircraft struck the ground on final impact in a nose high attitude, right wing down, at approximately 115 to 125 knots.

The weather, that varied between 200 and 400 feet scattered, could be considered as a factor in influencing the pilotts judgement only. It influenced the pilot to cancel the climb portion of his IFR flight plan and further prompted the pilot to remain VFR.

The rescue of the aircrew was delayed because of complacency on the part of all agencies involved, and on the part of the aircrews who failed to report emergency signals and flash sightings. SAR was exemplary.

### PART X - RECOMMENCATIONS

- l. That the hazards of VFR might/low visibility departures and let downs be periodically emphasized to all pilots, and they be encouraged to utilize IFR procedures whenever practicable.
- 2. That NATOFS set forth specific instrument monitoring duties for crew members in dual seated aircraft. These duties are being forwarded as recommended changes in accordance with OPHAVINST 3510.9 series.
- 3. That aircraft control personnel and aircraws be made continually aware of the importance of complete follow-up on all distress signals or information concerning them. It must be stressed that an erroneously activated signal cannot be ascertained without full investigation.

### LIST OF ENCLOSURES

Statement of Aircraft Maintenance Officer Statement of Corporal (6) 4. Photograph of Pilots survival gear 5. Photograph of Pilots Oxygen Mask Photograph of Pilots Torso Harness Photograph of Pilots Parachute 8. Photograph of Front Cockpit Canopy Photographic diagram of ejection area 10. Diagram of Final impact area 11. Photograph of Port intake ramp and fuselage 12. Photograph of Starboard Wing 13. Photograph of Fuselage area 14. Photograph of Tail section 15. Photograph of Rear Cockpit Canopy 16. Photographic diagram of all contact greas 17. Diagram of the initial contact areas 18. Photograph of a piece of leading edge flap (RSO) 19. Statement of Second Lieutenant 20. Statement of Captain (b) (6) 21. Statement of Captain 22. Statement of Captain 23. Statement of MAJOR (D) (6) 24. Statement of Captain () (6) 25. Statement of Lieutenant Colonel 26. Statement of Major (2) 27. Statement of First Lieutenant (b) 28. Statement of Sergeant 29. Statement of Captain 30. Statement of Captain 31. Statement of Major 32. Statement of Captain 33. Statement of First Lieutenant 34. Statement of First Lieutepant 35. Statement of Corporal 36. Statement of Sergeant 37. Statement of Mr. J. S. FRAME Jr. 38. Statement of Gunnery Sergeant 39. Statement of Captain (b) (6 40. Statement of Captain 41. Statement of First Lieutenant 42. Transcript of tape recording of MCAS CE 43. Copies of Yellow Sheets for Bureau Number 153113 14. Excerpts from VMOJ-2 Hight Crew Maintenance log

### LIST OF ENCLOSURES

45. Copies of VNCJ-2 organizational Maintenance Control register 46. Photograph of burnt oxygen hose (rear cockpit) 47. Photograph of Pilots oxygen mask (bottom view) 48. Photograph of Pilots oxygen mask retainer 49. Photograph of Pilots oxygen mask (front view) 50. Photograph of Pilots Oxygen hose 51. Photograph of left Wing (under side) 52. Photograph of left Wing 53. Photograph of Port intake ramp 54. Photograph of Port engine 55. Photograph of Starboard engine 56. Comies of DIR requests 57. Statement of Captain (b) (6) (Pilot) 58. Plan view of initial contact area 59. MOR conclusions 60. Photograph of Pilots belmet 61. Photograph of Pilots helmet 62. Statement of Survival officer 63. Statement of Sergeant (5) (6) 64. Meteorologist report 65. Resume of Pilots Flight Time 66. Rescue report (OpNAV Form 3750-13)

67. Aircraft Fire/Rescue report (Original only)

### ENCLOSURES

- 1. Narrative: (b)(6)
- 2. Narrative: (b)(6)
- 3. Diagram of Estimated Ejection Sequence
- 4. Photo-Diagram of Crash Site
- 5. Conclusions
- 6. Recommendations
- 7. Captions For Attached Photographs (2 pages)

# Photographs

1. (b) (6)	- Hands
2. (b) (6)	- Hands
3.	- Frontal View, Face
	- Lateral View, Face
3.	- Oxygen Mask
2.	- Oxygen Mask
7	- Oxygen Mask
45.6.78.	- Oxygen Mask
9.	- Flight Suit
10.	
	ipment
11. (b) (6	- Torso Harness
12.	- Miniregulator
13.	- Miniregulator, 02 Hose and Block
16.	- Personal Chute
13. 14. 15. 16.	- Personal Chute
12.	- Hardhat
10.	
17.	- Hardhat

INITIAL STATEMENT AND INTERVIEW MADE ON 22 JULY 1967. INTERVIEW BY CAPITATE MARION H. HALFY, (5) (6) USMC AND LIBUTETANT USN. BOTH MEMBERS OF THE AAR BOARD. (TRANSCRIPT OF TAPE RECORDING)

The following is my statement about the crash of Marine Charlie Yankee One Zero an RF-4B at approximately 04520 at Cherry Point. .

I came into work just about five minutes after three o'clock to brief with Captain (b) (6) who was to fly the A-5 on Wineleaf flight 9-1 and Wineleaf flight 3-2. After we briefed the mission we each ran our own individual crew briefs, which for my hop weard up mostly going over ejection procedures if we needed them, and what ever onew coordination we were going to use on radios, etc. After we finished briefing, we hung around the ready room for about 10 to 15 minutes and walked down to the simplane at about 10 minutes to Four Went tato flight equipment and put All mur gets on, I had all my genr on that are lesued except for the "5" suit between to weren't going to rell any "d s . And at that time I believe that facurement (b) (6) had and the gear, however, I found out later he had had his gloves in the cockyit, but were not wearing them. After we suited up we walked out to the flight line, rigned for the aircraft, and commerted on the one gripe. that on the previous hop Capcain (b) (6) had had three on air door lights and that it had enceked out 0.K. on the ground; so we figured we best keep an eye on it after we brought the gear up. Wandered on out to the airplane waited around to get started, got started finally, after we got started we got the word from the A-6 that their aircraft was down and they were going to try to get an F-10, so we pulled out of the chocks and went out to the fuel pits and sat in the fuel pits taking on a full bag of gas; we were about down to 1100, negative 11,000 pounds internal. When, after we finished topping off in the pits, we got the word over the radio that Charlie Yankee -I believe it was two three - the A-6 would not be going and there were no F-10's. So I decided to go on ahead anyway even though we couldn't jam, at least we could fly the mission track as briofed and I could fly the first part of track up to the first IP fast in order to get there at the IP on time. So we called ground control for taxi with our Charlie Yankee number and found out that the local flight plan had been filed under our Wineleaf numbers, so we then picked up the call sign even with the field of Wineleaf 9-2. Taxied out after receiving clearance and in the long position we were switched over to departure control because the field at that time had been IFR but they said the field's now VFR, and so I regered and said I would launch VFR but desired to keep my block time - to keep my clearance, so they read me off the clearance, clearing me to the Bennett intersection. I believe the time I had to contact them was 0650Q. No, it was 1050Q. 1050Z. They gave me Zulu time to contact them to pick up my penetration, and I regered it. We then switched back to tower frequency, got back up on tower frequency and we ran through the pre-takeoff checks. Ran up the right engine first,

Enclosure ( )

SPECIAL HANDLING REQUIRED in accordance with OPENVIRST 3750.6 Series

read off my cil pesure and my fuel flow on cutter to the RO, and then I had an idea I was on hot mike - once we started up the engine we went on hot mike. Ran up the left engine, read the oil pressure to the RO and pulled the power back to check the idle flow, idle cutoff fuel flow, and then I turned the three sux tabs on and put the flaps down to one half, and then read through the cockput takeoff check off list with the motols free, and I wiped the cockpit out with my stick and there was no binding. Then wings down and locked - there were no pins. Insured all the lights were out. told him that my harness, no that the yaw, roll and pitch were on, my harness was locked. Let's see, there was a couple of other things. The hook was up. My safety pin was out. To check his safety pin out, and his alternate ejection bundle - where ever he desired it. And he regered and said yea, he was ready to go - his pin was out. So I called tower and got clearance to roll and went to 30 percent. let go the brukes, pushed up to 100 percent and waited until the temporatures reached set. If I remember right the last rigine was rending 630 on reset, and the right one was reading 625. At this time I lot go of the nose wheel steering or a delected burner on both engines and surveys lit nermally. Book light off. Good roll. Airplane rolled just about as far as she normally would and we were airborne. Brought the gear up and started the timps up at 180. And I wont - I went and ducked under one again cloud that was mitting on the end of the runway. I was showing about To fact judicated. I say after about a mile from the field still excell sting it. We had come out of burner at this time - if I remarker right. We were still excellerating. The master caption light came on. And so I started to gri my head down to look at the telelight panel and as near as I can tell, I was just a bunch of fire in the cockpit. What I think it was - was my caygen mask at the mini reg might have come loose. And I had a fire, and from then on it is pretty confused. I remember a bunch of yellow light and all that and I remember trying to exhale all the time I couldn't talk to (b) (6) I don't know why. I was trying to exhale to keep the fire out of my lungs. And I saw the altimeter unwind to 200 feet. And so I figured - well I screwed it up this time. It's not, we are going to crash. About then I felt a jar and heard an explosion, and I figured well at least (b) (b) got out of it; then we hit some trees and I don't remember too much more except I reached up - I think after we hit the ground and were skidding, and pulled the face curtain. The reason I say I think it was after I hit the ground because one corner of the face curtain was already out. At this time I could just berely see out of one eye and figured what the hell I've always been late - I might - my Martin-Baker seat might get me out of it anyway might, as, well burn to death in the - get crushed to death on the jump out - as burn to death so I reached up and pulled the handle and I heard all of a sudden a "Whoosh". like well - I heard the bang and I went out and I did the normal tumble the pictures: show for Martin Baker and felt the chute open up and could hear a "sssss" like oxygen. And I was still burning pretty good. My face was having something played on it, it felt like, and it was burning and parts of my flight gear were burning and about this time, hell, it couldn't been more than a second, I settled

into what felt like a tree - or something - and hit the ground, (5) (6) b)(6). Then I remember a good sharp pain (b)(6) but, that could have been hit or done when I left the seat, cause I probably wasn't in a very good ejection position. I was still burning so I tried to roll it out and I couldn't because I couldn't get all the way down to the ground. So I got my koch fittings - got out of them - and floundered around and got rid of my scott seat pan. After I got rid of that I got the fire out pretty readily. Whatever it was that was feeding it was either on it or could have been - I don't know. After getting the fire out I dragged my scott seat per over a little bit out of the fire. And I couldn't see anything so I couldn't move very much. But I found out I was still alive and I could yell and had a pretty good set of hands. So I yelled a couple of times to see if (5) (6) had gotten out. I don't remember hearing anything, so I said well "Pretty Wet". So I got the seat pan and opened it and blew up my life raft and flipped it inverted and sat on it so I could be as far out of the air - off the ground as possible, and started yelling for [0] 6 again. And he answered up. He said he was about 100 yards away or so, his voice sounded closer than that, that came out later he was. And he said he was trapped in his gear, and I asked why and he said (b) (6) koch fittings and finally convinced him that he could get out of them. And he got out of them all right by just using the heal of his hand. And then he was still tangled up and said he couldn't work the rocket jets, so I told him to get out of his harness - to worry away at that buckle - and then he could probably step out of the harmess and leave all that crap over there - ch. is did. While this was going on too, we heard some airplanes going over, we didn't know if they could have seen us or not. We heard a couple of - what sounded like the drop tanks explode, and I yelled each time to go shead and cover your head in case anything falls this way but nothing did. They were good loud bangs - just like secondary explosions. And I shot off a night flare, then I then I show off two pencil rocket flares and nothing happened, and I turned on my little strobe light that I had on my survival vest. And with that (b) (6) could see me and he came over to where I was and we talked things over. See how it was and we realized we were actually not in the worst shape cause, although (6) so between us we had about the normal equipment for one person. And so we got things kinda squared away; we forgot about the radios, which tas a foolish error on our part, and the sun (or bugs) started to come out and so I wanted to go over and get his parachute to try to protect (b) (6) dirt and (b) (6) as much from the dirt as possible. And he said it was all tangled up and said we couldn't get it but I told him to lead me over. I held on the - the strap of his flight suit and he walked ahead of me and I kinda buried my face right along side his back and he'd tell me when there was a branch or something in the way. We got over there and I pulled out my survival knife after I got my hands on the canopy and worked down to the shroud lines and cut all the shroud lines off and then I disconnected his harness and every-

thing from the scott seat pan. And then I grabbed on to him again and found I couldn't hold on to both the seat pan and the parachute or the canopy while he was leading me so I left the seat kit there, he said he could kick it over.

And so he took me back over to where the rafts were and we t down the canopy and he went back to bring the seat pan over and he kicked it along through the woods pretty good. We got it over there. We opened it up and I blew up the other life raft - this gave both of us a place to sit - and gave me a real goodthe way his was laid was better for me - it was better for me, it was a little more full of CO2 - to blow it up, and it was a little bit of a down grade. So when I started feeling faint I would lay down on it with my head down-hill and my feet in the air. After about five minutes like that I would be able to work pretty good again for a while. About this time (b) wanted to take off and go get help and I said no, probably someone had seen us go in or they had seen the explosion, as it was still pretty foggy out. He could - airplanes were going right overhead and he couldn't see them - that there wasn't much point going wandering for help until we could see a little better. So he helped me he'd tell me where the flares were. And I got the flares out, so I had a stock of flares, and I already kept my pen gun, I'd put that in my flight suit pocket with my extra pen flares so I wouldn't loose it. And he helped me sort out that. I had all the flares and pen guns and stuff that I needed and it started to get lighter and we saw one F - or I didn't - but he saw one F9 go by overhead but it was still pretty low and we heard what I thought was a C-117 one time, and finally about 0830 I gave (b) permission to go ahead, "and don't get tangled in the swamp, if you hit swamp turn around, come back, but if you could make it otherwise, go ahead". And he took off and I heard him yell about 5 minutes later - he had hit the swamp in the direction he had started in - but he was going to take a little path he had found and veer around, so I figured if he was on a path he was possibly pretty good. So, go ahead be my guest. And I just laid there to wait. I was wrapped up in a parachute part of the time and when the . and mosquitos got bad I'd put it over my face and just hold it there till they would go away. I thought I heard a helicopter coming, and so I crawled out from underneath everything, and when it got pretty close I lit off a couple orange smoke bombs and they didn't seem to do any good. So I'd wait till the helicopter - I could hear him going out just about across from me and turn - as he would turn I would fire one of these pencil flares. I think two of them bounced off the trees and came back down, but two or three of them must have got up through, cause, as, that is what the helicopter rescue crownen said the first thing they saw was that flare. Then I heard the chopper sit down, sounded like - oh - a quarter mile away or so, and shut down. And I started, .... and they started yelling back to me, and pretty soon the pilot of the chopper - I think is was was his name - and a couple of his crewmen got there to me and I said I could walk out if they would lend me. They said no, e're going to stokes you and either lift you out of here or carry you out." We finally decided is out to carry me out in a stokes stretcher because going up those tree branches would only hurt my face more. And so I laid down on top the poncho, - ah, not the poncho, - on the flight raft for a while and they offered me a smoke but I don't smoke that much, my lips hurt, said "No, I'd like a drink of water", and I got one of those. And then I got to the chopper and we just talked back and forth about - just shooting the breeze until they got the stokes back and they took me out. They cut a small piece of parachute off so I could hold it

that were carrying me really did a good job. Got out to the chopper, two of them dropped off and hit the road - went up and started up the helicopter, and they put me in an gave me a blanket and tried to keep me as warm as they could and flew me on back to Cherry Point. Took only about 1/2 to 5 minutes and boy I don't think they even shut the chopper down before they had me in the ambulance. That's about all. I think everybody knows about it from them on. I do know that my helmet - when I took it off on the ground - it felt to me like it was blistered pretty bad. But the thing that I remember the most - it was even while I was airborne - was all the yellow flames. And, I guess it probably distracted me a little bit. That's about all I remember.

#### INITIAL INTERVIEW

(b) (6)

I got, ah, can you remember out on the long position did you hit your elapse time switch before you started to roll?

No, I did not.

Did not?

Did not.

All right, you say you got a master caution light?

Yea.

Do you remember on the telepanel, anything that came on?

Ah, that's what I was looking for when I got the flames.

Yea.

So, I didn't have time to look I was too busy batting things around.

O.K. You say you pushed over, you were trying to stay VFR, John, is that what you ----?

Yea, there was a patch of fog out there, and I pushed about 5-700 feet and was going to scoot under it. I could see the black and fog where it was clear.

O.K. Did you feel a rush of wind in your face about this time, just before you got the flash?

Yea, Yea it was -----

(b)(6)

A real gust of wind in your ----

It was like a directional hose - you know when you blow out through it, or the air hose you can pump up your tires of the bike and stuff, you pump it at your face - it felt about like that.

Uh uh. Did you see, ah, you say a yellow light, you think that was flames coming in?

I don't know, it was - it burned I know that - I think it was flames.

Yes.

Cause it closed up, Oh, I wasn't wearing my visor down because I didn't have my F2 helmet, I didn't take the night helmet cause I knew we would be flying about dawn and I'd want that visor for up at altitude to keep the sun out, cause you're flying directly into the sun. But if I'd had the clear visor, (b) (6)

- I was - I

don't think I was airborne much after that flame started - then (b)(6)
and I couldn't hear him either, so I think my mike or something may have disconnected, or I don't - I don't know. I just tried to fly it as long as I could to give him a fighting chance.

Uh, well you don't have any idea about what altitude you punched out do you?

I'm pretty sure I was on the ground. I remember hearing a lot of cracking and ripping and I don't know. I think I was on the ground when I punched out cause I said the face curtain was partly down, and there was - was so smoky.

(b) (6)

curtain dengling a little bit, then I reached up I saw the face curtain dengling a little bit, then I reached up and pulled it with both hands and got out of there. I figured I was probably going to die anyway, I might as well go big.

You're too tough to die, (b) (6). Ah, well let me see, you didn't try your radio, UHF radio. They were both - we found them both

Tes, I tried the URF radio first before I put the PRT-3 on. I used the URC-10 first because I felt the PRT would drown it out. Once I turned it on, but I couldn't raise anybody on it, after about 10 minutes. I said, "Well screw it", and turned on the PRT-3, and I knew that radio was working good cause I could listen to it on the URC-10.

(b)(6)

You could hear the beeper?

Yea. The rescue people said the beeper helped them a . ... getting in there, they homed the beeper.

Well that is something else we can -----

I had (b) (6) put it up in a tree so I could get that antenna up as high as possible.

Yea, (b) (6) as far as I'm concerned that is about all. I don't know if Doctor (b) (6) wants to ask you any questions about your flight gear or anything like that. Go ahead and take it.

0.K.

(b) (6)

O.K. Had your --- You say you had your shaded visor?

(b)(6)

Yes, I had it.

(b) (6)

What Position?

b) (6)

It was up, you can't see in the dark with it.

(b) (6)

And your mask was on?

(b)(6)

Yes, it was on.

(b)(6)

Was it locked tight, was there any leaks that you know of?

(b)(6)

place on it, if you found it, where the sponge - you know, liner in there was a little bent down, but that always bends down on my masks because of the way my nose is shaped. But it didn't leak out of there.

(b)(6)

And you thought at one bit a after the tracker contion 11 ht came on, when you turned your head to the left, that the hose came off?

(b) (6)

Something came loose.

(p) (g)

(D) (D

I don't know - I don't think the mask came off, but I think the hose came - the thing came off either at the minireg or below it.

Was this about the same time you got the gust of wind in your face?

Yea. Yea, and this could have been true too, because ?

Yea, Yea, and this could have been true too, because I always hook my oxygen mask through my Mark 30 and the top one in the F4, because I don't like a whole bunch of junk just dragging around the cockpit. So it would have stayed with me for awhile.

(b) (6)
You had your gloves on, and you had one small hole in your left forefinger, right forefinger?

Yea, it was a little slit, and I had the sleeves of my flight suit rolled up one turn, because I had a rip in the flight suit, but I couldn't survey the flight suit - either one of mine - cause they didn't have any that fit and nothing smaller than a 44. And ---

(b) (6) How much of your arm was exposed?

(b) (6)

I'd say

what I can feel - like with my hands, that's about how much was exposed. And the knees, I think the knees probably both ripped out

(b) (6)

but as I said the flight suits, I have been trying to survey them for about two or three weeks and just don't have any in stock.

I've put in a bitch with the Wing and the Group safety officer on it, and they said they were going to do what they can because there are other guys in J flying with unsatisfactory flight suits too.

You know those flight gloves, you have the new type?

Yea, they worked real good.

Yea, they sure did. They were scorched a little bit but they're not burned through.

One little slit on this finger (b) (6) and that was the only one.

I think that is where the material came loose from the leather and ----

That could be it. It could have melted it off.

I think we could write up a real good survey on those.

Yea.

(b) (6)

Oh, when I was on the ground I didn't have a mask (b), I didn't have a mask. But I could feel the stub of my oxygen hose, it felt like a stub, that's when I first figured well maybe that's where that fire came from. Cause I always put the mask on in the F4 tight

(b) (6)

But you didn't tear the madk away after the fire ----?

(b) (6)

No. No, I never did.

(b) (6)

Ob you remember injuring (b) (6)

Something (b) (6)

Ah, No, I remember hitting a few things on the way down and stuff, but nothing specific.

Well, (b) (6) that's all I got 'Ole Buddy' I thank ya, I'm sure that the Skipper said he's coming down.

Enclosure ( )

SPECIAL HANDLING REQUIRED in accordance with OPNAVINST 3750.6 Series

The following questions were submitted to the ATT - or on 21 July 1507

QUESTION: (b) (

ANSWER:

QUESTION: Was your MK-3C hose through your torse harness chest strap;

ANSWER: Negative.

QUESTION: Were you on hot mike ?

ANSWER: We were on hot mike all the time.

QUESTION: Did you look at the mini rig after you saw the flame.

ANSWER: No I did not.

QUESTION: Do you remember coming out of burner?

ANSWER: Yes I was out of burner and did not go back into burner.

QUESTION: How did you get your oxygen mask off;

ANSWER: I remember seeing a ball of flame and clawing at my mask.

QUESTION: What was the position of your ejection seat.

ANSWER: It was bottomed out.

QUESTION: How do you normally release your oxygen mask;

ANSWER: I normally take of the left side first and then the right.

QUESTION: Do you know how the caygen ignited;

ANSWER: No, I have no idea. I did not notice any unusual odors.

QUESTION: What did you is when you housed the inster chitics light?

ANSWER: Nothing

QUESTION: Did you see any lights on the teletype panel?

Enclosure ( )

SPECIAL HANDLING REQUIRED in accordance with OPHAVINST 3750.6 Series

ANSWER: No I did not.

QUESTION: What was your altitude after you saw the flames?

ANSWER: I momertarily opened my eye and saw the altimeter reading 200 feet.

QUESTION: What was your altitude when you went under the clouds?

ANSWER: Between 500 to 700 feet.

QUESTION: Which did you see first, the master caution light or the flames.

ANSWER. I saw the master saution light first.

Enclosure ( )

SPECIAL HANDLING REQUIRED in accordance with OPNAVINST 3750.6 Series

(b) (6)

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(c) (a) Interview by MAJOR

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(f) (

O.K. Then the (garbled) went ahead and called it VFR?

(b) (6) Right, they were colling the field VFR.

(b) (6) You, you take off wretty much normal, (b) (6)

(b) (6) Yea, my standard takeoff, hot mike - well before the roll I run the engines up.

(b) (6)

(b) (6) Pretty well, ah-

(b) (6) Gotchya

(b) (6) Turn on the AUX STAR and drop my flans.

(b) (b) All right.

(b) (6) One half.

(b) (6) Fine.

(b) (6) Then I start at the top the list on hot mike and read everything off to the Ro.

(b) (6) Right.

And then of course all three ALM TARK switches on, year, pitch and roll are on, when I can I check my harness locked - checked ask RO if he checked his harness and if ready to go. After he checked those too he says ready. I'll call the tower and ask for clearance to takeoff. When I got about 80% in each engine, let go the brakes, come up to 100%. Then the engines reset to you know not overshift to 700 degrees - come back to about 630 on one and 62° on the left engine.

(b) (b) Yea.

I go shead, sh (garbled) come off nose wheel steering at about 68 knots by that time you got rudder control pretty good.

After you picked un your gear did you notice any, ah, ah, anything at all unusual like wing rock or, ah, ah, explosions or anything outside the airplane?

(b) (6)

No, it was just pretty normal. Picked up the gear at 180 knots started my flaps up.

(b) (6) Sure •

And then just flattened out a little bit. I had between 5 to 700 feet on the altimeter, there was one little patch of clouds at the end of the runway, you could see underneath the thing. It wasn't very big.

(b) (6) Uhuh •

And sometime, just as I passed under that cloud is when that caution light first come on. It is the first time I saw it. It may have come on sooner, I can't say, cause I was on night takeoff and paid pretty much attention to airspeed and altitude, keep my wings level, and I don't sweat caution lights too much until I'm well airborne, and----

How much underneath this cloud did you, ah, ah,

[D] [6] I figure we'd flown a couple hundred yards (garbled).

(b)(6) Below it?

(b) (6) Quarter mile.

(b) (6) Under the cloud.

Yea, just a patch, nothing to worry about because I had a good altimeter - at least I thought - I know I did, half I was VPR.

(b) (6)

O.K. now do you remember passing the glocum creek?

(b) (6) No.

0.K. how soon after you ducked underneath this cloud did you notice the ball of fire?

(b) (6) When I looked at the master caution light, I started to turn my head to look down - to look down at the telelight panel.

(b) (6) Right.

(b) (6) That's on the left side.

(b) (6) Then all of sudden your cockpit was just full of fire!

mclosure ( )

well, it was just a flame, just about here coming up, I could hear a "pood unil I have even into the table to the table the know. I think what happened, my mini-reg might have come off my damn mask.

(b) (6)

(b) (6) You see I take my hop----

(b) (6) But you did look at it, right?

(b) (6) Well, no, (b) (6)

(b) (6)

O.K. let me ask you this. Then what, ah, did you feel any jolt on the airplane prior to the master caution coming on or the ----

b) (6)

b) (6) 0.K.

(b) (6) We were flying just smooth as could be.

(b) (6) 0.K. now let me go ahead.

finally got the altimeter sighted and it was still going down
it was about 200 feet starting down you know it was unwinding but
not very fast at all and I guess I just - I think I tried to zoom
it I don't know I just didn't get in fast enough. I was waiting for
the guy in back cause I couldn't talk to him to see the fire and
get out so I could get out cause I always said I would wait for
that guy.

(b) (6) Well ah, (b) (6) all, says he saw the flame. He pulled the primary ejection thing. Has somebody told you this before?

(b) (6) My wife said he saw flames going around my head.

O.K. he pulled his ejection curtein. The canopy went but then ah, the seat didn't go.

(b) (6) He didn't pull it far enough, did he?

Enclosure ( )

SPECIAL HANDLING REQUIRED in accordance with OPNAVINST 3750.6 Series

(b)(6)

That's right, so he went to his alternate ejection. He had the guard up but couldn't find it. Anyway, went back to the ah, primary Pulled it and out he went so his canopy was quite a bit aways ah back down the flight path. Now if you'll let me draw you a mental picture if you will you're taking off on three two right past Lucky Lodge across Slocum. Is the magazine area O.K. Right there in the magazine area you hit the tops of some trees O.K. Ah there's a piece of canopy we picked up, it's either the left forward wind screen or the left side of the canopy O.K. Also in the trees you tore off the right external tank. The right main wing tank exploded also at the same time O.K. This canopy does not have any, ah, scars or anything on it, in otherwords fire burn or anything like that; your take.

At that point and a few other assorted things ah you knocked over, you broke off, a couple pretty good sized trees.

(b) (6)

That figures .

(b)(6)

And ah then the ah fire started after that because there is a burn pattern from this magazine area out, what did you get about a hundred feet. Now every piece of aircraft that's because to shed half that over to Turner or Tucker Creek----

(b)(6)

Ha, boy quite a hell of a long ways isn't it!

(b) (6)

Yea, wait a minute were not through. Over the fictor creek. The pieces are now burnt, so, somewhere from hitting that tree where the parts are shed we come into the burn area then we go back up again in the air across Tucker Creek. We come back into the trees again, these pieces that are falling off there by the broken trees are burned then we come back up into the air again and you guys must have ejected on top of that third or second bounce because the airplane came back down into the trees again at a thirty degree angle; so apparently; shipped up in the air, caught on fire, skipped into the trees. You guys ejected and landed fairly close to the airplane. Boy do you recall seeing your airplane while you were in there?

(b) (6)

Ah we waru----

(b) (6)

Were you around the airplane at all or could you not see at all?

(b)(6)

Heard a couple of explosions about 3 or 4. Ho it wasn't 10 minutes after I hit the ground from the chute cause I told (b) (6) to cover his head.

Enclosure ( )

SPECIAL HANDLING REQUIRED in accordance with OPNAVINST 3750.6 Series

(b) (6)

O.K. the one was the right wheel well which the tire finally let go, blew the top of the wing off and you guys were roughly about 75 feet, 100 feet from the airplane. Right. And you and (b)(6) were about what a hundred feet apart?

Pretty close.

Yea, more than that 50 feet.

About that.

Yea. O.K. but both of you were close to the final resting place, final impact point which was quite aways from the other side of Tuckers Creek. What is the measured distance from the opposite bank flight path to the final resting place? You recall what the distance of that was

It's 500 feet.

- (b) (6)

  Ah, this much I know (b) ah, don't let me interrupt you, from the time I had the fire in the cockpit I know I thought it was the left side of the I know it hit something with that side and went back up into the air.
- (b) (6) 0.K. that's right. It hit a tree.
- (b) (6)

  I was still waiting for the bang of his ejection seat cause
  he got the hell out cause I couldn't talk to him and I coulkn't
  get this hand over to push the button.
- 0.K. now, does this sound, would this sound logical to you that, ah, the tree knocked off your, ah, left engine cowling, you know the part you preflight right on the outside. Right, you know where the ramp is with the 25 hundred holes are. It knocked off the out rig of that, broke either your left forward windscreen or a piece of the canopy. On this side it came right on through and whapped you in the eye and cut your exygen mike cords and knocked your exygen mask off.
- (b) (6) I don't thind so.
- (b) (6) 0.K. Why not?
- (b) (6) Chuse it was, that would have been cold, you see, I think, and this was hot, I know it was hot. Really now I don't know.
- (b) (6) Well, think about that.

Enclosure ( )

SPECIAL HANDLING REQUIRED in accordance with OPEAVINGT 3750.6 Series

Well, the reason I say I'm sure, I don't think it was anyway cause up until the time. Put it this way, I don't know how high the trees are at Cherry Point, but I had a good solid 500 feet. That's my base at night if I don't break out I'll go IFR and not level off before then. On something like a patch of clouds I leveled off and we were pretty well trimmed up. The plane was flying itself, just excellerating out towards climb speed and now I got the Master Caution and looked down all this stuff when I looked down like this the fire caught me right across here

because it was some time after that now whether one second or two seconds - ten seconds I don't know that I saw the altimeter unwinding past :200 feet but the plane was still flying cause I could feel it in the stick. I still had stick control.

(b) (6) Did you have any pressure on the stick?

which would be the right side.

- (b)(6) Yes, and this is when I felt it tip something for the first time this time right there. That's when I had to figure in a hurry. It hit I knew I had lost the airplane right there. I was just waiting for him to go.
- (b) (6) So, you hit three separate times which you were in it twice you---
- I remember, I remember hitting twice (b) (6) This time then Jezzzs, a whole bunch of colorful noisy ones and that's when I punched out The curtain itself was out about when I (b) (6) to force my hands up there it was hanging, this side was hooked in and this side, this side was hanging down just a little bit loose and flapping and that's the time I got out. I didn't I thought I was on the ground but I know that I remember hitting twice and after the second us was when I got out cause I heard the bang from the back seat This is pretty distinctive there
- (b) (6)
  Well, you guys were actually close enough to the darn airplane
  to ejected after hitting the third time, but it doesn't quite
  seem like it. I don't think you rode through the ah, through
  the second-way back there.
- (b) (6) Well, I hit twice and the airplane bounced.
  - That first strike in the trees there its very possible that you hit so close to the tops its very possible that you might have not even known it. Lah, just the tank is gone the right drop and it sort of hung on for a while and gradually more of it came off.

We traced down your oxygen system where its got the motors and all that stuff going over to, ah, this DIR; that we'll get back in here some and -----

(b) (6)

And the motors were good (b) (6), there was nothing wrong with them-

(b) (6)

Yea.

(b) (6)

I got all four stages of burner, it came out of burner properly (garbled) the motors are good.

(b) (6)

Yea, well of course just for the heck of it you always got to send your engines to DIR I think don't you? What did they tell you at school?

(b) (6)

Well, if they were good you didn't have to.

(b)(6)

Oh, really.

(b)(6)

Both motors were good (garbled).

(b)(6)

Well I didn't think so either, especially the right one.

(b) (6)

It was either me or the or what happened around here. Either my hands gone-or my mind's convinced it was pilot error or something like that fire, those are the two reasons.

(b)(6)

Yea, I can't, I can't find a cause (b) (6) and that's why I was getting so anxious to come down and talk to you, I can't figure out the fire, if it happened before you hit the trees. I can put it together, if you hit the trees, caught on fire, bounced up into the air again, cause this----

(b) (6)

Oh yea, that would fit tigether.

(b)(6)

This is where the parts are shed, the first parts we have are not even burned. Plus the pieces of canopy are, there isn't a scar on them, and then right afterwards as soon as we get into this burn patch, there are also pieces of canopy in there burned you see, and also everything that's fallen off the airplane-has the initial impact of the trees and after the fire has started, are burned. And this is the haunting thing of it.

The canopy, (b) (6) is your canopy and (b) (6) , are scoted outside and inside the same amount; also you got to have some kind of fire outside just as well as the one inside.

There was a hell of a fire outside.

(b) (6)

Yea, well I (garbled)

Enclosure (

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But I, the only thing that fits and thats what has got a real concerned, ah, tracked down all sorts of dumb things, ah, I cannot find the cause of the fire; but well, even this, now if the sirplane was on fire before it hit the trees, why aren't the parts under the trees burned?

(b) (6) I don't know. (b) (6) I'm pretty sure what fire there was-until such time as I was to busy-I was preoccupied with the damn thing. I think it fully in my cockpit, it was all with me. I don't know, that's what I think.

(b) (6) Do you recall how you got your oxygen mask off?

(b) (6)

0.K. Do you think your canopy could have had a hole broken in it? You think that could have been the "woosh"?

No, because this was a distinctive "woosh" I heard the same "woosh" when I was coming down in the chute, a little bit there and on laying on the ground burning while I was getting out of the koch fittings, here, you know, probably the tree caught the chute and it seemed like the cut off end here, and that dammed green apple. The bottle from here and that was spraying, and everywhere it sprayed it would catch fire again, and I got rid of that thing. I got the fire out of my suit.

(b) (6) That's the green snake of the seat pan?

(b) (6) Yea sir, thats where these burns here came from and it was the same noise----

(b) (6) On the ground?

(b) (6) Yes, it was a soosh.

b) (6) Oh.

I was done, oh, when I made the tumble it was just like the book shows how they teach basic tumbling. I went up in the air tumbled, the chute opened I got the opening shock and I was done some para jumps I know what a opening shock is and it pulled me up like this and I landed in a tree. That's all the time it takes

Well thats----

And it just held it up where it could play with me and I've asked myself a couple of questions here too. Number one, why didn't I zoom climb, I don't know that is the normal thing to do. I should have just pulled that sob up cause that would sure as heck got (b) (6) attention. Pulled it up and hit the burner he'd gone, chances are. This was his first night hop; he hadn't flown quite some time-----

(b) (6) Well he's in good shape, it is just that he didn't get out of it very fast.

(b) (6) He didn't wear his gloves either, he had them with him.

(b) (6) Its kinds hard to see a guys hands when he's tucked in that hole back there.

But the other thing is, I think I fumbled around here trying to get the oxygen. Why didn't I just pull the yellow apple: Cause that is the thing to do in this airplane, don't screw around with the green thing go for the, disconnect your block, that will cut the oxygen off. You know you can feel it you can find it when you are trying to.

(b) (6) If you had an oxygen fire (b) how did it start?

(b) (6) I just don't know (b) (6) I just don't know.

(b) (6) That's the god damnest thing yet.

I know I was hot mike, we don't know how it started, I don't smoke in the air. At least in the F4 and at night especially, I will smoke in Willy, I will admit that. I don't know (b) (6) I just don't know.

We found a lot of the oxygen hose and from what these men in the paraloft tell me you know, an oxygen fire when you're hooked up like that this hose just goes real fast. Is the hose burned?

You'll just have a couple of spots of residual, you know, like ground hoses pretty well attached and----

The hope is good on the inside

Capt (5) (6) had some tests run on your mask you know for, ah, circurity and OHM meter and like that and it checks out real good no short

Were talking about electrical

(b) (6) It could be I hit the trees I don't know

(b)(6)

b) (6) talking about, you know, were your stuff in those cords and talk on one and listen on the other. There on down below your mini-reg, all the way to your yellow apple you spoke of, you had no fire inside your oxygen line and you have complete electrical continuity. Mow your mask hell the burned out of it; the outside isn't too bad where it was protected by that, ah, thing that says (b) (6) on it. But the inside looks worse than that guy that ate the peanuts out there at El Toro. Its pretty well burned up. You know the canals that run down from those two little plastic things that cover the little discs? Those are all burned completely out and through, and the place where it hooks on to the, ah, the little clamp on top of the mini-reg that holds your rubber on there, that little thing that's all kinds burned off right there looking in the top of the mini-reg. You can see where fire was coming out of that dude. Now when you were laying on the ground, laying on the ground, was fire coming out of the end of that thing or was just the oxygen feeding it?

(b)(6)

Oxygen was coming out, feeding the fire (garbled) terrible time stamping it out, cause I had fire in my suit while I was coming down through the sky.

(b)(6)

Yea, yea, we got your piece of suit.

(b)(6)

(garbled)

(b) (6)

You tried to, ah, get with a -----

(b) (6)

I tried to survey both of those things, in fact the day before I tried the second time.

(b) (6)

Over at Navy ah -----

(b) (6)

Yea, all they had was 44's 46's and 46's.

b) (6)

That would have saved you -----

(b) (6)

(b)(6)

(b) (6)

Tre, : ... No question about that. Well.

We got a tough one (b) (6) I wish you were out there with us. They tell to you were number 2 man in safety school and we believe ----

(b) (6)

I would like to help you more .

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(b) (6)

You weren't number 1, you were just number 2 ?

(b) (6)

I was just number 2.

A lot of talk back and forth; can't make it all out.

(b)(6)

I really don't know, I do know that I am almost sure in my own mind that I was level above 500 feet when I got the caution light. That much I know because I leveled off. When I trin on airplane up it's usually pretty well trimmed up. I still keep my hands on it but I (garbled) I try to trim things as I go and it was after I had fire problems that I started going through 200 feet. Now this was before I hit anything that I felt and I remember two distinct hits and remember punching out and there was a bunch of noise and stuff I don't know what it was, I was just (garbled).

(b) (6)

O.K. John, now let me slip you this one.

(b)(6)

Go ahead.

(b)(6)

Where in shit did you get the hit (b) (6), because the wound (b) (6) is not from fire?

(b) (6)

Yea, I know that (b) (6) I don't know.

(b) (6)

Now answer that sob for me.

(b)(6)

If I could I'd have the same question, I don't know.

Talk back and forth about A6 school and going overseas in February.

(b) (6)

From all the indications, ah, it just we've got to have something breaking the campy and hitting (b) (6)......Right Got to have, we got to have something to ignite something and I can't find anything except, ah, hitting the trees and catching afire You know, just like we told you. It's bad medicine, the trees aren't too big around there, ah, altitude of them is, ah, I guess total altitude, like altimeter reading, is terrain plus trees maybe 100 and a half, (b) (6) No more than that.

(b)(6)

Well, I remember the first time I hit something was after I got 200 knots and I started pulling the stick back, it was too God dawn late, but it started to respond cause I could

melosure ( )

feel it, you can feel (garbled) on the stabilator - you can feel it fight. And I could feel (garbled) tail surface at that time. Still got one? The tail went to the bitter end. Yea, Well, I could feel the plane start to come up, ah, too darm late - just too darm late. I wish you would give it some thought about what hit you and, ah -----I haven't thought about that for a couple of days, (D) (6) cause I've been trying to figure whether I hit (garbled) or what. (b) (6) You didn't - you don't No. No, you got hit (6) (6) have a burn there, you got a hit on it. These clowns been talking to you at all? Yea, (D) (6) Yea, (garbled) from that. 0.K. And that's why I'm never going to fly again, That's the problem - (D) (6) 0.K. Yea, (garbled) O.K. Now, that's the only place you're hit. Something, I think ----I don't think I got all that coming down through the trees, I came right straight down through the trees, I don't think---

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screething came into the canopy and whacked you.

it just leaves me to believe that

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0.K.

(b) (6)

What, I don't know.

(b) (6)

So, I, ah, I don't know. (b) (6) you got, ah -----

### ALL OF THEM TALKING AT ONCE

(b) (6)

The doctor has some thoughts on the, ah, like the fire in the oxygen system itself. Had you even taken one deep breath you know that ----

(b) (6)

I was exhaling all the way.

(b)(6)

That you would have - you know - lungs (garbled) and some-

(b) (6)

When I had the fire I was just (blowing out sound). I did a lot of thinking about some of this stuff, ah, before I go flying.

## TALK ABOUT HOW HIS WIFE IS TAKING IT

(b) (6)

Just one question. Did you use any trim at all after takeoff

(b) (6)

I can't say for sure any more, I can't say for sure.

(b)(6)

Any unusual stick pressures?

(b) (6)

No unusual stick pressure, I took off at standard. When I used the takeoff check, I tell the RO that I'm putting in trim for standard stabilator or sloted stabilator airplane so he can check me on it. I wont to standard trim down (garbled) I just trim what I need, I don't really pay attention to it - I just trim what I need - I san't - once I get airborne I just fly the airplane, I don't try to fly (garbled) stick (garbled) I just fly the airplane.

(b) (6)

Most of us do.

The following information was provided to the AAR Board by Captain (b) (6) on 26 July 1967.

I can't say for sure that I even visually sighted 500 feet on the barametric altimeter. But I definitely did see 300 feet.

After lift off I held the aircraft 8-10 degrees nose high, bringing up the gear and flaps at 180 knots. When I hit 300 feet, I relaxed a little back pressure to take care of the increased angle of attack caused by pulling up the flaps. Before, this has always leveled me off between 500 feet - 600 feet for acceleration to climb schedule.

I believe I saw the fire with both eyes but I need more time to think about it.

A possible source of ignition may be the grimes light. When I fly at might I normally clip the light to the defogging duct directly above the hook handle, and turned on dim.

STATEGER AND INTERNAT OF SECOND LIEUTEMANT (b) (6)
(B) (6) USMUR concerning RF-4B Bureau Number 154113 accident on 20 July 1967.

STATEMENT AND INTERVIEW MUDE ON 21 JULY 1967. INTERVIEW BY CAPTAIN (b) (6) (b) (6) USMC (TRANSCRIPT OF TAPE RECORDING)

This is Lieutenant (b) (6) victin of an accident on the 20th of July 1967. To the best of my knowledge this is what occurred.

We started rolling off the runway at 0454 in the morning and we weren't airborne more than one or two minutes when there was a huge flash of white light coming from the front, and after this white light I saw a yellow type fire and I heard what I thought might have been an explosion. The ah, finding out later it might have been the aircraft bouncing off the ground someplace, exactly where I don't know. I don't recall hearing any "'eject' 'eject'" from the pilot, he may have called it to me. I just don't recall cause I was so busy, flailing around with the fire and so forth. I didn't see the eject light come on either. Well, I pulled the curtain and the seat didn't go off right away; I didn't pull far enough but the canopy had jettisoned however, and I gave it another tug, at the same time fighting the flames, and next thing I remember is landing on the ground. I don't seem to have been in the air very long at all; it was almost 2 or 3 seconds from the time I ejected to when I touched down. That's the way it seemed to me anyway. I landed about 30 to 40 yards away from Captain (b) (6) calling, and I answered him, and he told me that (b) (6) his strobe light on and asked me if I could see it and I could. I couldn't get out of my torso harness right away, (b) (6) of the rocket jet fittings had not come spart and I was just stuck in the torso harness and under my canopy, ah, like the parachute etc. I started wiggling around and eventually wiggled my way out of the torso harness and I made my way over to (b) at which time he told me that he was fine except for . He had (b) (6) and also that he had, he thought , he was moving about when I got there and we went back; we tried to get his canopy out of the trees but not being able to do so, we went over to where I had landed and picked mine up and we went back to (b) (6) position where there were fewer bugs and he wrapped himself up in the canopy cause he was a little cold and was a little shivering. I went back to where I had landed and got the seat kit, the whole pan and of course pushed it and kicked it rolling it over, and over end, with my feet till I finally got to b) (6) and (b) (b I directed him and we got the seats open and we collected the flares and got the radios out, and he set, I think I seem to recall him setting a flare off right then and there, I'm not sure about this. Well, we got the radios going and we didn't get any results. At around eight o'clock I set out on a trak to try to find some help and after going through a couple places in the swamp I noticed a cabin or building being put up to the right just by the power lines out there and I saw a road and decided to follow it, and it took me

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past a tobacco field and a corn field; and finally go to a more or less of a main road I guess, and a Corporal (b) (6) who works in survival, he operates the bulldozer, he came along and I hailed him down and he took me to a phone where I tried to contact VMCJ-2. I got the crash officer on the line and told him of my condition, and of (b) (6) condition and position as well as I knew where it was. Then the corporal drove me to VMCJ-2 where I met Major (b) (6) and he got somebody to take me over to the emergency ward. That's all I got.

(b) (6)

O.K. One or two questions. One. On the take-off roll, would you tell me anything that Captain (b) (6) said to you over the ICS if you can remember it?

(b)(6)

I don't, ah well, what I remember - he was commenting on the take-off and things seemed to be going normal, I kinda remember him telling me the wheels were up etc., and I believe he's the one that came over the air and said IFR, we had been VFR, and then all the sudden he says IFR and then that's when I saw the flash of light and things happened kinda hurridly then. That's about all.

(b) (6)

O.K. Did, did you hear Captain (b) attempt to make any transmission on the UHF, and also were you still on tower frequency to the best of your knowledge anyhow?

(b) (6)

To the best of my knowledge, we were on tower frequency. I don't recall hearing Captain (5) (6) taking any this transmissions, he may have, however I just don't recall hearing it.

(b) (6)

O.K. In your statement you said that you seen a flash followed by a fire in the front cockpit. How I guess it, did it come back to the back cockpit immediately, or how soon did it get into the back cockpit?

(b) (6)

Well, that uh, that brilliant flash of light, that intense white light, that I saw - I don't dnow; I know it was up front but I don't know whether it was fire or what. And the yellow type flame I saw up front, and I guess it did come back because my (b) (6) when I pulled the face curtain.

(b)(6)

Did you start your ejection sequence immediately upon seeing the fire in the front cockpit?

b) (6)

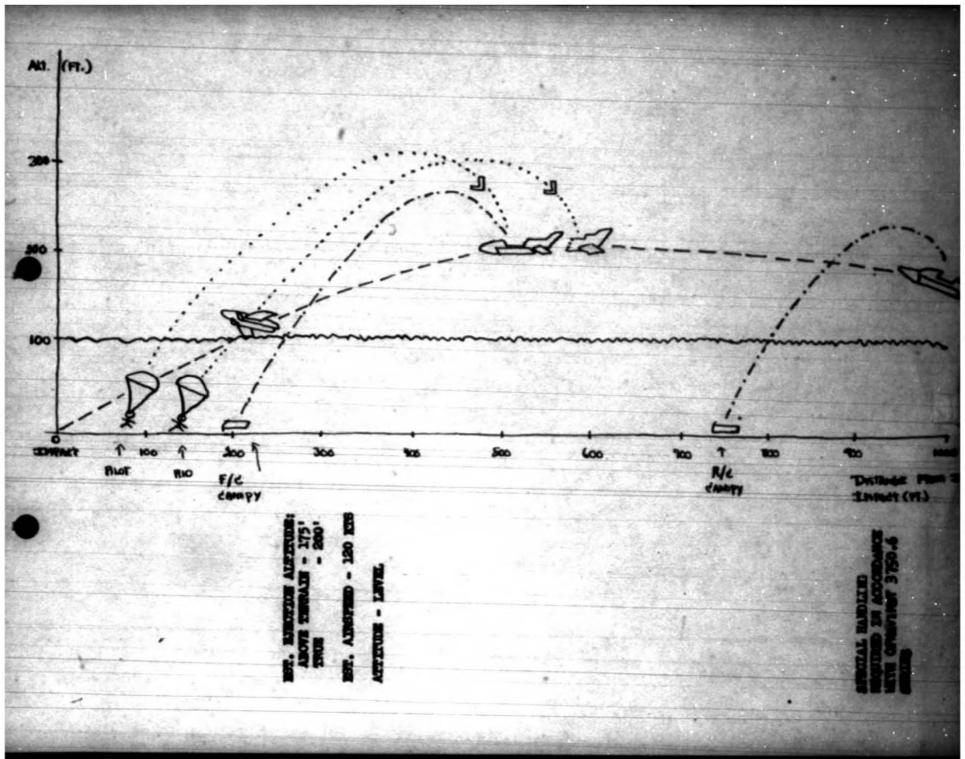
After seeing that brilliant flash of light - I didn't know what it was - and I didn't hear anything from Captain [5][6], at any rate I don't recall hearing anything. When the yellow flame - yellow type flame - I saw and falt, I did go for the face cuft tain immediately.

(b)(6)

O.K. I think that will be all, thank you.

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M.O.R. CONCLUSIONS concerning RF-4B, Bureau Number 153113 accident on 20 July 1967

Captain (b) (6) statement, his physical findings and the condition of his personal flight equipment lend support to the following conclusions:

A. That the fire which engulfed (b) (6) O2 mask and miniregulator was secondary to another fire source and did not originate in the C2 equipment.

Although he sustained (b) (6)

The pilot's O2 mask showed considerable burn damage as did the superior portion of the minireg but no burn damage could be found below this point in the O2 system. The O2 hose was intact.

B. That the pilot's canopy shattered prior to the cockpit fire. Captain (b)(6) injuries (b)(6) vere the result of a striking force and not burn injuries. The (b)(6) would indicate that his hardhat was rotated in a superior direction to expose this area to the fire. Examination of the hardhat reveals that the visor housing had been broken and that the plastic visor housing support on the left side was missing. This was later recovered near the area of initial contact with the trees, and it was found to be free of burn danage or smoke stains. Also Captain (b)(6) indicated in his statement that he had (b)(6) prior to ejection.

GENERAL RECOMMENDATION: SEE AAR RECOMMENDATIONS CONCERNING CRASH ALERT AND RESCUE OPERATIONS

I do not intend to involve the M.O.R. in a detailed discussion of the complacency surrounding the crash alert phase of this accident. However, I do wish to make one point. Four hours elapsed between ejection and rescue while the crash site was only three miles from M.C.A.S. Cherry Point. Fortunately in this instance the delay in the medical treatment of the survivor's injuries did not appreciably affect their eventual outcome. Should they have been burned more severely, in shock, bleeding, etc., the delay could have been tragic.

Aeromedical recommendations on following page.

### RECOMMENDATIONS

Widespread distribution of dual-visor hardhats:

Capt. (b) (6) had the option of choosing either a clear visor or a shaded visor prior to launch. He chose the shaded visor since, although he launched at night, he would have flown the greater part of the mission directly into the sunrise. Consequently, he had to launch with his visor in the up position. It is theorized that the traumatic (b) (6) damage which Capt. Manz incurred could have been prevented with visor protection.

Improved availability of flight suits:

Capt. (b) (6) had unsuccessfully attempted to survey his flight suit through squadron, group and wing channels two weeks prior to the accident. His flight suit was worn and frayed at the sleeves and considerably worn through the shoulder areas. His alternate flight suit was also in substandard condition. He subsequently suffered (b) (6)

 Possible redesign of flight suits to offer more adequate protection of neck area;

Both the pilot and the PTO cuffered which could not have been presented with current design of flight suit.

- 4. Modification of RSSK-1 seat pan to include automatic activation of ANPRO-3 survival radio at time of ejection.
- 5. Reiteration of hazards resulting from failure to wear protective equipment; i.e., flight gloves:

Although this point has been stressed time and time again, too large a percentage of air crewmen are not convinced of the risks involved. The breakdown in this area does not appear to be in the Training Command but rather after the individual joins stoperational squadron where he is exposed to the poor example set by the more "experienced" personnel.

## CAPTIONS FOR ATTACHED PHOTOGRAPHS

- 2nd/Lt., NFO Hands: Although he carried his flight gloves with him them.

  (b)(6)

  The remainder of his injuries were minor and would not in themselves haved required hospitalization.
- 2. (b) (6) Capt., Pilot Hands: Pilot was wearing his flight gloves. Although pilot was exposed to fire source of greater intensity and greater duration, his hands are virtually free of injury except for (b) (6) which corresponds to location of glove tear which existed prior to flight.
- 3. (b) (6) Capt., Pilot Right Lateral Frontal View of Face:
  (b) (6) Pilot had visor in up position and had removed 02 mask after fire entered cockpit.
- 4. (b) (6) , Capt., Pilot Left Lateral View Face
- 5. (b) (6) Oxygen Mask: View of interior showing considerable burn damage.
- 6. Oxygen Mask Retention Cup: Burn damage confined principally to right inferior portion.
- 7. (b) (6) Oxygen Mask Exterior View: Principal damage to left face
- 8. (b)(6) Oxygen Mask Inferior View: Through and through burn damage causing mask to be separated from minireg assembly.
- 9. (b)(6) Flight Suit: Both shoulder areas and right knee area burned through. Sleeve and shoulder sections are worn and frayed.
- 10. (b)(6) and (b)(6) Personal and Survival Equipment
- 11. Topso Harness: Burn holes in coller and left lapel areas.
- 12. (b) (6) Miniregulator: Superior aspect of minireg reveals burn damage. 02 hose and block intact.
- 13. (b) (6) Miniregulator, 0 Hose and Block
- 14. Position and Drouge Controller Chute in Pinal Resting
- 15. (b) (6) Personal Chute and Survival Equipment

- 16. (b) (6) Hardhat Charred and Smoke Stained, Visor Housing Broken:
  Compared with visor tract which had been torn from hardhat
  and exited aircraft prior to cockpit fire.
- 17. (b) (6) Hardhat Right Lateral View: Comparison of intact visor tract on right with left tract which had been disledged prior to fire.

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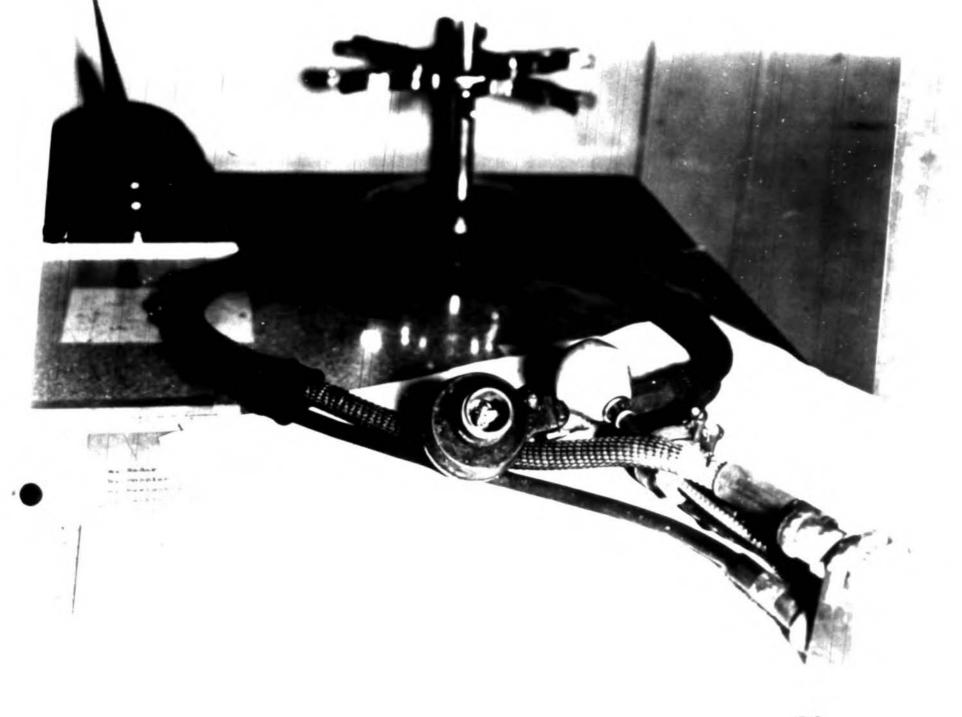






















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None  None  None  None  None	narre	int of ative	the											
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At O454, 20 July 1967, aircraft RF-4B, BU No. 153113 departed MCAS Cherry Point, N.C. on a scheduled bogey track for an anti-warfare exercise of Second Marine Aircraft Wing with (b) (6) USMC as pilot and 2ndLt. (b) (6) , USMCR as Reconnaissance Systems Operator. Capt. (b) (6) was launching as a single aircraft following the in chocks abort of his flight leader, in an EAGA aircraft.

The flight had been filed as a Local Instrument Clearance but was modified to a VFR denarture/IFR recovery by the pilot upon notification of VFR conditions by Cherry Point Departure Control. The weather at the time was 300 variable scattered 4 miles visibility.

The pilot noted no discrepancies during run-up and read the takeoff list to the RSO on "Hot Mike." An afterburner takeoff and initial climb appeared normal to the pilot and all observers. The aircraft entered low clouds shortly after takeoff. Between 300-400 feet MSL over the end of the runway, the pilot pushed over in order to "duck" under a low cloud to remain VFR. At a point one and a half miles from the end of the duty runway 320 on the same heading, the aircraft struck trees at an altitude 115 MSL and approximate air speed of 360 Knts. and a flight path of 2.5 degrees below the horizontal. The aircraft continued on this flight path for approximately 640 Ft. then assumed a more nearly horizontal flight path for the next 545 Ft. During this period the aircraft made contact with four groups of trees (a total of 21 trees altogether). At the initial contact with the first group of trees, the right wing tank was torn from the aircraft and expleded. At this instant the pilot observed a Master Caution The RSO noted a brillant white flash of light coming from the right front cockpit area which is theorized to have been a reflection of the right wing tank explosion in the pilot's right rear view mirror. Immediately the aircraft struck the second group of trees shattering the pilot's canopy. The canopy fragments struck the pilot's hardhat and face, breaking the visor housing and (0) (6) (his visor was in the up position). A part of

the visor bousing exited the aircraft at this time. He also suffered

Fire then entered the front cockpit. The pilot tore his 02 mask off and the fine attacked the mask. The RSO in the rear cockpit suffered (b) (6)

(b)(6) at this time. The aircraft exited the trees at the South bank of a creek (Tucker Creek). At this point both external tanks were gone, fuel cells were ripped open, large sections of both outer wing panels and stabilators were torn ADDENDUM SECTION A NO. 30, Page 2

off and the aircraft was burning profusely. However, enough airspeed and air foil remained for the aircraft to cross the creek and clear the trees on the North bank. It continued above the trees to an estimated altitude of 200 Ft. and traversed a distance of 3000 Ft. During this period the RSO and then the pilot ejected successfully. The aircraft then descended again through the trees, nose high, right wing down, its flight path at an angle of 30 with the horizontal to its final resting place.

MEDICAL OFFICER'S REPORT OF A CIDENT, INCIDENT, OR GROUND ACCIDENT - I OPNAY FORN 3750-64 (REV. 2-63) SPECIAL HANDLING REQUIRED. - See CONAVINST 3750.6E for Instru SECTION 8 - FACTORS CONTRIBUTING TO OR RELATING TO MISHAP BY PHASE OF MISHAP (List in order in accordance with Section B of inst.) PHASE OF MISHAP FACTORS (See code at right) C - CONTRIBUTING O - GUESTIONABLE OR POSSIBL AESR SEE ADDENDUM Pilot error Personality structure M Physical Inceptaitation M SECTION D ANTHROPOMETRIC DATA (Compare with health record) ECTION C AIR CREW DATA L PLIGHT TIME LAST 30 DAYS
(All models)

L PLIGHT TIME LAST 24 HOURS
(All models) MOT AVAILABLE DUE TO FATIENT'S INJURIES 52.3 ME 29 YES 2.0 HEIGHT 4. TIME AT CONTROLS THIS FLIGHT min 1548.6 BONT not avait. N. NO. DAYS GROUNDED PAST YEAR 12. DAYES AND TYPES OF PRIOR MIS None IS, NO. HRS. IN A DUTY STATUS LAST 24 HRS. none IL DIRECTION PACING AT TIME OF MISHAP forward In command of aircraft, for-LABORATORY TESTS AND R 153113 Pilot

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## ADDENDUM to Page 27 Metion B-1: PILOT: MANZ



PILOT ERROR - Accident Phase.

The primary cause for this accident as agreed to and assigned by all members of the accident board was Pilot Error (Error in Judgement). As of the date of this report no evidence to support material failure played a part of this accident. This decision has been commented upon in further detail in the VMCJ-2 AAR 1-68A.

PERSONALITY STRUCTURE - Accident Phase.

I feel that Captain (5) (6) s basic personality structure was an integral: factor in this accident. I have known Captain tor approximately one year during which time he served as NATOPS Officer, Test Pilot, and then following his graduation from safety school, as Safety Officer. Captain was regarded as an above average pilot and his rigid adherence to NATOPS Regulations was well known throughout the squadron. He was highly critical of even the most minor procedural deviations. Captain (a) was a perfectionist with an inordinate capacity for work. He constantly strived to improve his aviation capabilities although his flying achievements were already clearly outstanding. He usually led the squadron in monthly flight time, launching cross country flights nearly every other week. Also he was assigned a good percentage of missions because of his willingness to accept at times when the weather might impose limitations on less experienced aviators. His overconscientiousness is manifest in his desire to return to Vietnam for his second tour of duty earlier than would have been necessary and his disappointment over the fact that during his first tour he was forced to spend most of his time in Japan, rather in the actual war zone.

The above qualities taken together constitute

Captain (b) (c) to the decision he made, which was to "Duck Under" the low altitude clouds and thus avoid a flight violation of a VFR Clearance. Also his preoccupation with maintaining the exact prescribed climb schedule was probably a contributing distraction.

PHYSICAL INCAPACITATION - Survival Phase.

Although Captain (b) (6) functioned remarkably well in the survival situation, he was considerably restricted by (b) (6)

NOTE: Although an Aircraft Accident which is preceded by a rapid transition from VFR to LFR conditions might seem to be the perfect situation for spacial disorientation, I can find no evidence to support "Vertigo" in this instance. The flight path of the aircraft was straight and level and was not involved in angular or rotary acceleration. Captain [5][6] denies any rapid movements of his head in any direction during the linear acceleration. Also the pilot has experienced "Vertigo" in other type aircraft (RF-8) and feels he is able to recognize it as such. He has never experienced vertigo while flying the RF-4B.

1-68A

RF-4B

153113

Pilot

ADDENDUM to Page 2, Section B-1: NFO: (b)(6)

CREW RESPONSIBILITY - Accident Phase.

It is possible that a more experience NFO would have been elerted to the low level flight path by his conditioned instrument scan, LT. (5) (6) had only eleven (11) hours in this type of sircraft and was making his first night launch. He admits that he was preoccupied with concern over the proper operation of the aircraft systems.

PHYSICAL INCAPACITATION - Survival Phase.

LT. (b) (6)

prevented him from removing his parachute fitting in the prescribed fashion. He was also unable to participate, except by visually directing Captain (b) (6) in the deployment of his survival equipment.

1-68A

RF-48

153113

MEO

TUE 18	JUL	48 HOURS PRIOR TO MISHAP
		46 NOURS PRIOR TO MISPAP

TUE 18 JUL	46 HOURS PRIOR TO MISHAP	
0645	Avoke.	
0715	Breakfast_Carnation	
	Instant.	
0730	EA-6 Class, MAG-14 Ground School.	
1130	Lunch.	
1300	EA-6 Class, MAG-14 Ground School.	
1700	Home.	
1730	To local restruant wit wife for dinner.	b
2200	To bed.	
WED 19 JUL		
0645	Avoke.	
0715	Breakfast, Carnation Instant.	
0730	Squadron, EA-6 Class.	
1130	Lunch, 2 sandwiches &	
	Pepsi.	
1605	Commence F-10 Hop.	
1802	End F-10 Hop.	
1900	Dinner at Home, Chicke	2
1020	Chow Mein.	
1930 1950	Read Hand Book. To bed.	
THUR 20 JUL	10 000.	
0250	Avoke - Instant	
	Breakfast.	
0305	Arrived at Squadron.	
0310	Breifing.	
0454	Take-off.	
	Mary 2012 1014 1000	Ì

0455 ACCIDENT PHASE	Impact with trees.
0455	Ejected.
Survival Phase Est 0500 Est 0500 Est 0600 0800 0830 0905	Removed harness fittings. Inflated PK-2. Name verbal contact with RIO. Set off night flares and turned on strobe light. Fired pencil flares. Worked with RIO in arranging remainder of survival gear. Activated survival radios RIO departed. SAR H-34 overhead. Fired remaining pencil flares.

0700	Asroke.		
0715	Breakfast - Cookies &		I FILATI
	Milk.		-2-1
0730	A.O.M. at Squadron.		
0830	Attended duties as Asst.		
1 1 1	Legal officer.		1
1130	Lunch, Sausage & Eggs.		
1200	Changed to Utilities.		1
1300	Returned to Squadron to		
	burn secret documents.		1 - 1
	Cancelled because of rath.		
1530	lat brief on ABCEX.		
1700	Home.		1
1730	Dinner, Ham & Beans.		-
1830	Visit neighbors.		1 1
2115	Beturned home.		1
2145	Went to bed.	0455	Impact with trees, notice
D 19 JUL	A	ACCIDENT	white flush of light and
0700	Awoke.	PROME	fire in front cockpit.
0715	Breakfast, Pie & Milk.		
0740	Squadron A.O.M.	0455	Ejected.
1200	Attended Legal Matters.	ESCAPE PHASE	
	Lunch, Sandwiches.	Survival	III and the SI
1300	Wing Legal Office.	Phase.	N S N
1330	Return to Squadron,	Est 0530	Free of Torso Harness.
1530	Legal work there.	Est 0600	Worked with Pilot
1550	Changed to flight gear for possible hop but		arranging survival gear.
Contract L	was replaced.	0800	Activated survival radios
1700	Home.	0830	Departed crash site.
1830	A COMPANY OF THE PARTY OF THE P	0845	Met CPL MINZ.
10,00	Dinner, Western, French Fries & Milk.	0855	Galled crash crew officer
2130	Went to bed.		
R 20 JUL	The state of the s	DOM	14分析 2016年 10 700 600
0200	Auche	0915	Arrived at Squadron.
0215	Breakfast, Pie & Milk.	0920	Taken to Hospital.
0235	Arrived at Squadron.	Service Control	
0310	Briefing.		
0454	Take-off.	<b>运搬和班三次晚间</b> 50	
See See			<b>计是是正式表示是是正规定的</b>
SECTION AND ASSESSED.		of the same the	STATE OF THE PARTY
SCHOOL	The second second second	SAME TO SAME	<b>经验证的</b>
		E CHARLES FOR	STATE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE P
BULLEY,	<b>企业。图23、2010日期,1003年</b>		THE REAL PROPERTY OF THE PERSON OF THE PERSO
		NAME AND ADDRESS OF THE OWNER, THE PARTY OF	The state of the s

	MONG. AND PROPERTY	A PROPERTY OF	STATISTICATION OF SECTIONAL
1-684	15-73	153113	BAVAL PLIGHT OFFICER (BTO)
DATE OF TAXABLE	STREET, STREET	THE RESERVE OF THE PERSON NAMED IN	<b>の記載しまり付けるというのではられるのはままりますのであった。</b> からから、

CIDENT, INCIDENT, OR GROUND ACCIDENT - 44

SPECIAL HANDLING REQUIRED - See OPPLOYINST 5758.6E for least MEDICAL OFFICER'S REPORT OF A OPHAY FORM \$750-8C (REV. 3-65) PATHOLOGICAL DATA CTION F (Refer to Section F of it I. INJUST CODE AND DISPOSITION NONE NO YES BURATION S. ASPHYRIATED S. EXTENT OF CARBONISATION X HAD MODERATE SEVERE MILD MODERATE SEVERE 10. PLACE OF HOSPITALIZATION USNH, Camp LeJeune, N.C. IL GROUNDED! IF YES, GIVE REASON 12. DURATION (See Instruction) NO TES Same as #9 Probably Permanent IS. PRIMARY CAUSE OF DEATH 14. SECONDARY CAUSE OF DEATH NA IS. AUTOPSY CONDUCTED BY: PATHOLOGIST, MEDICAL OFFICER NOT PRESENT WEDICAL OFFICER PROTOCOL ATTACHED WILL BE FORWARDED 17. WAS "AUTOPSY MANUAL, NAVMED PROSS" USED! 18. IF NO AUTOPSY COMPUCTED, GIVE REASON TES | 100 NA NA PHASE SUSTAINED INJURIES CAUSE AND MECHANISM (If unknown, theorize) I Fragments of Broken Canopy. I Fragments of Broken Canopy. I Fragments of Broken Canopy. Fire in Cockpit. I I Decelerative forces on Torso Harness. I I Canopy fragments versus Egress thru trees. I Egress thru trees. Flammable rubber fittings on Knee Board. Patient was originally admitted to Station Hospital, MCAS, Cherry Point, N.C., until an evaluation of the extent of his injuries could be made. He was then transferred to USNH, Camp LeJeune, N.C. RI-4B 153113 PILOT

MEDICAL OFFICER'S REPORT OF A/O SPECIAL HANDLING REQUIRED - See OPERVINST 3750.62 for in PATHOLOGICAL DATA NONE S. ASPHYRIATED S. EXTENT OF CARBONIZATION MODERATE SEVENE MILD MODERATE SEVENE I HELD Station Hospital 2 months (Estimated) X YES Same as #9 13. PRIMARY CAUSE OF DEATH 14. SECONDARY CAUSE OF BEATH NA 16. IS. AUTOPSY CONSUCTED BY: MEDICAL OFFICER PROTOCOL ATTACHED WILL BE FORWARDED PATHOLOGIST, MEDICAL OFFICER PRESENT PATHOLOGIST, MEDICAL OFFICER NOT PRESENT IF. WAS "AUTOPEY MANUAL, NAVMED PROSS" USED! 18. IF NO AUTOPSY CONDUCTED, GIVE REASON YES MO NA NA PHASE SUSTAINED CAUSE AND MECHANISM (If unknown, theorize) INJURIES I Fire in Cockpit. I Fire in Cockpit. I Impact with ground. I Impact with ground. Egress thru trees. x NONE 153113 AVAL PLIGHT OFFICER (RIO)

C ACCIDENT, INCIDENT, OR GROUND A DENT - PAGE 4A OFFICE IN THE SPECIAL HANDLING REQUIRED. See OFFICE INST 1770-SEE (or to MEDICAL OFFICER'S REPORT OF

PHAY PORM 3750-60 (REV. 5-65)

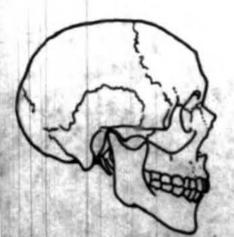
**BURFACE INJURIES** 

DESCRIBE AND SHOW GRAPHICALLY BY OUTLINING AND SHADING AFFECTED AREAS ALL LACERATIONS, ABRASIONS, CONTUSIONS, PUNCTURE WOUNDS, SPRAINS AND SURNS

CTION F (Con

DETAILS OF SKULL FRACTURES AND BRAIN INJURY, DESCRIBE AND SHOW GRAPHICALLY. 1. ALL PRACTURES, BY TYPE (Simple, depressed, or indirect, six.) 2. SITES OF BRAIN LESIONS, IF ANY. 3. DISLOCATIONS OF MANDIBLE.

NONE







MEDICAL OFFICER'S REPORT OF C ACCIDENT, INCIDENT, OR GROUND A DENT - PAGE 4A GROUND REPORT STRONG OPPIAY FORM STRONG (REV. 2-95) SURFACE INJURIES SECTION F (Continued)

DESCRIBE AND SHOW GRAPHICALLY BY OUTLINING AND SHADING AFFECTED AREAS ALL LACERATIONS, ABRASIONS, CONTUSIONS, PUNCTURE WOUNDS, SPRAINS AND SURINS RECORD ALL INJURIES NO MATTER HOW TRIVIAL, WHETHER PATIENT LIVED OR DIED

DETAILS OF SKULL FRACTURES AND BRAIN INJURY, DESCRIBE AND SHOW GRAPHICALLY.

1. ALL FRACTURES, BY TYPE (Simple, depressed, or indirect, etc.) 2. SITES OF BRAIN LESIONS, IF ANY, 3. DISLOCATIONS OF MANDIBLE.

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NAVAL FLIGHT OFFICER (RIC)

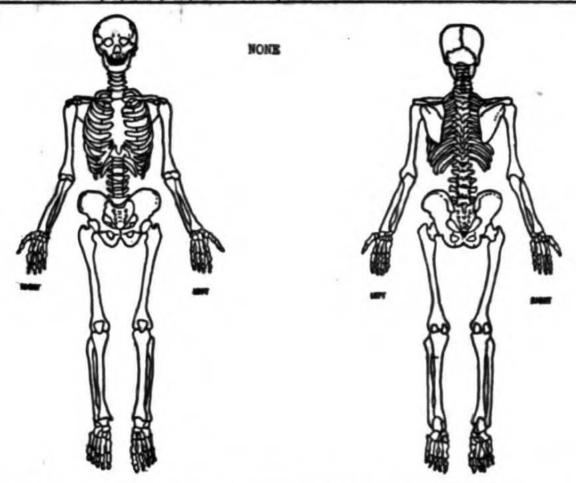
MEDICAL OFFICER'S REPORT OF A/C CIDENT, INCIDENT, OR GROUND ACCIDENT GE 48
OFFICE TO SPECIAL HANDLING REQUIRED See OPNAVINST 3750-4E Instructions

SPRAY DEPOST 3750-7

SECTION F (Continued)

SKELETAL INJURIES

DESCRIBE AND SHOW GRAPHICALLY BY OUTLINING
ALL FRACTURES BY TYPE (Simple, compound, comminuted, etc.) AND DISLOCATIONS INDICATING DIRECTION OF DISPLACEMENT.



DESCRIBE AND SHOW GRAPHICALLY: 1. ALL FRACTURES OF SPINAL COLUMN (Simple, compressed, etc.)
2. DISLOCATION AND DIRECTION OF DISPLACEMENT. 2. SITES OF CORD DAMAGE, IF ANY.

DETAILS OF SPINAL INJURIES NONE



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DOGEL A/C

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CHTIFICATION OF INSTRUMENT

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153113

PILOT

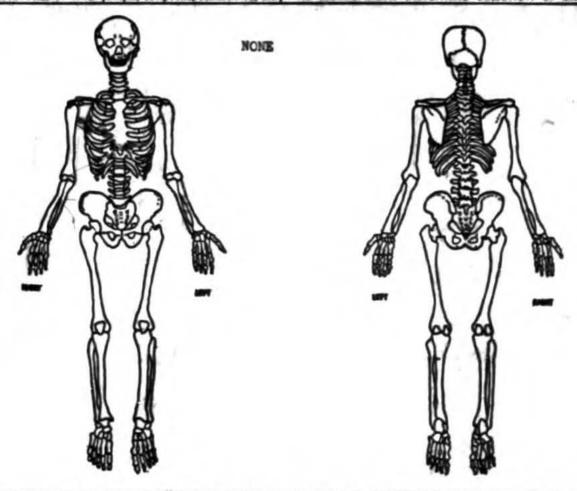
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ECTION F (Continued)

SKELETAL INJURIES

DESCRIBE AND SHOW GRAPHICALLY BY OUTLINING
ALL FRACTURES BY TYPE (Simple, compound, commincted, etc.) AND DISLOCATIONS INDICATING DIRECTION OF DISPLACEMENT



DESCRIBE AND SHOW GRAPHICALLY: I. ALL FRACTURES OF SPINAL COLUMN (Simple, compressed, etc.)

2. DISLOCATION AND DIRECTION OF DISPLACEMENT. 2. SITES OF CORD DAMAGE, IF ANY.

DETAILS OF SPINAL INJURIES

NONE



1-68A

RE-JB

153113

SERVICE OF INSTRUCT

HAVAL FLIGHT OFFICER (RIO)

## MEDICAL OFFICER'S REPORT OF C ACCIDENT, INCIDENT, OR GROUND ADDENT - PAGE 5

ij	DPNAY FORM 3780-6F (RE	V. 3-65)	91. L	150		MECIAL H	ANDLING	QUIRED. See OPNAY INST 3750-68 for instruction	
	SECTION G		CAPE, PER	SONAL A	ND SUR	VIVAL EQ	UIPMENT	DECEMBER OF THE PROPERTY OF THE	
-	LIST AND CODE IN ACCORD	печстно		PHASE CODES: A ACCIDENT/MISHAP E-ESCAPE/ES					
	EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION INCLUDING SPECIFIC MODEL DESIGNATION	MODIFICATION	RE- QUIRED	AVAIL- ABLE	S. NEED	6. USED	7. FAILED	Explain failures, loss, and/or difficulty ancoun- tered. Use additional 8x101/s plain paper If meeded.)	
	Hard Hat APH-6A Visor-Med-Neutral	AC-SEB No.1-60	I	AESR	AE	AE		7 1 150	
	32H1297-1 Viebr-Med-Clear	4.	I	AESR	-			2. See Addendum Section G-8	
ŀ	32H1297-2		X	NO	AE			3. See Addendum Section G-8	
	02 Mask, Al3A, Med. Mini-Regulator, RSI	•	x	AESR	A	A		4. See Addendum Section G-8	
	226-20004-2 Ser.#2 02 Hose, A.R.D.C.	26	I	AESR	A	A		17. See Addendum Section G-8	
	12107-113-375 Cable Assembly, ASI	-	x	AESR	A .	A		18. See Addendum Section G-8	
	H-13137-390 Intermediate Block		x	AESR	A	A		19. See Addendum Section G-8	
	Type 2. 21009-7 Se Retention Cup, 331		X	AESR	A	A		25. See Addendum Section G-8	
	(Adapter, Harness	Assby)	I	AESR	A	A		THE R. P.	
•	Suit, Integrated ? Harness, MIL-S-190 (AER) Medium-Reg.	brso Harley B9 Buckle	I	AESR	AE	AE		29. See Addendum Section G-8	
		Yeah Pit							

SECTION H

10.

NARRATIVE OF ESCAPE/EGRESS, SURVIVAL AND RESCUE PHASES

See Addendum Section H.

PILOT

			SPRESIDE DE			
	Equipment	2. Modification	3. Req. 4.	Avail.	5.Need 6.	Used 7.Fa:
11.	Survival Vest, SV-1.	1 1 1 1 1	*	AESR	SR	SR
	DSA-4 Survival Knife-Sheeth 5		00 X	AESR	SR '	SR
	Shroud Cutter, GS-005 61944.	1	* X	AESR	SR	R.B.
	Strobe Light, SD-U, 5-E, 17988		X	AESR	SR	SR
	Signal Kit, Illumination Gun,					1,000
	7 Flares, Mark-79, MOD-0.	1 22	x	AESR	SR	SR
16.	Mark 3-C, Ser#16374/N383-7999-				79	11 - " "
	Flare, MK-13, MOD-0. (2 dye	15-60, 4-62,				
	markers, 2 flares, 1 whistle).			AESR		
	Coverall, Anti-G Suit, Z-4, W.	H.	X	NO	•	
18.	Gloves, Summer, Flying, B-3A,					
	Polyamide/Lesther.		x	AESR	AESR	AESR
19.	Coverall, Summer, Flying, Man'			Contract of	CASTON	The second second
	Tan, MIL-C-5390G (WEPS).		x	AESR	AESR	AESR AE
	Boots, Flying, Safety, Steel T		x	AESR	AESR	AESR
21.	Parachute, MBEU 5000 PA,	ACSC #41, C-				-
	Ser#418169	SEC#5, Ver.A.		AESR	E	E
22.	Back Pad.	ACSC#76, BAC-				
		Ser#24-59.	x	AESR	E	E
	Seat Cushion, 1", 800239.		x	AESR	E	E
24.	Survival Kit Assembly, RSSK-		_			
	lA, Ser#158.		x	AESR	SR	SR
25.	PK-2 Raft, Ser#12135.	IACSC#101,				
		ACSC#55,				
	the second second	C-SEC#13.	X.H	AESR	S	S
26.	Mark-13, MOD-0, Day/Night					
	Distress Flare, Lot#19-960.		x	AESR	SR	SR
	Deselter Kit, Mark II, Type II		x	AESR		
28.	Emergency Beacon, AN PRT-3,			STATE OF THE PARTY.		
	Ser#1261.		x	AESR	SR	SR
29.	2 Dye Markers, Sponge, Signal		-			
	Mirror.		x	AESR		

to Page 5, Section 6. A/C Accident 1-68A, PILOT: N John

- position. uffered VISOR-Med-Neutral: ition. EXPLANATION: been prevented. Pilot had It was a night hop and he could not se this shaded visor in hard hat, although not in wi th which theoritical
- ecause he would have ppropriate VISOR-Med-Clear: visor for Left behind at Paraloft although it would seem to have been the a night launch. The pilot explains he chose the shaded visor been flying into the sun during the major portion of the mission
- in the cockpit. 02 MASK: This was The mask was attacked by cockpit fire and showed after he w considerable BANKE of the fire TING.
- 5 Maneuvers. COVERALL, ANTI-G SUIT: Left at squadron. Pilot states he did not anticipate G
- prior to launch. which corresponded in Pilot suffered otherwise unremarkable. location to small tear in right glove which existed Ē
- BUTTON through causing 19. COVERALL, Man's Flying, prescribed manner. Y CO mently rolled up. for two (2) weeks but was unable to do so because . the supply available in his size. Suit had been washed and fireproofed in Also, shoulders of the suit were worn and were subsequently burned Cause Swer ů, this, Sleeves of flight suit worn and frayed and were pilot suffered Pilot states he attempted
- H 25. ial anberg PK-2 MATT: fashion as Used by pilot for elevation from wet a preventive measure against Bron and to ward off shock Also
- 29. survival radio AMPRI-3: There are no gurrent modifications for autor Seat Pan.

5, NOR 1-68A, A/C Accident of face curtain as 153113 of 20 July 1967

eft eye with his hand and located face curtain, system. 11 11 Actua uncertain whether theorized to touching F Harma E ř Oz mask, 113 drogue controller chute had hung affixed arrested 100 Bitting

ogether effectively. reckage and the H-34 landed nearby. ther PK-2 cplosion of the wheel wells and the pilot instructed the MFO to sy walked over to the location of the NFO's chute. the SAR crew. PRI-49A and the AN PRI-3 beacon radios at about 0800. managed to kick his seat pan pack to the same position or PK-2 raft in the manner of a trandelemberg table to fire is BUTTYAL with a piece of parachute canopy and the re heard a C-117 P. Be he heard the H-34 parachute canopy. the MFO to more easily find the pilot. inflated off a night flare and MPO's They then heard several secondary explosions which are Myeral theorized to knife and carried the chute \$ round about 30 yards away and instructed his PK-2 raft 11 1s ent of arre aircraft going to depart and later the They were unable to remove the pilot's chute from the trees so to be his 02 mask. After releasing | the fire was readily extinguished. him in this position. land, he established verbal communication with thought that most of these by the No. 1 needle and carried him and began to fire his pencil The SAR helicopter launched the landing site two pencil flares and turned on to elevate himself and the NFO visually sighted an F-9. At After the pilot heard the H-34 to the location of MPO's could not release ous After releasing his parachute in the to seek help. They realized then that although from the wet position. F bounced off the over! The pilot cut the shroud flares. at about 0900 and DACOMBA 07 The pilot then wrapped evevate They had activated The pilot then PETT The cres At 0830 the 2 ground. his strobe light, cover his his torso harness attributed and the source of Lower The MFO Partings they could inflated the lines with himself mi tries. H F

MEDICAL OFFICER'S REPORT OF C ACCIDENT, INCIDENT, OR GROUND DENT - PAGE 5 OFNAY MEDICAL HANDLING HOUSED. See OFNAY INST. 1798.48 (s. SECTION G ESCAPE, PERSONAL AND SURVIVAL EQUIPMENT ES: A-ACCIDENT/MISHAP E-ESCAPE/EGRESS PHAS LIST AND CODE IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 6 OF INSTRUCTIONS S-SURVIVAL R-RESCUE PHASE EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION REMARKS AVAIL MEED loss, and/or diff MODIFICATION USED FAILED (Explain feilures, INCLUDING SPECIFIC QUIRED ABLE tered. Use additional 8x101/2 plain paper If nee MODEL DESIGNATION 1. Hard hat, APH-6A AC Ser#1-60 AESE AE AE 2. Visor-Med-Neutral. #2. AESR AE See Addendum Section G-8 32H1297-1. #3. 3. Visor-Med-Clear, See addendum Section G-8 32H1297-2 NO AE 4. 62 Mask, A-13A, Small, #11. MS-22001. AESR AE AE See addendum section G=6 5. Mimi-regulator, RSF, #12. 226-20004-3. AE AE See addendum section G-8 AESR #13. 6. 02 Hose, A.R.D.C. See addendum section G-8 AE 12107-113-375. AESR AE #14. 7. Cable Assembly, ASP-AE See addendum section G-8 H-13137-390. AESR AE 8. Intermediate Block, Type 2-21009-7, Ser#893. AE AE AESR

Continued; SECTION H

(AER).

9. Retention Cup, 7194-1

10. Suit, Integrated

(Adapter & Harness Assby)

Harness, Torso, Large-Regular. MIL-S-19089

NARRATIVE OF ESCAPE/EGRESS, SURVIVAL AND RESCUE PHASES

AE

AE

AE

AE

ARSR

AESR

SEE ADDENDUM SECTION H

C-SEB#18

Koch fit. ACSC#41

HeloLift C&SEC#4

FICER (RIO)

## MOR Page 5 continued: (b) (6)

1.	Equipment	,*	2.	. Modification	3.	Req.	4.	Avail.	5.	Need	6.	Jee
11.	Mark 3-C, SerNo-11207 Flares, MK-13 MOD-0. 1 Whistle.	그렇게 하는 사람들이 얼마나 아니는 사람들이 가장 되었다. 나는 사람들이 되었다면 되었다.		ACASEB 40-57A, 15-60, 4-62, 5-63/CASEC#21.		x		AESR				
12.	Survival Vest, SV-1: Light, Marker, Distre Signal Kit Illuminati Cutter, Pocket; Enife Blade and Sheath.	ess; MK-79 MOD-0 ion; Knife, Shrow	ıd			x		NO		S		
13.	Gloves, Leather, Work B-3A, Sheepskin.	type. Type				x		AESR		AESR		- 1
14.	Coverall, Anti-G Suit	L. Z-4. W.H.				X		AESE		12	1	AESI
	Coveralls, Flying, Me							Catalog of Part				10
	MIL-C-5390G(WEPS) Ora					X		AESR		AESR	J	AESI
16.	Boots, Flying Safety,	, Steel Toe,										- 1
	DSA100-663.	As and the second second				X		AESR		AESE	1 1	AESI

ADDENDUM to Page 5, Section G, #8: A/C Accident 1-68A, MFO:

- (b) (6)
- 2. VISOR-Med-Neutral: NFO had this shaded visor in hard hat although not in down position. EXPLANATION: It was a night hop and he could not see with visor down. He suffered (D) (6)
- 3. VISOR-Med-Clear: Left behind at paraloft although this would seem to have been the appropriate visor.
- 11. MARK-3C: Used as a means of elevating NFO from wet ground.
- 12. SURVIVAL VEST & CONTENTS: Left behind at squadron.
- 13. GLOVES-Leather: These were carried on his person but not worn. (b)

(b) (6)

14. PARACHUTE: NFO's chute was used to cover the pilot to prevent exposure.

ADDENDUM to Page 5, Section H. MOR 1-68A. A/C Accident of Bullo. 153113 of 20 July 1967 in the case of NFO (0) (6)

NFO pulled face curtain to the point of jettisoning canopy but not far enough to activate the sest. He then reached for the alternate ejection handles with one hand but felt intense heat in that area and returned with both hands to face curtain and pulled again thus initiating ejection sequence. He does not remember forward tumble or opening shock. He describes landing very smoothly and the entire sequence appeared to last only two or three seconds. Personnel chute was partially covering the MFO. He was able to release his Koch fittings but his left rocket jet fitting was stuck and with his (b) (6) open it. He explained his situation to the pilot who instructed him to remove his torso harness. The pilot had his strobe light on by "thich the NFO located him. He estimated they were approximately 30 yards apart. He found the pilot with his . The pilot was free of his parachute and moving about. They attempted to remove the pilot's personnel chute from tree but were unable to do so. They then returned to location of MFO's chute and removed it to use to keep insects from their (b) (6) . The NFO then returned to location of his seat pan and kicked the seat pan back to location of pilot with his feet. Acting as the pilot's eyes, the then directed the pilot in his attempt to open the seat pan and remove survival equipment. They then activated both radios. About 0880 the NFO set out to find help. He found some power lines and followed these to a road which took him through a tobacco field and corn field to another road. There he met a CPL (b) (6) who took him to the nearest phone where he called the crash officer and told him of their position. CPL (b) (6) then drove the NFO to MCAS. VMCJ-2 Squadron building where he met MAJOR (b) (6) who arranged to have him transported to the Emergency Room at the Station Hospital.





## ADDENDUM to Page 5 for EJECTION SEATS utilized in A/C Accident case of (b) (6) 6 (b) (6) in A/C BuNo. 153113 on 20 July 1967 at MCAS, Cherry Point, N.C.

EJECTION SEAT - FRONT, PILOT: MANZ, MK H5A/A1

#2117 Martin-Baker Modifications

Main Gun 1034, 1084, 1233, 1373, 1403, 1703.

Seat Component 1177, 1742.

Drogue Gun 1244, 2365, 2366, 2479, 1528.

Time Release 1489, 2363, 2391, 2411, 2430, 2648, 1717, 2670.

Seat Raising Actuator 1194, 1728, 1746.

EJECTION SEAT - REAR. NAVAL FLIGHT OFFICER: (b) (6)

#2106 Martin-Baker Modifications

Main Gum 1034, 1084, 1233, 1373, 1403, 1705.

Seat Component 1777, 1742.

Drogue Gun 1244, 2365, 2366, 2479, 1528.

Time Release 1489, 2363, 2391, 2411, 2430, 2648, 1717, 2670.

Seat Raising Actuator 1194, 1728, 1746.

TOPO			DETAILS	OF ESCA	PE/EGRESS/SURVIVAL	PHASES REPER TO SECTION	I OF INSTRUCTIONS	Section Co.
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TYPE	OF E4	****						
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		3. NO	OT ATTEMPTED					
		4 AT	TEMPTED		,			
	X	8 AC	COMPLISHED					
		6. TH	HRU CANOFY					
	NO	EG	RESS DIFFICULT	ES	IF YES EXPLAIN	DIFFICULTIES		
	X	7 PF	HOR TO EGRESS					
	X	. 0	URING EGRESS					
X.			DEL OF EJECTION		See Adder	ndum to Page 6,		E OF EJECTION
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App SAL Vis	FOX H-	imate 34 ho	ting of wre	by Nealled	in by NFC(R rvival Radio by H-34 Cre	IC) NA		on •
App SAI Val	riou Frox H-	imate 34 ho sight	s location of omed in on Uniting of wre	by Nealled	in by NFC(R rvival Radio by H-34 Cre	NA IC). NA wohief.NA r NA		on •
Variable Var	riou Frox R H- Frox R H- H- H- H- H- H- H- H- H- H- H- H- H- H	imate 34 ho sight	location of the source of the	by Nealled	PO(RIO).  in by NFO(R rvivel Redio by H-34 Cre curvivor afte	NA IC). NA wohief.NA r NA		on •
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Va. App	TOX H-, TOX H-, TOX TOX TOX TOX TOX TOX TOX TOX TOX TOX	imate 34 ho sight cocarr command se	er notified in a accident site  a location of med in on U iting of wre in a survivor nunication w at doen near separt FROM LANDIT	by Nealled	FEB 67	NA IC) NA NA WohlefaNA NA NA	BURYIVAL	
Value App SAN Vis New Year III	THE LA	Mate 34 ho sight cocar  Command se  Cocar  Command se  Cocar  Command se  Cocar   er notified in a accident site  a location of med in on U iting of wre in a survivor nunication w at doen near separt FROM LANDIT	by Nealled	FEB 67	NA  IC) NA  NA  Wohlef NA   BURYIVAL (If yes, explain)	011		

b)(6)

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ELECTION BAILOUT UNDERWATER NORMAL OTHER (State Open)  6 E		Dense Wooded Area	OTHER			Name of Street
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HOM NO.	MODEL A/G	BUNO	IDENTIFICATION OF INDIVIDUAL
1-66A	RF-4B	153113	NAVAL FLIGHT OFFICER

ADDENDUM to MOR Page 6, Section I in the case of A/C Accident 1-68A, BuNo. 153113, PILOT: (b) (6)

Section I, #9; SUBSEQUENT TO EGRESS.

(b) (6)

were included in Page 4, Section F, No. 19, (6) of this report. Theorized to be sustained during egress throughttrees.

(b) (6)

Section I, #7; PRIOR TO EGRESS.

NFO pulled face curtain to point of jettisoning canopy but not far enough to initiate ejection. He then decided to try the alternate eject handle. While holding the face curtain with one hand to attempt the alternate method, he was met with intense heat in that area. He returned to the face curtain with both hands and pulled again, thus attaining ejection sequence.

(b) (6) Section I, #9; SUBSEQUENT TO EGRESS.

Unable to release Koch Fittings because of (b) (6)

- 1. RF-48 Parent Number 153113 Modex CY-10 was accepted into the Nevy Inventors in the leval Plant Representative Officer St. Louis, on 27 Dec 1336. The according was assigned to and accepted by Ver. 2 on 11 Jan 1967. The advocate had not been overageled at the time of the accident and had 235.7 hours since acceptance. During July prior to the accident, the approach flew 34.2 hours with 33 landings. The aircraft entered its first calendar even inspection on 28 Apr 1967 and completed it on 3 Jun 1967. Between the calendar inspection and the accident the aircraft flew 70.5 hours
- 2. The Part engine 3790528 ser no 421070 was accepted 15 Feb 1963 by AFPR Evendals Onio. The engine had two everhauls, the second completed at 0 & R Noras on 6 Jun 1966. Total time since new was 1354.8 hours with 272.8 hours since overhaul and original installation, in CY-10, at McDonnell Corporation. The engine entered calendar major inspection on 28 Apr 1967 and was completed 5 May 1967 at HSMS-24, MAC-24. Flight time since calendar inspection was 70.5 hours.
- 3. Starboard engine J79GE8B ser no 421330 was accepted by AFPR Evendale Ohio on 9 Sep 1963. The engine had one overhaul at 0 & R NAS Noris on 5-27-66. Total time since new was 1046.3 hours with 273.0 hours since overhaul and original installation, in CY-10, at McDonnell Corporation. The engine entered calendar major inspection on 28 Apr 1967 and was completed on 5 May 1967 at HEMS-24, MAG-24. Flight time since calendar inspection was 70.5 hours.
- 4. The following technical directives had not been complied with in the aircraft.
  - a. AFC-235, Replacement of front engine mount bolts.
  - b. AFC-244, Inc. of engine fuel shut off valves safety provisions.
  - c. AFC-261, Rework of NLG steering system.
  - d. AFC-282, External centerline tank disconnect assembly fuel and air addition to
  - e. GAFC-E, Aircraft throttle control system replacement of castellated nuts.
  - f. AFC-300, Modification of bleed air check valve clamp.
  - g. APC-304, Cabin pressure regulator protective screen,

Page 1 of 4 Pages

Enclosure (2)

h. AFC-311, Interim throttle link installation. i. AFC-328, Modification of pressurisation system electrical circuitry. AFC-349, Inspection for stress corrosion cracks in cat tow hook fittings. k. AFB-92, Inspection of stab hinge bolt assembly. 1. AFB-91, Ground test lever cabin pressure regulator m. AFB-77, Inspection of suspension lags 600 gal external fuel tank. AFB-89, Engine slide brace upper fitting. o. AFB-97, Inspection of blanket assembly. p. AFB-63, Inspection of wing hinge fold. q. AFB-98, Am l. Inspection of front cockpit control spring. r. AvC-624, Removal and installation of amplifiers. s. ASC-55, (both seats) Installation of drogue gun cocking indicator. t. ASC-49, (both seats) Installation of preflight ejection seat check list. 5. The following technical directives had not been complied with on the port engine ser no 421070. a. PPB-106, Rework of machine ring turbine frame. b. PPB-145, Modification of compressor rotor. c. PPB-171, Modification of compressor rear frame. d. PPC-13, Transfer gearbox gasket. e. PPC-38, Scavenge filter to cooler nose. PPC-53, Conversion of AB assembly. g. PPC-62, Two point oil indication system. h. PPC-74. Power lever control spline shaft. 6. The following technical directives had not been complied with on the starboard engine ser no 421330. a. PPB-192, Inlet and transfer gearboxes. b. PPB-156, Rev A, turbines. c. PPC-9, Replacement of main spark plug. d. PPC-13, Modification of transfer gearbox. e. PPC-53, Conversion of AB assembly. f. PPC-62, Two point oil indication system. g. PPC-74, Power lever control spline shaft. Listed Discrepancies and corrective action taken. 11 July 1967 a. Water in viewfinder. Cleared water out of viewfinder. b. Trailing edge flap indicator sticks when full flaps down. Not

Page 2 of 4 Pages

corrected or subsequently griped.

2 Enclosure (2)

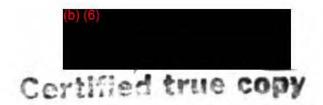
c. No radar altimeter. Not repaired, system awaiting parts. d. FIR receiver computer fail light. Not repaired. e. Yaw kicks left to right at altitude. Trimmed autopilot. 12 July, First flight, no discrepancies. 12 July, Second Flight. a. Altimeter sticks even with less than 500 ft/min descent. Replaced pressure altimeter. b. FIR down. Removed repaired and replaced FIR transmitter. c. Knob on flap switch loose. Tightened knob. 13 July Barometric altimeter front cockpit sticks badly, lags 3-400'. a. Replaced altimeter with rear seat altimeter. 15 July a. FIR fail light. Not corrected. b. FLR camera circuit breaker pops each time FLR camera turned on. Not corrected. c. I-R film fail light. Checked OK. 17 July a. Camera defog wet. Not corrected. b. Generator failed during flight, recycled on after 5 mins. Ran aircraft one hour could not get generator to malfunction. 18 July a. Station one photo camera and film fail. Not corrected. b. Suspect station two shutter broken. Not corrected. c. Rudder kicks at altitudes. Trimmed autopilot. 18 July, second flight, no discrepancies. 18 July, third flight, e. ICS control panel in front cockpit loose. Secured control pannel. b. YAW stab kicks. Trimmed autopilot. c. Bad oxygen leak near seat, middle block, check front seat too. Changed rear seat pan. Pressure checked OK, both front and rear. 19 July a. No UHF transmit in front seat, rear OK. Repositioned UHF switch from SSE. Checked OK. b. Rear seat pan loose. Put left sticker clip in. 19 July, second flight a. Left aux air door remained open when gear raised. Cycled door ten times and checked good. b. Exygen loak, used exygen down to 3/4 liter in 40 minutes. Replaced lox converter, pressure checked system. The aircraft was preflighted in accordance with existing directives, and : carried 12,200 lbs of JP-5 with two full external tanks, LOX and lube oil were full, Pilot signed yellow sheet and indicated he examined the last 10 discrepancy reports. · Page 3 of 4 Pages SPECIAL HANDLING REQUIRED in accordance with OPNAVINST 3750.6 Series

9. The following items were submitted for DIR.

enclature,	VMCJ-2 Msg. DTG requesting DIR	Cont. No.
		F4-67-67
	2713252 July 1967	14-01-01
Indicator	271332Z July 1967	F4-67-67
Auto Pilot	2712257 1-1- 1067	F4-67-67
	2/13352 July 1967	14 01 01
[개기:시기 : [1] -	271330Z July 1967	F4-67-67
Oxygen Mask	241735Z July 1967	F4-67-67
J79GE8B Engine		
ser/no 421070	261250Z July 1967	F4-67-67
J79GE8B Engine ser/no 421330	2612502 July 1967	F4-67-67
	TPansmitter Angle Attack Indicator Auto Pilot Amplifier Central Air Data Computer Oxygen Mask J79GE8B Engine ser/no 421070 J79GE8B Engine	Angle Attack TPansmitter 271325Z July 1967 Angle Attack Indicator 271332Z July 1967 Auto Pilot Amplifier 271335Z July 1967 Central Air Data Computer 271330Z July 1967 Oxygen Mask 241735Z July 1967 J79GE8B Engine ser/no 421070 261250Z July 1967 J79GE8B Engine

10. The above information is true to the best of my knowledge.

(b) (6)



Page 4 of 4 Pages

4 Enclosure (2)

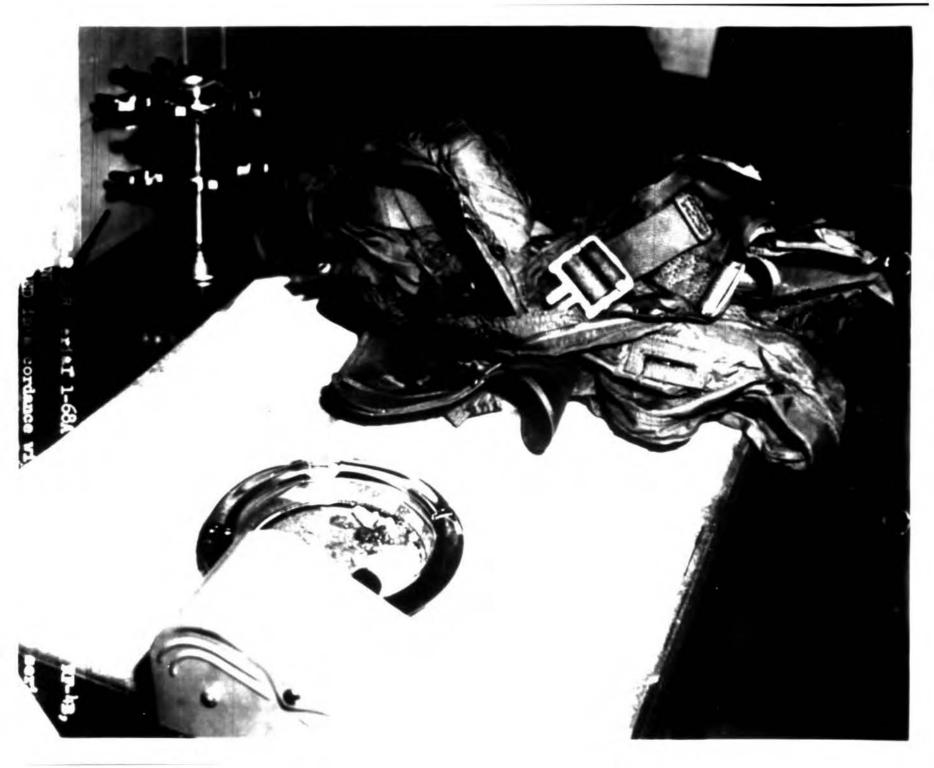
STATEMENT OF CORPORAL (b) (6)

Number 153113 accident on 20 July 1967

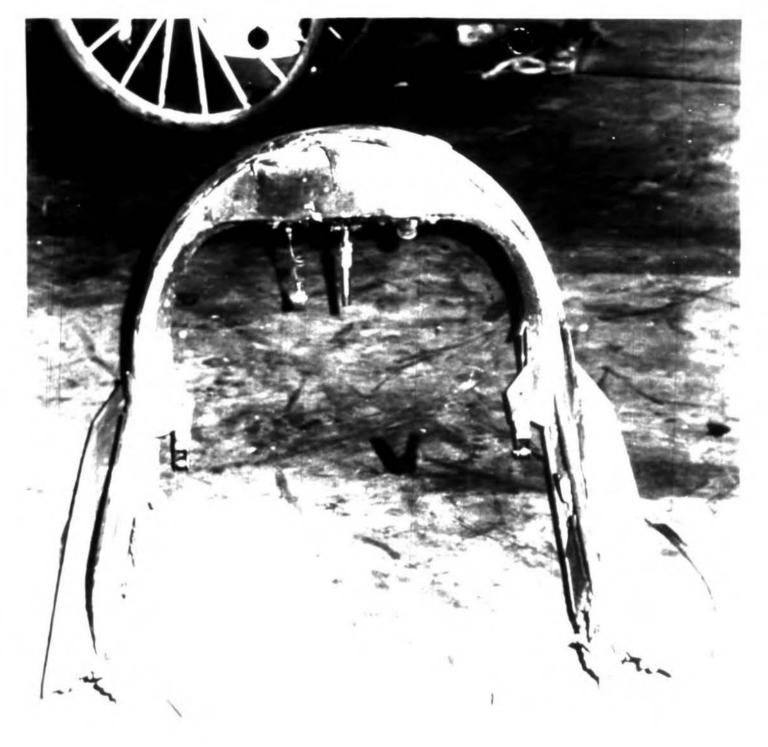
I was going to work the morning of 20 July 1967 at the wing survival school about 5 miles west on highway 70. I turned down the dirt road going towards survival school when I noticed a man walking along the road about a mile up the highway at about 0845. I picked him up and we went to the nearest house to use the phone and call in. The lieutenent got crash crew and finally reached his outfit. He asked to be brought to his outfit to tell them what had happened. We reached J-2 about 0920 and he was brought to the hospital. From conversation with the lieutenant I learned about the pilot, Captain (5) (6) being in the field yet. From this conversation I could make out approximately where the Captain was at because I had been working out there with some heavy equipment on a road. About 0945 I was told to report to the flight line to a helicopter to search for the Captain. Just as we were about to lift off, about 1000, the Captain was brought in by helicopter and taken to the hospital.

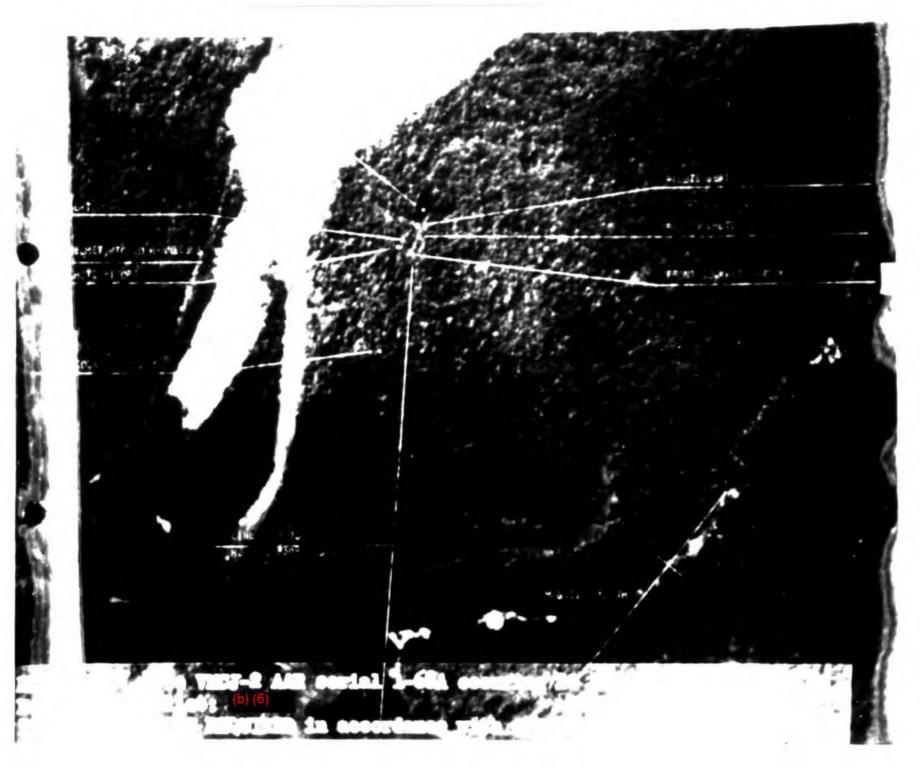




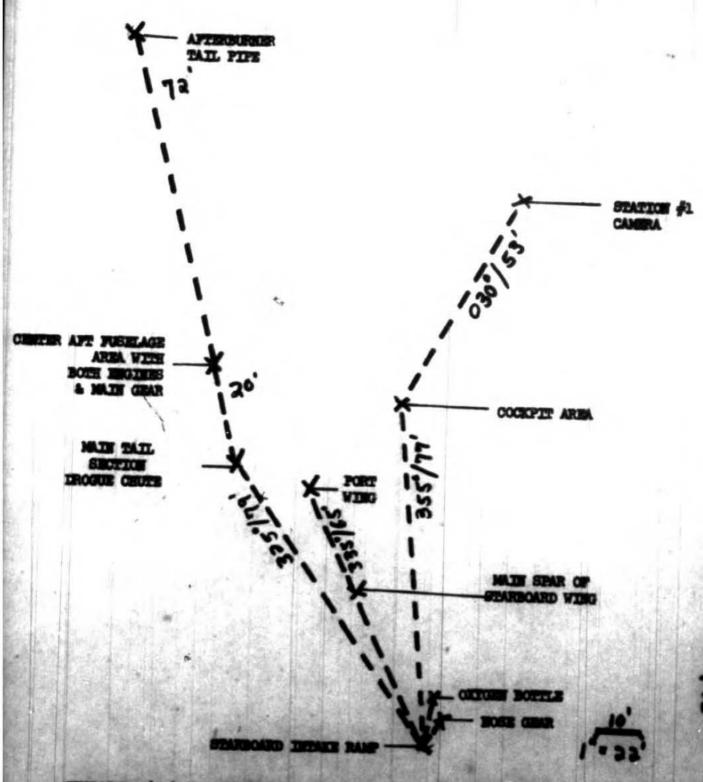








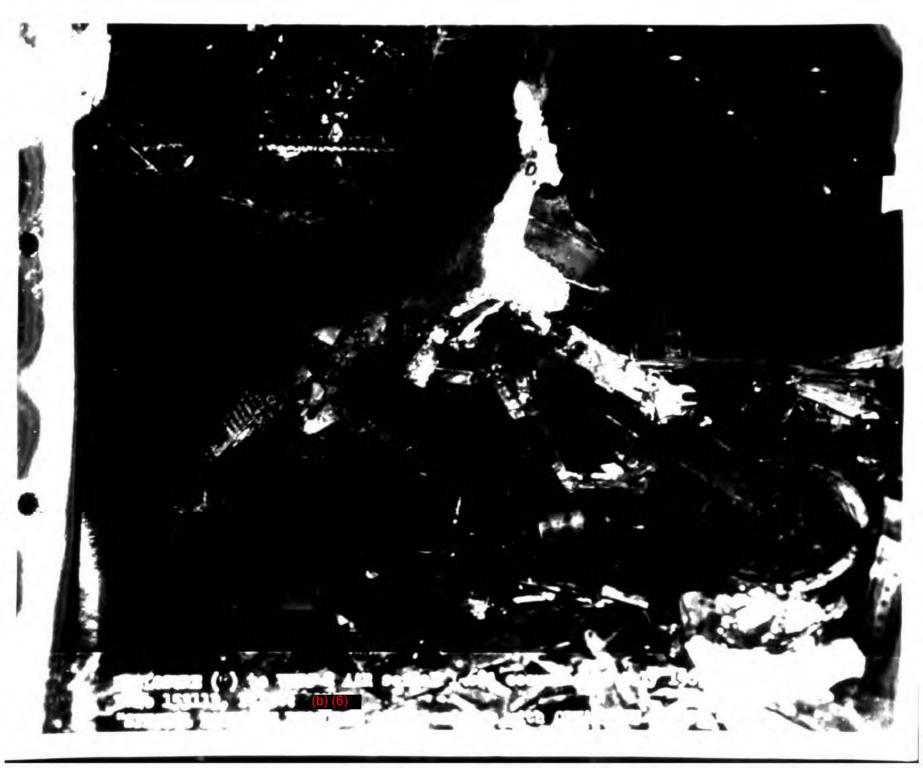
## DIAGRAM OF IMPACT AREA



DESCRIPTION (10) to WELF-2 AAR serial 1-68A occurring 20 July 1967, RF-48,

arente manual in accordance with committee 3750.6 Series

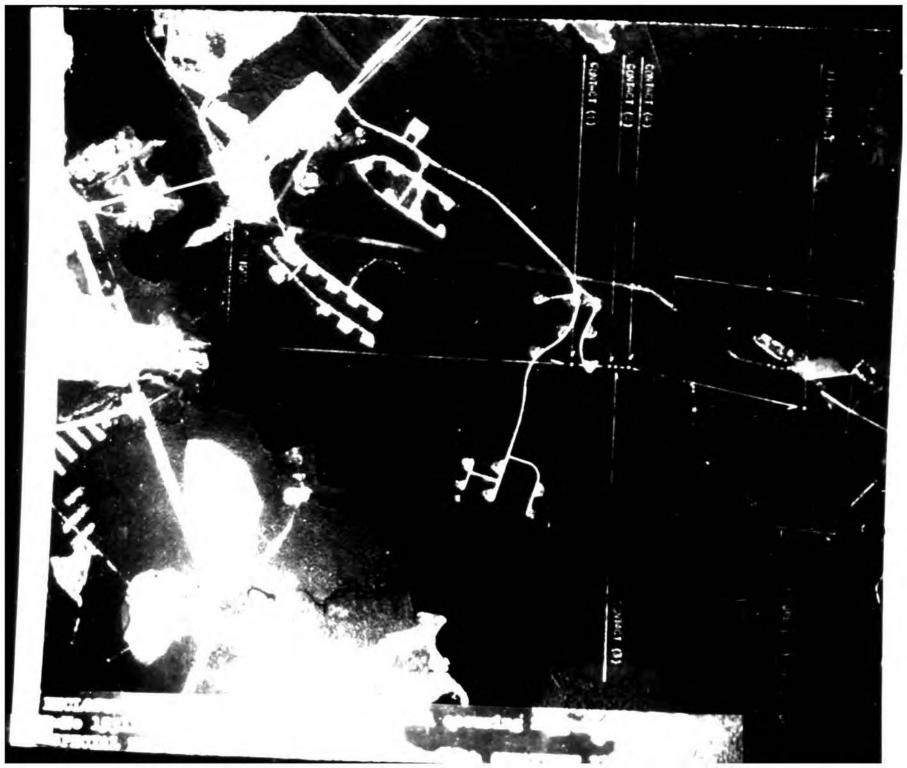


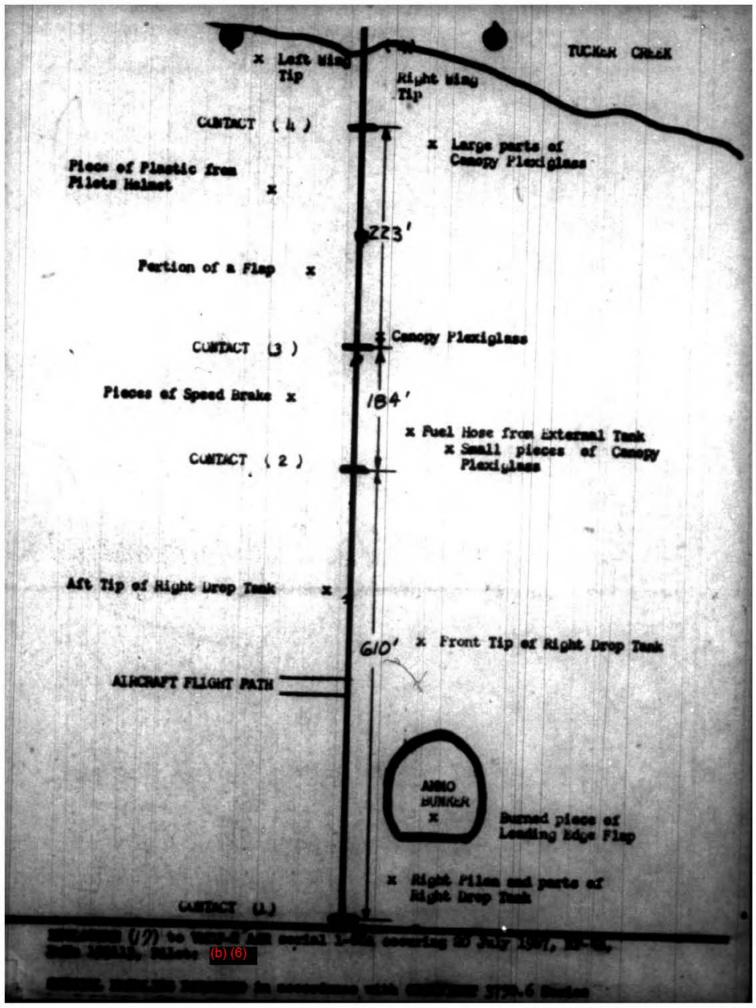












STATEMENT AND INTERV OF SECOND LIEUTEMANT (b) (6)
(B) (6) USMCR concerning RF-4B Bureau Number 151113 accident on 20 July 1967.

STATEMENT AND INTERVIEW MADE ON 21 JULY 1967. INTERVIEW BY CAPTAIN (b) (b) (6) (b) (6) USMC (TRANSCRIPT OF TAPE RECORDING)

This is Lieutenant (b) (6) victin of an accident on the 20th of July 1967. To the best of my knowledge this is what occurred.

We started rolling off the runway at 0454 in the morning and we weren't atthorne more than one or two minutes when there was a huge flash of white light coming from the front, and after this white light I saw a yellow type fire an! I heard what I thought might have been an explosion. The ah, finding out later it might have been the aircraft bouncing off the ground someplace, exactly where I don't know. I don't recall hearing any "'eject' 'eject'" from the pilot, he may have called it to me. I just don't recall cause I was so busy, flailing around with the fire and so forth. I didn't see the eject light come on either. Well, I pulled the curtain and the seat didn't go off right away; I didn't pull far enough but the canopy had jettisoned however, and I gave it another tug, at the same time fighting the flames, and next thing I remember is landing on the ground. I don't seem to have been in the air very long at all; it was almost 2 or 3 seconds from the time I ejected to when I touched down. That's the way it seemed to me anyway. I landed about 30 to 40 yards away from Captain calling, and I answered him, and he told me that (b) (6) his strobe light on and asked me if I could see it and I could. I couldn't get out of my torso harness right away, (b) (6) of the rocket jet fittings had not come apart and I was just stuck in the torso harness and under my canopy, ah, like the parachute etc. I started wiggling around and eventually wiggled my way out of the torso harness and I made my way over to (0) (6) at which time he told me that he was fine except for . He had (b) (6) and also that he had, he thought b) (6) , he was noving about when I got there and we went back; he had, (b) (6) we tried to get his canopy out of the trees but not being able to do so, we went over to where I had landed and picked mine up and we went back to (b) (6) position where there were fewer bugs and he wrapped himself up in the canopy cause he was a little cold and was a little shivering. I went back to where I had landed and got the seat kit, the whole pan and of course pushed it and kicked it rolling it over, end over end, with my feet till I finally got to (b) and since (b) (6) I directed him and we got the seats open and we collected the flares and got the radios out, and he set, I think I seem to recall him setting a flare off right then and there, I'm not sure about this. Well, we got the radios going and we didn't get any results. At around eight o'clock I set out on a trek to try to find some help and after going through a couple places in the swamp I noticed a cabin or building being put up to the right just by the power lines out there and I saw a road and decided to follow it, and it took me

/ Enclosure (/9)

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past a tobacco field of a corn field; and finally go o a more or less of a main road I guess, and a Corporal (b) (6) who works in survival, he operates the bulldoser, he came along and I hailed him down and he took me to a phone where I tried to contact VMCJ-2. I got the crash officer on the line and told him of my condition, and of (b) (6) condition and position as well as I knew where it was. Then the corporal drove me to VMCJ-2 where I met Major (b) (6) and he got somebody to take me over to the emergency ward. That's all I got.

(b) (6)

O.K. One or two questions. One. On the take-off roll, would you tell me anything that Onptain (b) (6) said to you over the ICS if you can remember it?

(b) (6)

I don't, ah well, what I remember - he was commenting on the take-off and things seemed to be going normal, I kinds remember him telling me the wheels were up etc., and I believe he's the one that came over the air and said IFR, we had been VFR, and then all the sudden he says IFR and then that's when I saw the flash of light and things happened kinda hurridly then. That's about all.

(b) (6)

O.K. Did, did you hear Captain (b) (6) attempt to make any transmission on the UHF, and also were you still on tower frequency to the best of your knowledge anybow?

(b) (6)

To the best of my knowledge, we were on tower frequency. I don't recall hearing Captain (b) taking any the transmissions, he may have, however I just don't recall hearing it.

(b) (6)

O.K. In your statement you said that you seen a flash followed by a fire in the front cockpit. How I guess it, did it come back to the back cockpit immediately, or how soon did it get into the back cockpit?

b) (6)

Well, that uh, that brilliant flash of light, that intense white light, that I saw - I don't dnow; I know it was up front but I don't know whether it was fire or what. And the yellow type flame I saw up front, and I guess it did come back because my (b) (6) when I pulled the face curtain.

(b) (6)

Did you start your ejection sequence immediately upon seeing the fire in the front cockpit?

(b) (6)

After seeing that brilliant flash of light - I didn't know what it was - and I didn't hear anything from Captain (5) (6) at any rate I don't recall hearing anything. When the yellow flame - yellow; type flame - I saw and felt, I did go for the face cuficain immediately.

(b) (6)

O.K. I think that will be all, thank you.

Z Enclosure (/9)

SPECIAL HANDLING REQUIRED in accordance with OPMAVINET 3750.6 Series

STATEMENT OF CAPTAIN (b) (6) (b) (6) USMC concerning RF-4B Bureau Number 153113 accident on 20 July 1967

I was the VMCJ-2 Operations Duty Officer the norming of 20 July 1967. About 0445Q TACC called and asked if Event 9 was airborne. I checked with the flight line and reported that 9-1, an EA-6A, was having trouble getting started and the flight would be late getting airborne. About 0510Q TACC again requested the status of Event 9. I checked with the flight line and reported that event 9-1 could not get started and was cancelling, and that 9-2, an RF-4B, was either airborne or should be getting airborne.

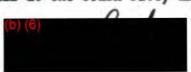
About 0715Q Approach Control called to advise that 9-2 had not made his expected approach time of 0655Q and to see if I knew his location. I told them that I had no contact with 9-2 but that he could possibly have joined a tanker for refueling, or landed at Beaufort or Myrtle Beach. I asked for 9-2's take-off time and it was passed as about 0455Q.

About 0740Q Captain (b) (6) from TACC called checking on 9-2. I informed him that 9-2 had not returned to VMCJ-2 and that I did not know his whereabouts. I asked him if TACC could contact the two tankers to see if 9-2 had possibly joined them for refueling. I also asked him to check Beaufort for a possible landing there.

About 08020 Captain (b) (6) called and reported that 9-2 had not joined the tanker or landed at Beaufort. I told him that 9-2 had between 3 hours and 3 hours 10 minutes fuel on board and would be out at this time. I asked what the last radio contact had been with 9-2 and he reported that TACC had never established radio contact. Captain (b) (6) then advised that search and rescue was being notified.

I advised the Commanding Officer of VMCJ-2 of the above events and then notified MAG-14 6-3 of the same.

About 08550 Staff Sergeant (b) (6) from the Crash Crew called and said that Lieutenant (b) (6) had called in by telephone reporting the crash, and advising that the pilot was still at the crash site, and badly burned.



STATEMENT OF CAPTAIN (b) (6)

Number 153113 accident of

At approximately Colon only the root of the type of a 0300 brief. The briefing was normal with root one members present. Captain (b) (6) and I talked quite a while on alternates and fuel planning because of the two different types of aircraft involved in the flight.

At 0350 the crews of both aircraft went to the line shack and then the aircraft. After repeated trys I was unable to get my aircraft started. At approximately 0425 I turned on my radio and contacted Captain (b) (c) informing him of my decraft status. I also told Captain that I had a maintenance crew working on the aircraft and that he was to use our local 200 flight elearning if he wanted to take-off. It was decided that Captain (b) would take-off and if I could get my aircraft started I would meet him at the first TP or the track. Captair(6)(6) taxied to the fuel pits to refuel. At approximately Ohle I observed Captain (b)(6) aircraft taxiing outbound. At approximately P-50 I observed two F-4's taking off runway 32 at about one minute intervals. Both aircraft vent through a fog bank at the take off and of the numbay. Both take-offs appeared to be normal. I was able to see the fire at - ft much longer than the second because he stayed in burner for quite a wille. The second aircraft came out of burner soon after hitting to for the then lost sight of it. I did not see any explosion or ejections. At ejectimately 0530 we decided to abort our mission and returned to the reply room and informed Captain (b) (6) (ODO) that we were unable to got the Lircraft started.

I was designated a Haval Aviator on May 23, 1962. I have approximately 1880 hours total flight time.

STATEMENT OF CAPTAIN (b) (6) (b) (6) USMS concerning RF-4B Bureau Number 153113 accident on 20 July 1967

Thursday morning July 20, 1967 I was assigned as MAG-24 Hot Pad coordinating officer. At about 0445 we received a scramble at BO-06 with Major WAUNCH from 531 started and taxied out. He got airborne at 0450 however due to darkness I mistakenly believed another F4 to be the aircraft I was monitoring. I watched this F4 perform his engine run-ups (2) and then delay about 10 seconds during which time I assumed he was dropping his flaps and completing the take off check list. He started his roll, got two good burner lights and lifted off at a normal distance down the runway. I watched until he was about 500 feet and then walked over to tell the taxi director to shut down the spare aircraft we had started for back up. As I was talking to the taxi director an orange glow of about two seconds duration lit up the sky of the end of runway 32, the duty runway. It was of about 2-3 seconds duration, similar to after burner glow in clouds but of much greater magnitude. I called the O.D.O. on my radio and asked him to check it cut as I was afraid our aircraft had crashed, however I got the word that Major (b) (6) had checked in with MACS as briefed and was flying intercepts. Further word from the tower indicated no aircraft missing.

In checking with the hot pad crew I found that our aircraft did not do run-ups and had actually taken off six minutes earlier.

I have approximately 1400 hours flight time, 525 in the F-4 and was designated on 17 April 1962.

STATESTIT OF MATOR (6) (6)
USMC concerning RF-43 Bureau Number
153113 accident on 20 July 1907

On the morning of 20 July 1967, I was acting as the MAG-24 coordinator for the employment of F-4B aircraft in the Anti Air Warfage Exercise which commenced at 04000 on 20 July. Included in the communications equipment available for my use was a Motorola Handie-Talkie FM Radiophone. This radiophone was not included in the normal complement of communications available but was loaned to me by the MAG-24 Maintenance Control Center to allow monitoring of the movement of F-4B aircraft onto the "Hot Pad".

At 0450Q one F-bB was scrambled from the "HotPad". Shortly after this F-4B was launched I overheard a call from the "Hot Pad" to the VMFA-513 Operations Duty Officer, on the Radiophone, stating that several personnel on the "Hot Pad" had observed a flash off the take-off end of runway 32. Upon hearing this I immediately called the Marine Corps Air Station, Cherry Point, Operations Duty Officer and informed the person that answered of the flash and inquired whether any emergencies were in progress. Shortly after this I spoke with the Tactical Air Control Center (Major (b) (6) ) and ascertained that all the airborne MAG-24 F-4Bs had checked in and were accomplishing their assigned missions.

At approximately 0700 I received a routine call from the MAG-24 Liaison Officer at the Tactical Air Control Center (Major (b)(6)) and he mentioned that a VMCJ-2 RF-43 was overdue. I mentioned the flash off the end of runway 32 to him. A few minutes later I spoke to LtCol (b)(6) at the Tactical Air Control Center and relayed the same information to him that I had to the Station Operations Laty Officers representative. LtCol (b)(6) asked if I could get any more details. I made several calls and learned that Captain (b)(6) of VMFA-513 and Captain (b)(6) had both observed the flash. I called LtCol (b)(6) and gave him the information I had at this time and he indicated that the SAR helicopter would search this area.



STATEMENT OF CAPTAIN (b) (6) (b) (6) USMC concerning RF-4B Bureau Number 153113 accident on 20 July 1967

On the morning of 20 July I was participating in the 2dMAW AAWEX exercise.

While under Velvet Pod control and established in a CAP on the 280/40 of Cherry Point TACAN I mentioned to my RIO that what appeared to be a series of flares had just gone off in the vicinity of Cherry Point.

Around 0500 I saw three distinct flashes of orange light partially obscured by the fog. One large and one smaller flash was immediately followed by a third large flash. IEstimate that the entire duration was less than three seconds in that my RIO did not see any unusual light when he looked.

The three flashes gave the appearance of a gas flare that did not ignite.

It has been certified that Captain (b) (6) was designated a HAWAL AWIATOR on 15 April 1965, and has 481 flight hours.

Bureau Number 153113 accident of 20 July 1967

To Whom it May Connern: During AFFER 2-69 (20 Tuly 1967) I was the senior representative from Wim; G-3 present at the MAG.

Event 9 scheduled to be 2 - EA6 was delayed and one EVE was replaced by an RF-45 and the other EA6 did not take off.

Upon checking as to the status of Event 9, I was told that no one took off to fly it.

Later in the morning I became aware that Event 9 did have one aircraft become airborne which was an RF-4B but it did not check in with the TACC.

The SAP wheels were put into motion and the aircraft was found to have crashed shortly after take-off without chance to sheek in with the TACC.

STATEMENT OF MAJOR (6) (6)

Number 153113 accident on 20 July 1967

On the morning of 20 July 1967 I was in the TACC as the MAG-24 coordinator for the AAVEX. During the course of operations I heard a Lieutenant in the center briefing Colonel (b) (6) and LtCol (b) (6) on the possibility of an F4 aircraft, a CY 9-1 or 9-2 belonging to VMCJ being down. That he had not checked in, was overdue and that calls were being made to determine if anyone or agency knew of his whereabouts. The Lieutenant also stated that tower had confirmed CY's take-off. But no contact after that.

At this time the weather went to minimums for the exercise and in view of the probable emergency, aircraft airborne were ordered to recover and a hold was put on take-offs. I called Major (b) (6) at the MAG-24 Head-quarters and informed him of the situation and he related to me that he had heard an explosion after an F4 take-off which was about the time of the aircraft in question, and that others in MAG-24 had also either heard or seen it and that the tower had been informed, but that the tower had nothing to report. I immediately passed this information to Colonel (b) (6) and LtCol (b) (6) This was the first word they had received on any such incident. Both wanted more details and incident to him.

STATEMENT OF FIRST LIEUTEMANT (b) (6)
Bureau Number 153113 accident on 20 July 1967

On 20 July 1967 I was assigned duties of Senior Air Controller in the Tactical Air Control Center for the 2nd MAW AAWEX.

At approximately 0450 Sergeant the Crew Chief, called VMCJ-2 to check on aggressor event 9 who would be CY 9-1, the Flight Schedule indicated he was due to take-off at 0435Q. Sergeant (b) (6) was informed by the duty officer that 9-1 had aborted but 9-2 was airborne and should return about 0730Q. At this time event #9, CY 9-2 was indicated airborne as a failed to RIO (Radio in, Out) with an unknown ETR (Estimated Time of Return) on the TATC log and status board.

At 0740 when CY 9-2 had not returned, Captain who was working with me called VMCJ-2 to inquire if 9-2 was on the deck and was informed that he was not, but that he may have gone to work with the tanker. At this time the TACC contacted the tanker at Cherry Point and had MACS-9 check with the tanker at Beaufort, S.C. also requested MACS-9 to check with MATCU-69 who was controlling aggressor events in the Beaufort area. MACS-9 reported no one in the Beaufort area had any contact with CY 9-2. When contacted, MACS-5, who was aggressor control for Cherry Point area, informed TACC that CY 9-2 had not checked in with them either. I called the tower and was informed CY 9-2 had not checked in with them, at this time TACC attempted to contact CY 9-2 on guard frequency. No Joy, also requested MACS-9 attempt to establish contact on guard, No Joy.

At 0805Q TACC requested the SAR helicopter to sweep the Air Field Area to about 5 miles out. Tower will send out the helicopter.

At 0806Q TACC requested a ramp check at Cherry Point and Beaufort, S.C. for CY 9-2 or aircraft with CY-10 side number. The aircraft is not on the deck at either location. Requested RATCC to check Myrtle Beach and other alternate fields, they had already began. At 0817Q the tower reported that Norfolk Rescue had been alerted at 201209Z, this was reported when TACC ask that they be alerted. At 0835Q TACC requested the last contact the tower had with CY 9-2 (CY-10) and was informed, 0854Z VFR on a local 200 flight plan.

At 0915 Colonel (b) (6) reported to Colonel (b) (6) that the wreckage had been located by the SAR helicopter off the end of the runway.

The above statement is true to the best of my knowledge.



Enclosure (27)

STATEMENT OF SERGEANT (b) (6)
BuNo 153113 accident on 20 July 1967.

On the morning of 20 July 1967 I was on duty at TACC. I noted that I had an aircraft overdue to be launched according to the VACJ-2 flight schedule. I called the VMCJ-2 duty officer. We said that the aircraft was airborne About 15 minutes later I called MACS-5 regarding that aircraft. They said that they didn't have the aircraft. I then called tower. They said that the aircraft was airborne and had a block time. I called the controlling agency but they had no joy. I called VMCJ-2 again and was told that they had one aircraft not going up but one was airborne. I then called MACS-9 and asked them to contact all controlling agencies. They had no joy. I called tower again and was told that his block time was overdue. I then called Myrtle Beach, his secondary airfield. With no joy there I called the other nearby fields with no joy.

I was directed by Col. (b) (6) to alert SAR. SAR said that they had no helicopters in the air at that time. Col. (b) (6) ordered SAR to launch a helicopter to investigate the report of an explosion at the end of runway 32.

During this time I had requested a visual check of the fields by all East Coast Air Bases for possible locating of the missing aircraft, with negative results.

To the best of my knowledge this is what happened on the morning of 20 July 1967.

STATEMENT OF CAPTAIN (b) (6) JR.(b) (6) USMCR, concerning

RF-48 Bu No 153113 accident on 2 0 July 1967.

CY 9-2 failed to check out (RIO) with Hickory when airborn. WHCJ-2 was called and they reported 9-2 had been airborn since appreximately 0h15Q, and had not yet returned. Time of the above call was appreximately 07h0Q.

The Marine Air Control Squadrons Five and Nine were called

and reported that CY-9-2 had not checked in with them.

At approximately 08050 the SAE helicopter was requested to be disputched he make a sweep of the area three to five miles from the field to look for the missing aircraft. It was about this time that VMCJ-2 was again called and asked to make a physical rump check for the missing aircraft.

During the above interim several calls had been made to the VMCJ SDO. Times and substance of those calls were not recorded, but generally we were discussing possibilities as to where the missing a iroraft might be; fuel remaining; refuel possibilities; and/or altermate fields that might have been used.

At 1817Q we were informed by the Cherry Point Tower that

Norfolk Rescue was elerted at 201209Z for CY 9-2.

At 08400 the TACC requested a rump check be made at Bess-

fort, S. C. No joy at Beaufort.

At 0915Q Colonel (D) (6) called LT. COLONEL (D) (b) and informed him the wreckage of CY 9-2 had been located.

During the times noted above I was working in the TACC as an assistant to LIEUTEMANT (D)(6)



Enclosure (29

SPECIAL HANDLING REQUIRED in accordance with OFNAVINST 3750,6 Series

STATEMENT OF CAPTAIN (b) (6)
Bureau Number 153113 accident on 20 July 1967

At approximately 0510 20 July while sitting in my aircraft on the "Hot Pad" for the AAWEX I saw a VMCJ-2 aircraft take-off and disappear into the fog. Approximately 20 seconds later, after the plane was far enough away not to be able to hear the engines I saw two large flashes through the fog. The second flash occured before the first one died out, and then a third flash followed about 1 second later.

Captain (b) (6) , 513, was working on the "Hot Pad" also saw the flashes. He called in what he saw on the maintenance control walkie talkie.

Approximately 1 hour later I asked him if a plane had crashed and he said the tower had relayed a negative. I therefore assumed we saw an explosion of a oil tank, butane tank, not an aircraft as all planes were under positive radio control of tower, Departure Control, and TACC Center.

I was scrambled at 0650, right after take-off. I heard a faint "Beeper" in the vicinity of the runway 14 initial. I discounted this Beeper as we often hear the ones in our seat, and tower had not advised a plane was down.



RAVAL AVIATOR on 18 October 1965, and has 442 flight hours.



STATEMENT OF MAJOR (6) (6)
Number 153113 accident on 20 July 1967

On 20 July 1967 at 0410 I launched in a TA-4F as a bogey aircraft for the scheduled AAWEX. At the center mat at Cherry Point the weather was good but as I approached the upwind end of runway 32 I went into IFR conditions at approximately 50 feet of altitude. At approximately 1500 feet I'entered VFR conditions and cancelled my departure instruments.

I flew the scheduled route and at the last check point (MA) 040/95) I started the track for MAN. Heading approximately 225 degrees magnetic on 040 degrees radial MANTand approximately 35 miles out at 8500 feet I saw two large flashes of lights, resembling explosions or bomb flashes. Relative to my altitude and heading, they were low and about 1:00 0'Clock position. I had not heard any transmission on guard channel so I rechecked to ensure that the ARC-51 was set on TR+G. It was set up properly. Also the time was approximately 0455.

Dr. BRASSEL, my rear seat passenger, and I made comment to the fact that no transmission was received on our guard channel, if for some reason it had been an aircraft crash.

After passing NKT TACAN, we made a right hand turn to track out bound to the last check point again. During this turn we looked for some indication of fire or smoke but could not see any signs.

I returned and landed at 0535 and was informed at 0830 that there had been a crash at approximately the time that the flashes of the was seen.

It has been certified that Major 1(b) (6) was designated a MASAL AVERTOR on 1 October 1958, and has 3415 flight hours.

(b) (6)

STATEMENT OF CAPTAIN (b) (6) (b) (6) USMC concerning RF-4B Bureau Number 153113 accident on 20 July 1967

I am a P.C. in VMIR-252. I was designated a Naval Aviator on 4 September 1964 and have a total of 2005 flight hours.

On the morning of 20 July at approximately 0450 while proceeding out around from the VMCR-252 line I observed an F4B on take-off roll. The flame pattern of the after burners appeared normal in all respects and the aircraft appeared to have a normal take-off roll and acceleration as it passed my position.

After proceeding to the long position I was cleared for take-off. The field conditions were VFR as stated by the tower to an aircraft that had requested this information. We commenced take-off roll at 0459.

After take-off at approximately 100 feet MSL we entered what appeared to be a cloud layer at 300 feet MSL we were on top and the visibility was unlimited. Because of the low overcast L nor any member of my crew, observed any portion of the accident, neither did we hear any radio transmissions or emergency "Beepers".



STATEMENT OF FIRST LIEUTEMANT (b) (6)
Bureau Number 153113 accident on 20 July 1967



It has been certified that Lieutenant (b) (6) was designated a MAVAL AVIATOR on 30 November 1966, and has 391 flight hours.



Enclosure (33)

STATEMENT OF FIRST LIEUTENANT (b) (6)
Bureau Number 153113 accident on 20 July 1967

I, (b) (6) was flying EA-16 in the AAWEX exercise of 20 July 1967. A normal take off was performed at 0555Q and the aircraft was established on the proper course. Soon after being established on a heading of 005 degrees and 7500 feet MSL, I began receiving an intermittent BEEPER signal on guard frequency. At approximately 0645Q while inbound to the field on the 080 degrees radial/NMT, I received the signal continuously. I was then occupied with making my target time of 0700Q and did not report the signal. After passing the station at 0700Q, I switched to approach control frequency and requested a TACAN approach. While enroute to the Bennett Pix, I was asked by approach control to obtain a "cut" on the Beeper. I complied and gave a "cut" of 320 degrees while wings level.

I was approximately 5 miles on the 020 radial/IMT at the time of the reading.

(b) (6)

It has been certified that Lieutenant (b) (6) was designated a MAVAL AVIATOR on 2 November 1966, and has 466 flight hours.



Enclosure (34)

STATEMENT OF CORPORAL (b) (6)
Number 153113 accident on 20 July 1967

On the 20th of July 1967 at approximately 0500Q while acting as Flight Clearance Supervisor, I received a phone call from a Major. I do not recall his name nor his unit. He requested to know if we had had a crash because he had seen a flash or a fire off the end of runway 32. I then called the tower and referred the question to them. I received an answer from Sergeant [b] (6) in the tower that what the Major had probably seen was the afterburner of a departing aircraft as it was foggy at the end of the runway and that this would look like a flash or fire. I then related this to the Major. He seemed satisfied with this explanation and had no further questions.

(b) (6)

STATE FIFE CF SPRCHAMT (b) (6)

Bureau Number 153113 accident on 20 July 1967

At or about 05000, 20 July 1967, I received a call in the tower from Corporal (b) (6) of the Flight Clearance Section. She said someone had called her to report a flash of light in the air, and wondered if an airplane had crained. All night long we had heavy fog and low hanging clouds in the area. Due to this weather I had noticed that all after-burner aircraft departing were creating bright flashes of light caused by their afterburners in the fog. I informed Corporal (b) (6) that this was probably what the caller had seen and told her I knew nothing about a crash.

STATEMENT OF MISTER J. S. FRANE, CIVILIAN, IFR ROOM SUPERVISOR, concerning RV-4B Bureau Number 153113 accident on 20 July 1967

At 0854Z on 7-20-67, Wineleaf 9-2 departed NMT VFR on a local 200 clearance with a block time of 1055Z. Wineleaf 9-2 did not report in for his block time and a routine communications search was commenced. Calls were made on guard channel (243.0 uhf). T.A.C.C. was contacted. They advised that they had not heard from the aircraft and would check on him. VMCJ-2 was contacted to find the pilots intended flight path and to insure that the aircraft was not there. VMCJ-2 advised that the aircraft should be with a tanker and later advised that he might have landed at Myrtle Beach AFB. Intended routing given at this time was North for 15 minutes, then East to the Outer Banks, then back over NKT, then to the NBC area to cross NBC from the West then back to Cherry Point.

At about 1100Z a weak PRT signal was heard by approach control (see statement of CySgt (b)(6) ...). Several attempts were made on 243.0 and 121.5 to contact the BH tanker on station with no results. Myrtle Beach AFB was called and they gave a negative report. Norfolk Search and Rescue was given all available information and requested to check all airports within landing distance of Wineleaf 9-2's route. By about 1150Z all reports were in and negative and T.A.C.C. had further advised that the pilot had not made any of his scheduled radio contacts and that a low level search had been requested within a 5 mile radius of NMT. All information was forwarded to Cherry Point Search and Rescue who advised that they would conduct this search.

During the time from 0854Z to 1200Z, 28 arriving and departing aircraft were under the control of Cherry Point approach/departure control and other than as stated by GySgt (b) (6) no reports of fire, smoke, PRT signals, or any other unusual occurance was received. At about 1200Z myself and all controllers were relieved by a new section.

Enclosure (37)

STATEMENT OF GUNNERY SERGEANT (b) (6)

Bureau Number 153113 accident on 20 July 1967

At about 1100Z, 7-20-67, I heard a PRT signal on 243.0 uhf. Attempts were made to get a bearing on this signal using our URD-4 direction finder, but the signal was too weak to give any indication. At about 1205Z, I asked the pilot of MEA-14, who was holding at the NCO 014 restal 10 mile fix, if he was hearing this signal and if so would he give a bearing. He said he was hearing it and gave a bearing of 320 degrees. Shortly thereafter the signal raded out altogether.

Number 153113 accident on 20 July 1967

At approximately 0840 I was alerted by the IFR room that a F-4B was overdue and a search north of the field was requested. Due to the fog I was unable to go out by myself so Coptain (5) (6) was called in to fly co-pilot. One attempt was made to search the area off the approach end of one four but due to fog search was called off by myself. Upon returning to the tower we were informed that the F-4 had crashed on the 320 degree radial approximately 5 miles out and the pilot was still at the crash site and needed help. We were also told that the pilot had an emergency radio with him. We launched immediately and entered the fog bank off the approach end 14. Approximately 2 miles out an emergency signal was picked up and homed in on. Due to the heavy fog we flew over the source of the signal 3 times without sighting the pilot or wreckage. On the fourth pass one of the crew chiefs thought he saw the wreckage and an open field near by. I landed in the open field and sent the crew members into the woods where the #I needle of the UHF/DF homer was pointing. I proceeded to shut down the helicopter and the co-pilot and myself followed the crew members into the woods. Sergeant (b) (6) and Corporal (b) (6) had located the pilot and directed us to him by voice signals. After seeing the pilot and talking to him it was decided to carry him out instead of using the hoist. Sergeant and Corporal (0) (6) were sent back to the helicopter to get the stretcher. Upon their return the pilot was put in the stretcher and carried out to the helicopter. The pilot was transferred to an ambulance after landing at the tower.



STATEMENT OF CAPTAIN (b) (6)

Bureau Number 153113 accident on 20 July 1967

I am a U.S. Naval Aviator with approximately 1450 flight hours. On 20 July 1967 I was called to duty to fly as co-pilot for an IR search for a missing aircraft one hour overtue. Two reports of flashes to the north of the airfield was all the available information to us as we manned the aircraft. While in the cockpit the Crash Crew Officer, Lt. [5] approached the aircraft and informed us that the RIO had called Crash Crew and stated that the aircraft was down in the wooded area off of Runway 32. The pilot was suffering from burns and was still at the scene of the crash. He also informed us the pilot had a UHF survival radio with him and it was in operation.

After takeoff at approximately 0905 search pattern at 200 feet, at the end of runway 32 we picked up the first signal from the pilots radio and started homing in on it. Maintaining 200 feet the trees were barely visible sometimes completely obscured, visibility being 0 to 70 feet. After following the signal for approximately 5 minutes the number 1 needle indicated we had passed the crash site, however because of the weather no wreckage or chutes were seen. Commencing a 360 degree turn the number 1 needle continued to point to the left wing of the aircraft, due to the visibility all we could see were the trees.

The Crew Chief, Corporal (b) (6) then sighted the aircraft wreckage to our right, turning right a farmers field was sighted, due to the weather a hoist pickup was impossible. We landed in the field and sent the crewman in the direction of the number 1 needle. Receiving clearance to shut the aircraft down the pilot, Captain (b) (6) and myself joined the two crewmen in the search for the pilot. After 5 minutes Captain (6) and myself arrived at the crash site and our crewmen were calling to us that they were with the pilot. We arrived a minute or so later at the pilot who was in good spirits and after talking with him he indicated he wanted to walk out if we would keep the branches out of his face as . We sent the crewmen back to the aircraft for the Stokes litter because the pilot mentioned a (b) (6) injury. While awaiting for the crewmen to return, the pilot expressed concern over moving any gear in the area and particularly his oxygen mask as he seemed to think that it may have malfunctioned, the crewmen arrived and the pilot eased himself into the litter. We carried the pilot to the aircraft stopping often to cut our way to the aircraft, we then flew him to the tower where he was transferred to an awaiting ambulance.



Enclosure (40)

STATEMENT OF FIRST LIBITEDATE (b) (6)

Bureau Number 153113 accident on 20 July 1967

At approximately 0845 on 20 July 1967, the Base Telephone Operator rang Crash Crew telephone extension \$2420 and asked for the Crash Officer. I took the call and was connected with a Marine who identified himself as (0)(6) the RIO of CY-10. The phone connection wasn't very good, and it was difficult to hear what he was saying due to departing jet sarcraft on the center-mat. informed me that he was at a Survival Camp near CROATAN with a Marine Corporal and needed help for Captain (b) (6) He stated that (b) was (I was aware that there existed some concern for a missing VMCJ-2 aircraft, but, at this time, was not certain that a crash had actually occured) I asked (b) (6) where Captain (b) was located, but he wasn't sure. I then asked him what heading the aircraft had been on; if they had turned right or left; and how long they had been in flight prior to ejecting. He answered my questions and I jotted down notes reading, "Lt -- VMCJ-2 -- 3 miles on 3200--(b) in words--CROATAN Area-3". While I was talking to (b) (6) I noticed the SAR helicopter taxing inbound past the Tower to the SAR Heliport. Just prior to terminating the conversation, I asked (3) (6) was OK and could the Marine Corporal get him into the Base. He replied in the affirmative and stated that he wanted to get to the hospital right away. I then hung the telephone up and ran outside to the SAR heliport and passed my information to Captain (0) (6), the SAR pilot. The helicopter departed immediately. Following this, I passed all information to the Operations Duty Officer and to the Airfield Operations Officer.

(b) (6)

## TRANSCRIPT OF TAPE RECORDING OF TOWER LOCAL CONTROL TRANSMISSIONS, 20,11167

QUEBEC	TAPE		
0439		BE-13:	Cherry Tower, BE-13, long position.
0.37		Tower:	BE-13, Tower, cleared long position runway 32.
		BE-13:	Roger.
		Tower:	13 when in position, contact Departure 278.8.
		BE-13:	Roger.
0440	0277	BC-12:	Tower, EC-12, when are we cleared for high
100000			power run up, over?
		Tower:	EC-12 standby one please.
		Tower:	EC-12, taxi in long position runway 32 and make
			a high power turn up.
		BC-12:	Roger, 32. Thank you.
		Tower:	12 there is an TA-4 in long position, in posi-
		100.00	tion for takeoff now.
0441	0278	BC-12:	Roger.
		BC-12:	Tower, EC-12 will be taxiing inbound this time.
		Tower:	Roger, cleared inbound the A-4 is cleared for takeoff.
0443	0280	Tower:	BE-13, Tower. Cleared for takeoff runway 32.
		BE-13:	BE-13, Roger.
0445	0282	BC-12:	BC-12, Tower, scramble an F-4.
		Tower:	Cherry Point VFR, duty runway 32, altimeter 30.16, Cherry Point is VFR.
		Chieftain 2-1:	
		Tower:	Chieftain 2-1 taxi runway 32, wind is calm,
		TAIL STATE OF	altimeter 30.16, time 08474. When airborne,
			fly a heading of 330 degrees at 10,000 feet, contact Velvet Pod on Red frequency, if unable, secondary frequency Maroon.
		Chieftain 2-1:	
		Curer ceru F-T!	secondary Marcon.
0447	MACO	Tower:	Chieftain 2-1, roger.
0441	0204	Chieftain 2-1:	
		Tower:	Chieftain 2-1, roger.
8440	0285	Wineleaf 9-2:	Cherry Tower, Wineleaf 9-2, long position.
0 1 10	000)	Tower:	Wineleaf 9-2 hold short the centermat.
		Wineleaf 9-2:	Roger, hold short.
		Tewer:	Chieftain 2-1, you're cleared for takeoff, runway 32.
		Chieftain 2-1:	Roger, thank you.
		Wineleaf 9-2:	Continue taxi please.
0449	0286	Tower:	Roger, continue into long position runway 32, field is VFR at this time.
		Wineleaf 9-2:	This is 9-2, say again, you were cut out by afterburner.

Enclosure (/2)

SPECIAL HANDLING REQUIRED in accordance with CPHAVINST 3750.6 Series

0450 0453	0287 0290	Wineleaf 9-2: Tower:  ????? Wineleaf 9-2: Tower: Wineleaf 9-2: Wineleaf 9-2: Wineleaf 9-2: Tower: Wineleaf 9-2: Tower:	
•		Tower:  ????? Wineleaf 9-2: Tower: Wineleaf 9-2: Wineleaf 9-2: Tower: Wineleaf 9-2: BH-897:	to hold my block time good, please. Wineleaf 9-2, understand you are going to depart VFR and hold your block time. Tower, there is a fire by 531 hangar. That's affirmative. F-4 scrambling, request your call sign. Wineleaf 9-2 contact Departure 278.8. Roger, 278.8, switching. Cherry Point Tower, Wineleaf 9-2 for take off one, over. Wineleaf 9-2, Tower, cleared for takeoff, runway 32. 9-2 on the roll.
•		Wineleaf 9-2: Tower: Tower: Wineleaf 9-2: Wineleaf 9-2: Tower: Wineleaf 9-2: BH-897:	VFR and hold your block time. Tower, there is a fire by 531 hangar. That's affirmative. F-4 scrambling, request your call sign. Wineleaf 9-2 contact Departure 278.8. Roger, 278.8, switching. Cherry Point Tower, Wineleaf 9-2 for take off one, over. Wineleaf 9-2, Tower, cleared for takeoff, runway 32. 9-2 on the roll.
•		Wineleaf 9-2: Tower: Tower: Wineleaf 9-2: Wineleaf 9-2: Tower: Wineleaf 9-2: BH-897:	Tower, there is a fire by 531 hangar. That's affirmative. F-4 scrambling, request your call sign. Wineleaf 9-2 contact Departure 278.8. Roger, 278.8, switching. Cherry Point Tower, Wineleaf 9-2 for take off one, over. Wineleaf 9-2, Tower, cleared for takeoff, runway 32. 9-2 on the roll.
•		Wineleaf 9-2: Tower: Tower: Wineleaf 9-2: Wineleaf 9-2: Tower: Wineleaf 9-2: BH-897:	That's affirmative.  F-4 scrambling, request your call sign.  Wineleaf 9-2 contact Departure 278.8.  Roger, 278.8, switching.  Cherry Point Tower, Wineleaf 9-2 for take off one, over.  Wineleaf 9-2, Tower, cleared for takeoff, runway 32.  9-2 on the roll.
•		Tower: Tower: Wineleaf 9-2: Wineleaf 9-2: Tower: Wineleaf 9-2: BH-897:	F-4 scrambling, request your call sign. Wineleaf 9-2 contact Departure 278.8. Roger, 278.8, switching. Cherry Point Tower, Wineleaf 9-2 for take off one, over. Wineleaf 9-2, Tower, cleared for takeoff, runway 32. 9-2 on the roll.
•		Wineleaf 9-2: Wineleaf 9-2: Tower: Wineleaf 9-2: BH-897:	Wineleaf 9-2 contact Departure 278.8. Roger, 278.8, switching. Cherry Point Tower, Wineleaf 9-2 for take off one, over. Wineleaf 9-2, Tower, cleared for takeoff, runway 32. 9-2 on the roll.
0453	0290	Wineleaf 9-2: Wineleaf 9-2: Tower: Wineleaf 9-2: BH-897:	Roger, 278.8, switching. Cherry Point Tower, Wineleaf 9-2 for take off one, over. Wineleaf 9-2, Tower, cleared for takeoff, runway 32. 9-2 on the roll.
)453	0290	Wineleaf 9-2: Tower: Wineleaf 9-2: BH-897:	Cherry Point Tower, Wineleaf 9-2 for take off one, over. Wineleaf 9-2, Tower, cleared for takeoff, runway 32. 9-2 on the roll.
		Wineleaf 9-2: BH-897:	Wineleaf 9-2, Tower, cleared for takeoff, runway 32. 9-2 on the roll.
		Wineleaf 9-2: BH-897:	runway 32. 9-2 on the roll.
		вн-897:	9-2 on the roll.
		вн-897:	
			Cherry Tower, BH-897, long position.
			BH-897, Tower, cleared to long position,
			runway 32.
		EA-17:	Tower, EA-17, long position.
		Tower:	E/-17, Tower, cleared to long position, runway
		TOWET.	32, caution the C-130 taxing into position.
1455	0292	EA-17:	17, wilco.
		Tower:	EA-17, when in long position and ready for
			takeoff, switch to base frequency please.
		Tower:	EA-17, Tower, did you copy?
		EA-17:	This is 17, did you say switch to approach?
		Tower:	EA-17, negative, switch to base frequency.
		EA-17:	EA-17, roger, base frequency.
		EA-17:	Tower, this is 17, are we VFR now?
3456	0293	Tower:	EA-17, Tower, roger, VFR.
		BH-897:	Cherry Tower, BH-897 for takeoff.
		Tower:	BH-897, Tower, cleared for takeoff, runway 32.
0459	0296	The state of the s	897.
	/-	EA-17:	Tower, 17's back up.
		Tower:	EA-17, roger.
		RA-17:	Tower, EA-17, clearance for takeoff.
		Tower:	EA-17, Tower, cleared for takeoff.
		EC-05:	Cherry Tower, EC-05, over.
0504	0301		Aircraft calling Cherry Point, say again please.
,,04	0301	BC-05:	This is BC-05, unable to contact Ground Control,
		20-07.	request permission to taxi into long position
			for turnup and then into the hot pad area.
		Tower:	EC-05 cleared to long position runway 32.
		BC-05:	Roger.
			Tower, CE-02, clearance to long.
		CE-O2: Tower:	CE-O2, taxi into long position, runway 32,
			caution the F-4 taxiing into long position.
		CE-02:	Roger.
0507	0304	Tower:	CE-02, Tower, when in position, contact
			Departure 278.8.
	200		Enclosure (#2) secordance with OFMAVINEST 3750.6 Series

_	1	DISCREPARCY DESCRIPTION AND ITEMS TO BE CHECKED -PILOT	FILL IM		_	
1	X	& AUF AIR OR REMAINTA OPEN WHN OR	START		-	
		RAISED ATTER T/O. CKLEDGE 37 IMES, NO		_	548-	5/0
		EMEKET.	RDT	-1		
	×	OS LEAK, USED OR DOWN TO \$4 CITER IN	A/B			
		40 MIN OF USAGE	OIL QUAN	- 1	40	51
			L. ADOLA-		Sec	
Ī			CLCONSU	P	Qts	
		CONTINUED ON REVERSE OF THIS FAST			un	CT. A
		CORRECTIVE ACTIONS ACCOMPLISHED - MAINTINANCE FILL IN			tie	100 MIT
	7		-	ÞŦ	free	400 MIT
		200 - 057 Cycled Door 02	times	**	Tree	440 MIT
	,	200 - 057 Cycled Door 02			716	/77/
	,	200 - 057 Cycled Door 02			716	1720
3	7	200 - 057 Cycled Door 10 2 1 Ocal, Clean Dood with your		a/	V9 K5	
2	7	200 - 057 Cycled Door 02		a/	V9 K5	
2	7	200 - 057 Cycled Door 10 2 1 Ocal, Clean Dood with your		a/	V9 K5	
2	7	200 - 057 Cycled Door 10 2 1 Ocal, Clean Dood with your		a/	V9 K5	
2	7	200 - 057 Cycled Door 10 2 1 Ocal, Clean Dood with your		a/	V9 K5	
2	7	200 - 057 Cycled Door 10 2 1 Ocal, Clean Dood with your		a/	V9 K5	
2	7	200 - 057 Cycled Door 10 2 1 Ocal, Clean Dood with your		a/	V9 K5	

<sup>|</sup> RECLOSURE (%) to VMCJ-2 AAR serial 1-684 occuring 20 July 1967, RF-43 Bullo 153113, Pilot: (D)(6) | \*SPECIAL HANDLING REQUIRED in accordance with OPENVIRST 3750.6 series

AINTENANCE (Mark GROUNDING discrepancies with an "X.")	ON AND ITEMS TO BE CHICAGO	-PLOT FILE		-3
Y DO UHFIND Fro	ant cock	pit	,	
BK in reav		START	176	2 3
Acar seet seat pan	4085 m	RDT	-	=
111111111111111111111111111111111111111		A/B		
+		OTL QUA	17 15 Y	10
		O free ital	P Qts	
CONTINUED ON SEVESSE OF THIS PAST	or s storught		7-	
COMMECTIVE ACTIONS ACCOUNT, ISSUED - MARIE	PERMICE PILL III			
7200 - 02 4 Four 11H1	At sa. 1	a HF pos.	1	
7200 - 02 4 Focus UHI	of Jaco	a. HF pos.	200 14	20/2
7200 - 024 Four UHI Re-positioned 7200 - 025 ped let	of Jaco	in chilge	1 MX 22	230
7200 - 024 Four UH	of Jaco	in chilge	70 14. 1 14. 21	230
7200 - 024 Four UH	of Jacobs	in chilge	70 14.	230
7200-024 Four UH	of Jack	a. H. pos.	700 14.	230,
7200 - 02 4 Four (1H)  Re-positioned  7200 - 025 ped left.	of Jacob Clip	a. H. pos.	700 14. 1 MX 21	230,
7200-024 Four UH	of Jack	a. H. pos.	700 14. 1 MX 21	230,

ZENCIOSURE (53) to VMCJ-2 AAR serial 1-68A occuring 20 July 1967, RF-48, Bullo 153113, Pilot: (5)E(6)E \*SPECIAL HANDLING REQUIRED in accordance with OPEAVINST 3750.6 series

1	105 Commer Ponce Interns STARS		60 630
-	Cocaris / s Loose As / Neores	7	0.30
	YAW STAD CONTINUES TO LICK " Sem	4	478.
	AT ALTITUOS		9 00
2	BAO OXYGEN LEAK- PEAK SE'+T, RUNDOTH	7	40
+	Middle Block . Check Fire The A TOILCONSU	P	Qts
_	COMMINUED ON MEVERSE OF THIS PART		user
	COMMICTIVE ACTIONS ACCOMPLISHED - BANTENINGE FILL IN	17	THE AM DATE
	7199-046 - Secured Control Panel Gold	B	m 71976
1	7199-047 TRIMMED AUtoPilot. Vices	3	2/00/70
1		-	
	7199-048 CHANGED REAR SEAT PAN. PRESS		
	CHECKED OK BOTH FRONT & REAR.	511	2200/7199

Buso 153113, Pilot: (D)(6)
"SPECIAL HANDLING REQUIRED in accordance with OPENVIRST 3750.6 series

	TENANCE ( Mark GROUNDING discrepancies with	DESCRIPTION AND ITEMS TO BE SECURD PROF FELL IN		
	,	START	550	5/0
-		ROT		
		A B		
		077, 0	47	50
	CONTINUES ON MENERAL OF THE	01LC0	WNSec NSUPQts	
	COMMECTIVE ACTIONS ACCOMP	- "		THE AND BUTE

SPECIAL HANDLING REQUIRED in accordance with OPENVIRST 3750.6 series

	41B 153113 2.3 18	JULY 67 Common to
-MAIN	ITENANCE (Mark GROUNDING discrepancies with an "X.")	
1 00		CHICKED - PILOT PILL IN
1	STA & FOTO CAMERA FAIL AND	560 550
	film Fail ofTex Sexp/IMID open	1000
2	SUSPECT STAT #2	
	SHUTTER BROKEN	
3	RUDDER LYON STAR	0 9 51 52
-	KICKS AT ALT	LIMDOWNSoo
+	VICEZ AL MOI	( Low HSUPQts
+	+	
_	(b) (6)	I seed
	CONTINUED ON REVERSE OF THIS PAR	9-5
80	CORRECTIVE ACTIONS ACCOMPLISHED—MAINTENANCE FILL IN	ET THE AND DATE
, .	7199-044	
	7117 077	
1 -	7199-045	
4	1111-093	
+		
+	1 · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
5 /	Report JCN 7199-047	
	1	
-	MEPECTOR'S SIGNATURE	
	Continued on stress on part vest	

SENCIONARE (#3) to Variable ARR serial 1-600 occurring 20 July 1967, RF-48, Bullo 153113, Piloty (b) (6)
"SPECIAL RANGEING REQUIRED in accordance with OPERFINER 3750.6 series

RF	16 163100 1/2 mm man man man man man man man man man	cCircle UP or	DOWN	114
MAIN	TRANSCE (Mark GROUNDING discrepancies with an "X.")  15000148CF 050017198 AM ITEMS 10 M CHICAGO -PLOT FILL II		_	
1	CAMERA De Fog - WET	START	3	
2	Con Full D. D. LT	ROT	550	260
d	Gen FAIL Doring Flight Recycled ON AFTER 5 MIN.	ROT		-
	The state of the s	1 B	-	-
		חוון, ריוואיף	47	52
+		OILCONSUP	Sec	
	COMPANIES ON MEVERSE OF THIS PARE		-	03
-	GROSCTIVE ACTIONS ACCOMPLISHED—BARRITERANCE PILL IN		rest o	-
1	7199-042			
27	199-043 RAN A/c FOR /HR. COUL	,		
^	199-043 RAW A/c FOR IMR. Could not cot see to MALFUNETron	A.	200	121-
	CONTINUES ON MINISTER OF SHIP PART   PROPERTY IN CONTINUES			-

<sup>6</sup> ENCLOSURE (C) to VECJ-2 ARE serial 1-684 covering 20 July 1967, 29-43, Dullo 153113, Pilot: (b)(6)
"SPECIAL HANDLING ENQUIRED in accordance with OPERFORM 3750.6 series

RF	10	ur ur	DO. A(1)	<b>\$</b> )₹
10	- BISCHEPARY BESCHPTIGH AND ITEMS TO BE CHECKED -PLOT FILL IN			-
,	FLE- FAIL LIGHT REVR COMPT POSITION	_	2	8
-	All other Moses Test Good Howen START	=		
1	NO GROWD RETURN IN AT ALITION - ROT	_		
_	GMP AR GME.	-		
7	FLE CAMERA - CAMERA WARN + 60		50	52
	BUE CIRCUT BREAKER FOR EUCH			
	TIME FLR CAMERA TURNED ON			
, 2	IR - FILM FAIL LIGHT BITS- 1-6.28.			
	CONTINUED ON REVERSE OF THIS PART		VA	101:
	COMMICTIVE ACTIONS ACCOMPLISHED—MARKETHANCE PILL IN	4	Par	
, A	010	+		
1,	1	1	-	
+		1		
	011			
	TTOIR PURSUES ASSESSED ON North	4		,
	HOIZ CHECKED DK. YO NAVILLE	UR	073	0/2/20
	INST. UTZ. CHECKED DK.		,	
+		1		
+		1		
+				
_	HISPOCROS'S INDINATIVES	-		

<sup>7</sup> ENGLOSSES (67) to VMCJ-2 AAR serial 1-664 occurring 20 July 1967, RF-43, Sumo 153113, Pilot: (5) The serial 1-664 occurring 20 July 1967, RF-43, Sumo 153113, Pilot: (5) The serial 1-664 occurring 20 July 1967, RF-43, Sumo 153113, Pilot: (5) The serial 1-664 occurring 20 July 1967, RF-43, Sumo 153113, Pilot: (5) The serial 1-664 occurring 20 July 1967, RF-43, Sumo 153113, Pilot: (5) The serial 1-664 occurring 20 July 1967, RF-43, Sumo 153113, Pilot: (5) The serial 1-664 occurring 20 July 1967, RF-43, Sumo 153113, Pilot: (5) The serial 1-664 occurring 20 July 1967, RF-43, Sumo 153113, Pilot: (5) The serial 1-664 occurring 20 July 1967, RF-43, Sumo 153113, Pilot: (5) The serial 1-664 occurring 20 July 1967, RF-43, Sumo 153113, Pilot: (5) The serial 1-664 occurring 20 July 1967, RF-43, Sumo 153113, Pilot: (5) The serial 1-664 occurring 20 July 1967, RF-43, Sumo 153113, Pilot: (5) The serial 1-664 occurring 20 July 1967, RF-43, Sumo 153113, Pilot: (5) The serial 1-664 occurring 20 July 1967, RF-43, Sumo 153113, Sumo 153

2	-4	15	153		2.1		13、ノルリッ	64 (Circl		DOWN)	
÷	AIN	ENANCE	Mark GROU	NDING discrepance			IS 10 M CHECKED -PILOT	to a		-,-	
1	ż	BALO	AIT		COC		STIC		ADL	Y -	
			5 3-							7	
		, 164						STAPS			
								RDT			-
_								A/B			
								6120	TRAIL	48	51
-									NSUP-	<u>Fig</u> Qts	
	_		0		OF THE PAST	PROF'S H	(6)		_	VMC.	1-2
				COMMECTIVE ACTIONS	ACCOMPLISHED -	ELETTRACE PL	•			THE	
1	-	7194	-05	Ä	EPLA	CEDA	Lt , Free	+4	4	1630	12.94
					-						
+									-		
-	_								+		
						-	2				
_								_			

FINCLOSME (65) to VMCJ-2 AAR serial 1-604 occurring 20 July 1967, NF-4B, Bullo 153113, Pilot: (b)(6)
"SPECIAL HANDLING ENQUIRED in accordance with OPERVISE 3770.6 series

RF-4B	Mark GROUNDING diskn	7.3.4	12 JULY	A/C con (Circle	UP or I	DOWN (	7
MAINTENANCE	(Mark GROUNDING discre	pancies with an "X") DISCREPART DISCREPARE AND	ITEMS TO MI CHECKED PLOT FILL II				
'							
++-	*			START		560	530
				RDT			
				7.78		MMi-	IME
++-				חדבו	*****	49	5
		(b) (6)		P. WTX		Seo	
	COMPRESSION OF R				ONOU	1.7	
	COMMICTIVE A	CTIONS ACCOMPLISHED - MARTINANCE	PIL W		"	700 400	MI
-	,				-		
+							
-							
+							
-	commence on a	MIPTOR	's pomilyee				

ENCLOSURE (93) to VMCJ-2 AAR serial 1-60A coouning 20 July 1967, NF-4B, Bullo 153113, Pilot: (D)(0)
"SPECIAL HANDLING REQUIRED in accordance with OPHNETING 7750.6 series

	153113	22 /2	Dy 17 check	UP or DOW	M 4 (
MAINTENAN	( Mark GROUNDING descr	repancies with an X 1			
- 1		DISCREPANCY DESCRIPTION AND ITEMS TO 60			
		cks even will	1995		-
1	AJ 500 Ft	Ini doseens	START	550	520
3 KN	10 6 00 DOC	Trite louse	RDT		
; E1	RI		MD1		
			1 9	11-	1-
			277, 291117	48	51
			E WOOFF-	Sec	
			OILCONSUI		
	П	(b) (6)		7	ne i .
	COMMISSES ON	areas or merical		·	He 1.
•	QAMECTIVE	ACTIONS ACCOMPLISHED - MAINTENANCE FILL IN			700 440 9470
719	3-0420	10 install	en peles	DE	230
al	1-042 C				
			1 /		
	3-043 @	tightened	Krob W	PB 0	100/
719			11		
7/9		0			
7/9		0			
3 7/9	3-044 €	D REMOVED	LEPAIRED+		
3 7/9	3-044 €		LEPAIRED+	EST 16	1./2
3 7/9	3-044 €	D REMOVED	LEPAIRED+	c /6</td <td>2./2</td>	2./2
3 7/9	3-044 €	D REMOVED	LEPAIRED+	EST 16	2./2
3 7/9	3-044 €	D REMOVED	LEPAIRED+	cs( /6	1./2

<sup>/</sup>O EXCLOSURE (#) to VMCJ-2 AND serial 1-684 coouring 20 July 1967, NF-48, Dullo 153113, Pilot: (D)(6)

EXCERPTS FROM THE MAINTENANCE HIGHT CREW LOG BOOK - 6615 - WC-220 OFFERD 7027

7193

CT-10 WEST OUT ACCP FOR ALT PWD C/P REQ #6095 CT-10 ACCP CAME IN 7193-042. INSTALLED SAME.

7194

OF THE BOOKS. PLUS DID NOT MAKE UP MAFF. WE SIGHED IT OFF.

7194-048

BOLOSURE (%4) to VMCJ-2 AAR serial 1-68A occurring 20 July 1967, RP-48,

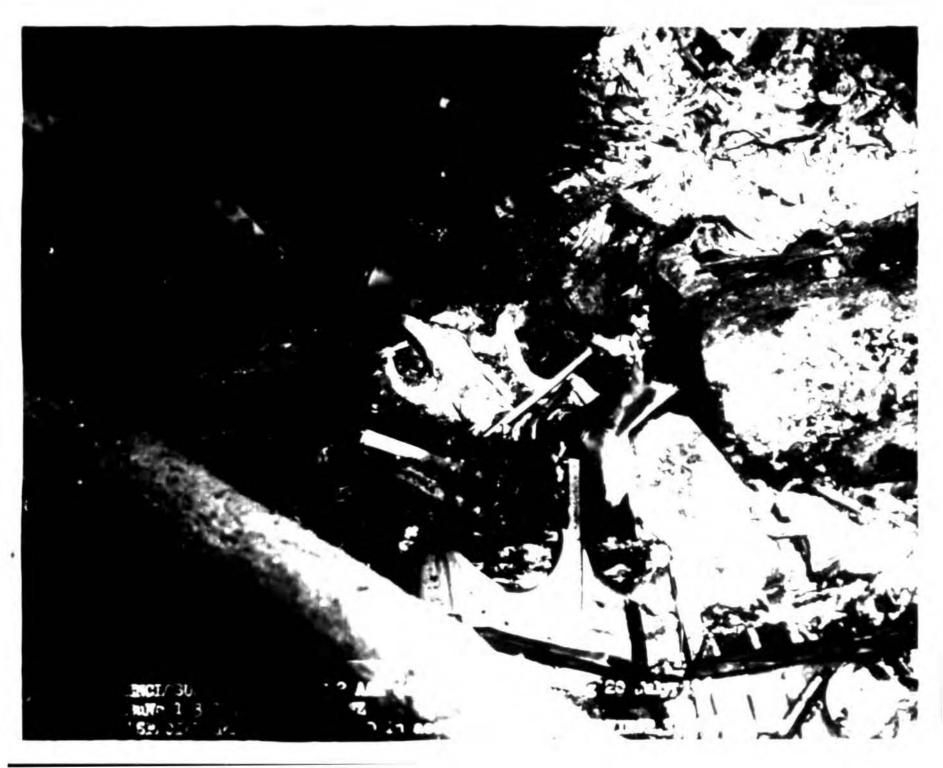
STATUS	FORM #6 (Rev. 11/64) 0140-	H. LOCATION	K. DISCREPANCY	L. CORRECTIVE ACTION	APP STATE OF THE S
DI	FAS 2187 022		Dial Knoh for INS	Tightered Rad	
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<b>2</b> 3	153113	1 2 3	comes . A A		1 1/20
DISC.	P. EQUIP. G. MAINT.	J. TIME REPORTED	,	(2R)	4 1 L 1/11/2
0	AFPE B			280	
STATUS	B. JCN	H. LOCATION	K. DISCREPANCY	L. CORRECTIVE ACTION	S O OMPON
Ðŧ	PASh 192 010		bot will app's scaller		A
PRI	D. BUNO/SIDE NO.	I. WORK CE TERS	Sticks when Flaps full downs		A COM.
<b>O</b> 3	153113		checks good in 1/2 6 full up.		8 1
DISC.	F. EQUIP. G. MAINT.	J. TIME REPORTED	CXECKS 2000 12 15 15 6 to 11 0 bi	Control of the Contro	B. 7/947.
0	MERC B				
STATUS	B. JCN	H. LOCATION	K. DISCREPANCY  Yew Kicks lest to right  2+ 30,000 ft .86 moch when  5+20 Aug selected;	L. CORRECTIVE ACTION	4 - C MITE/
†('↓)	FAS 7192 066		you KICAS 103	THIMMED TAN W	1 1 1
PR	D. BUNG/SIDE NO.	I. WORK CENTERS	30,000 ft . 86 moen when	AID VIR I	R COMP.
)2 3	153113	1 2 3	and selected,	MIP. MILL OUT	
DISC.	F. EQUIP. G. MAINT.	J. TIME REPORTED	5+30 408	2 0	THE RESERVE TO SERVE THE PARTY OF THE PARTY
	AFPC B			C3K	
STATUS	N ICH	H. LOCATION	K DISCREPANCY	L coderatifs seriou	9 9 7
+ 4	17,93 042	I COCATION	Alt F/c Sticks At less than 500 decent	galacies alt	2 1 0 1 0 1 C
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2 3		1 2 3	less than 500 Wellen.		1. 1
DISC.	F. EQUIP. G. MAINT.	J. TIME REPORTED	per Min.	115	23 8 10 7/707
			per	DG L	- Z - F
	B. JCN	H. LOCATION	K. DISCREPANCY	L. CORRECTIVE ACTION	50
A) I	7193 243	H. LOCATION	Flap Sw. Knob loose		BE CONTEN
PRI	D. BUNO/SIDE NO.	I. WORK CENTERS	MAP SW. MAD 1203C	Tighten od Kub	12 1
_	D. Sandraide no.	1   2   3		1 10 11 11 11 11	BA 1 0109
2 3				Tighter ed Knob	B B 1 /7/
DISC.	F. EQUIP. G. MAINT.	J. TIME REPORTED		1 1006	PENDING D. T/PLT.
				I WYKII \	

and their

10	FAS 794 0/8	H. LOCATION	BAL. ALT STIEKS BAOLY	Switched front + Book	*
2 3	53//3	J. MEN ASSIGNED	LAG 300'-400' (FAMT)	Mineters   Chapter	
P	AFPE B		· ·	hyper Vy	3 3
PI	FAS 7198 004	H. LOCATION	K. DISCREPANCY	L. CORRECTIVE ACTION	
-RI	D. BUNO/SIDE NO.	J. MEN ASSIGNED	- JORY INSP.		
(2) 3 DISC	153//3	-		3/4	- 32
0	AFPC D				
(f)	FA 1199 043	H. LOCATION	then Payled during flight increased on after 5 mins	L. CORRECTIVE ACTION SOME ADDRESS.	
0.	D. BUNG/SIDE NO.	J. MEN ASSIGNED	The state of the s	The state of the s	
DISC	F. EQUIP G. MAINT	1		Section 1 and 1 an	
D	HEBC B			DE	
t 0	FAS 7199 047	H. LOCATION	New State continues to lice from left to with	Trimmed AK. Works well	
2 3	153113	J. MEN ASSIGNED	at all		
Disc	AFPC B	1		ws	
STATUS	B. JCH	H. LOCATION	, K. DISCREPANCY	L. CORRECTIVE ACTION	3 1
PRI	D. BUNO/SIDE NO.	J. MEN ASSIGNED	•		2 1
1 2 3 DISC	F. EQUIP G. MAINT	-			1.8

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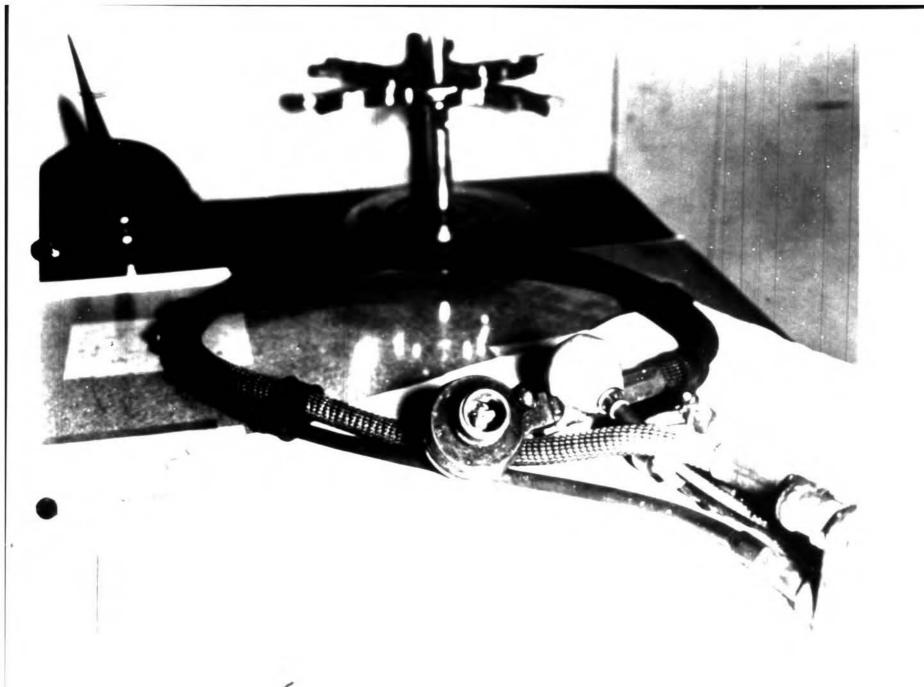
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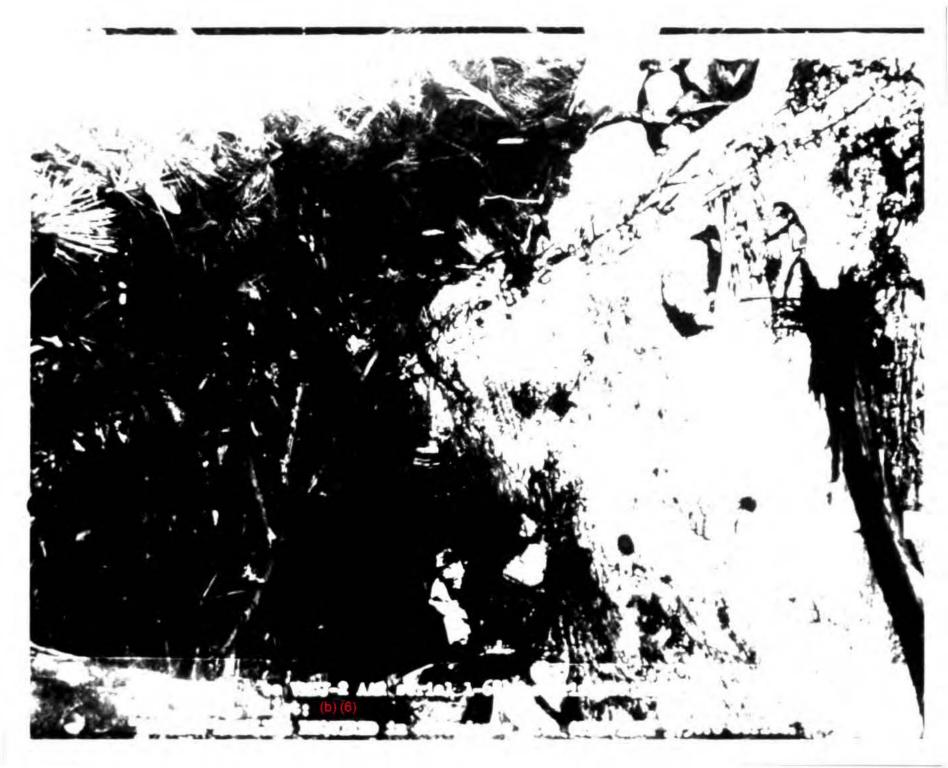


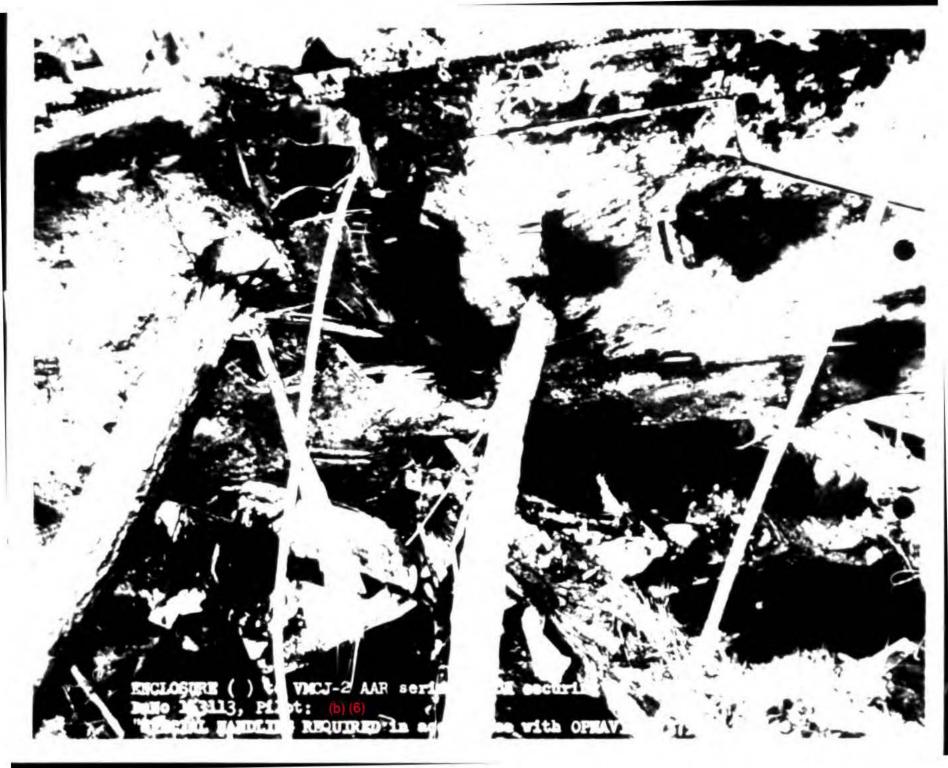






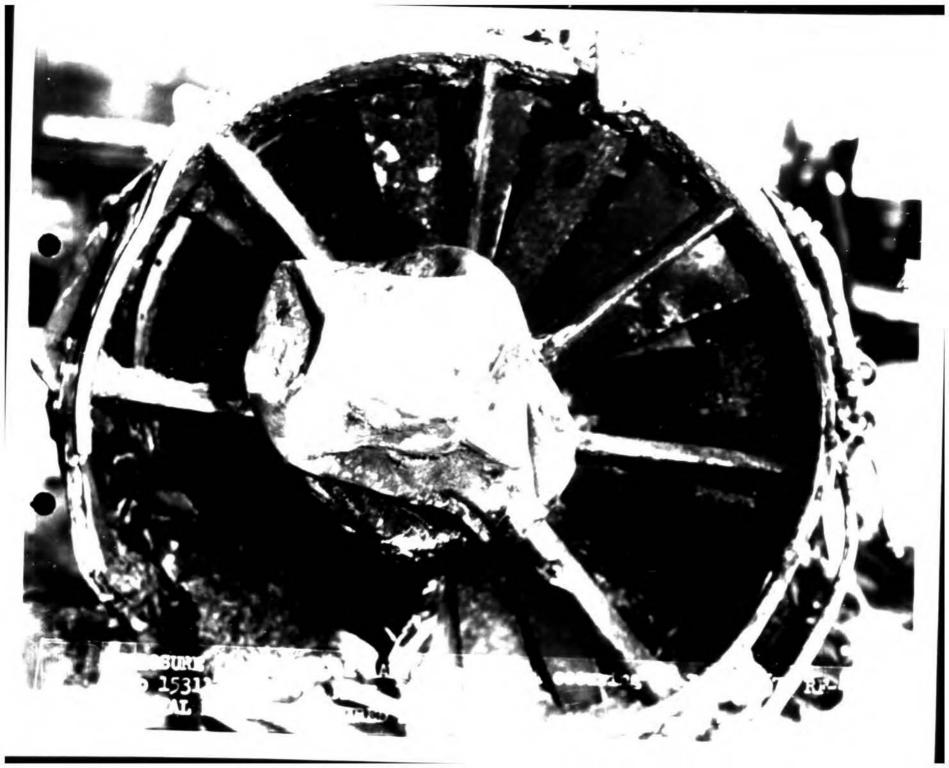












# MAS Line CENT

	OG	DPO	POO	MOS-6	ı
	38	DEEP	PM0	HARS-8	I
	38	INS)	8PC	MSG-27	l
VZ CZ CAWA 623 HTTLZ YUN R UEDAWA4 601 208 1335-EEEE	1.570		-	MG-14 W	]
RULOHRA. ZNY LEEL:	32	1.7	TRING	MAG-84	1
H 27 13352 JUL 67 FM MAR COMPRECON TWO	18	WA:	WPN:	-	3
TO RUCILWAY NAVAIR SYSCOMREPLANT	260	) w.	PAR:	OFRES	4
ZINCG SECONO MAN	AD.	NAM	116	0187 B	1
RUCILMAZCOM NAVAIRLANT RUEDBHBZNAVAIRSYSCOM HQ	480	CB U	U.	AIRC	4
RUCIL SAV NAV AV NSAFCEN RUED HR AV NAT SF	· LI	S VIRM	PE I	118	
ZENMARAIRGRU ONE FOUR	7	2		=	3
UNCLASE FT O	1				
FAILURE / MAL FUNCTION INVESTIGATION A. BWFRRLANT INST 4 730. 174	1			Ē	
B. BUWEPS INST \$738.6	1			7	
1. REQ PD IR A. RF-48 153113				7	

PAGE TWO RUEDAWA4 681 UNQLAS E FT O

E. 28G-6615-789-8395-BFXX/230E420G-1/UNK

B. AUTO PILOT AMPLIFIER . SER NO UNANDWN

F. 89954

G. NA

H. AUTO PILOT AMPLIFIER SUFFERED CRASH DAMAGE

D. AUTO PILOT AMPLIFIER SUFFERED OR ASH & AM AGE

1. VMCJ-2 MSG 2815382 JUL 67

J. REQUEST THEO AS TO WHETHER AUTO PILOT WAS ENGAGED

K. VM CJ-2

BT



/ ENGLOSURE (56) to VMCJ-2 AAR serial 1-68A occuring 20 July 1967, RP-48, Buffo 153113, Pilot: (b)(6)

MAIN

VZ CZ CAW A 622 RITEZ YLAN RUE O AW AA 600 200 1332-EEEERUI RUE O HRA. ZNY EEFFF	OG.	DPO	PEO	1400-8
ANY EEEEE R 271332Z JUL 67	C8	развив не	PHOSA	HARB-2
M MAN LOM PRE COLOR	3S	INSI	₹PC	MRSG-87
INFO ZEN NAP E CHESYSCOMREPLANT	(3)	130	**	MAG-14 (W)
RUCIL MAY COM NAV	92	LR	TRIK	168-84
RUEDB HB / NAV A IR S YS COM HQ RUCIL SA / NAV AV NS AFCE N	98	MA.	WPW:	
OCUTE AN NATE C	200	MEA	HAR:	OFR-S
ST NOMARAIRGRU ONE FOUR	ADJ	HAM	30E	DIST 78"
UNCLAS E F T O FAILURE/MA FUNCTION	480	CENT		SUPO .
FAIL URE/MAL FUNCTION INVESTIGATION A. BWFRRLANT INST 4730. 17A B. BUWEPS INST 4730. 6	45	HOBBIAL	3 CLA	18/5
A. RF-48 153113 B. ANGLE OF ATTACK INDICATOR SER IN				3
D. ANGLE OF ATTACK INC.	. UNKNOWN			7
D. ANGLE OF ATTACK INDICATOR SUFFERE	D OR ASH DAM AG	iε		5 P

PAGE TWO RUEDAWAS 688 UND AS E FT O

- E. 28 H- 66 18-8 16-4 998-8 FCJ/SLZ-9 88 1/ UNK
- G. NA

BT

- ANGLE OF ATTACK INDICATOR SUFFERED CRASH DAMAGE H. VMCJ-2 MSG 20 1530Z JUL 67 REQUEST READING AT IMPACT 1.
- K. VMCJ-2



2 BELLOSURE (5%) to VMCJ-2 ANR serial 1-68A occurring 20 July 1967, RF-kB,

SPECIAL HANDLING REQUIRED in accordance with OFEAVIER 3750.6 Series

### MAS LE UNI

VZ CZ CAWA624 RTTEZ YUN RULOAWAN 602 208 1336 LEES RE LA HULDHRA. INY : ELLL R 2713502 JUL 67 FM MAR COMPRE CON TWO TO RUCILWAY NAVAIR SYSCOMREPLANT INFO ZEN NARF CHERPT-ZE N'CO SE COND MAN-RUCIL MAY COM NAVAIRL ANT RUEDBIB/ NAVA! RSYSCOM HQ RUCIL SANNAV AV NS AFCE N RIEDHRA/NAT SF ZENMARAIRGRU ONE FOUR

OG	DPU	POO	MC8-8
CS	DZP	PMID	44E8-2
38 W	NS?	BPC	448G-27
G) 97	435 E 1	3 <b>4</b>	MAG-141/
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UNQ AS E FT O

FAIL URE/MAL FUNCTION INVESTIGATION

A. BWFRRLANT INST 4 730. 17A B. BUWLPS : NST 4738. 6

L REQ POIR

BT

A. RF 48 153 113

B. CENTRAL AIR DATA COMPUTER SEH NO E.

C 7NOV66, OVER HAUL ACTIVITY UNKNOWN

PAGE TWO RUEDAWAY 682 UNQLAS E F I O

U. CENTRAL AIR DATA COMPUTER SUFFERED TRANH TITLE

. UNK 4 24 88- 18 1- 1/72 18

F. GARRETT CORP.

G. NA

CENTRAL AIR DATA COMPUTER SUFFERED STASH DAMAGE

1. VMCJ-2 MSG 28 1538Z JUL 67

J. NONE

BI

K. VMCJ-2



3 EXCLOSURE (56) to VMCJ-2 AAR serial 1-68A occurring 20 July 1967, RF-48,

SPECIAL BANKING REQUIRED in accordance with OPENVISOR 3750.6 Series

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PAGE TWO RUEDAWAS 683 UNCLAS E FT O

L. 28 0-6618-895-3854-VAPX/MS25458-VUNK

D. PILOTS ALTIMETER SUFFERED CHASH DAMAGE

B. PILOTS ALTIMETER, SER NO UNKNOWN

L REQ POIR

A. RF-48 153113

C. UNKNOWN

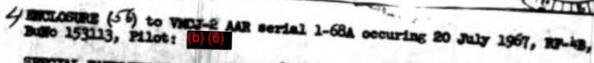
G. NA

H. PILOTS ALT IMETER SUFFERED OR ASH DAMAGE

1. VMCJ-2 MSG 2015382 JUL 67

J. REQUEST ALTITUDE AT IMPACT AND ANY POSSIBILITY OF ERRO EABINGS ...

K YMCJ-2



SPECIAL RANDLING REQUIRED in accordance with OFEAVIER 3750.6 Series

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JACLAS E FT O

AILURE MAL FUNCTION INVESTIGATION

A. BWFRRLANT INST 4730. 17A

BUWEPS INST 4 738. 6 B.

L REU POIR

A. RU-+0 153113

ANGLE OF ATTACK TRANSMITTER, SER 1,1 HLG 187

OVERHAUL TAG ILLEGIBLE

D. ANGLE OF ATTACK TRANSMITTER SUFFFER GRASH DAMAGE

PAGE TWO RUEDAWAN 684 UNCLAS E FT O

Ε. UNK/SLZ9 1788/BGL - 187

F. 18639/UNK

G. NA

ANGLE OF ATTACK TRANSMITTER SUFFERED TRASH DAMAGE H 1.

VMCJ-2 MSG 20 15302 JUL 67

REQUEST INFO AS TO POSITION OF TRANSMITTER AND E



5 MCLOSURE (66) to VICI-2 AAR serial 1-68A occuring 20 July 1967, RP-48,

HOTAL HANDLING REQUIRED in accordance with OPENVIRST 3750.6 Series

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RUCILMAN COMNAVA IRLANT RUEDB HB / NAVAIRS YS COM HQ RUCIL SA/NAV AV NS AFCE N

HUEOHRA/NATSF

ZENMARAIRGRU ONE FOUR ZEN MARHAMRON ONE FOUR

BT

UNQ AS E F T O

FAIL URE/MALFUNCTION INVESTIGATION

A. BWFRRLANT INST 4738. 17A

B. EJWEPS INST 4730.6

1. REQ POIR

A. RF-48 153113

B. J MGE 88, PORT 842 1878 J79GE 88, STB 842 1338

C 283, NAS NORIS 283, NAS NORIS D. ENGINES SUFFERED CRASH DAMAGE

OG	DPO	POD	MCG-8
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AD.	NAM:	30E:	018T '8"
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55	NOMMAT	SPECIAL	8/5

PAGE TWO RUEDAWA F. GENERAL ELECTRIC G. NA H. ENGINES SUFFERED DRASH DAMAGE AND HAVE F.O.C. 1. VMCJ-2 MSG 20 830Z JULY 67 J. DESIRE INFO AS TO WHAT CAUSED F.O.D., WHAT POWER SETTINGS WERW UTILIZED AT IMPACT, AND DID ENGINES HAVE COMPRESSOR STALL K VMCJ-2/HMS-24 BT

3619105

RE (32) to VMCJ-2 AAR serial 1-68A occurring 20 July 1967, RF-48, 153113, Pilot: (b) (6)

2 3750.6 Series

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	08	000	PEO	MACO-8
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	88	. NS1	BBO	MIRG-27
VZ CZ CAWA 116	G)	N.	**	MRG-14 M
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P 24 1735Z JUL 67	03 V	) Ma	WPW:	MARTS)
TO RUCILWA/NAVAIRSYSCOMREPLANT	9° W	) WE	BAR:	
- INFO ZEN/NAR F CHER PT	AD	NAM	-OE-	0187 78*
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ZENTHAR AIRGRU ONE FOUR				1
FAILURE/MALFUNCTION INVESTIGATION			_	-

guare. c.

PAGE TWO RUEDAWA UNCLAS E F T O E. RM 1668-761-1613-LA28, MS22881, NA F. 96986, N383-98721A G. NA H. MASK WORN BY PILOT IN ACFT ACCIDENT

L. VMCJ-2 MSG 20 1536Z JUL 67 J. MASK CONTAINS FOREIGN MATTER

A. BWFRRLANT INST 4 738. 17A B. BUWEPS INST 4 738. 6 L REQ CHEM ANAL A. RF-48 153113

K VMCJ-2

B. NA

D. OXYGEN MASK

2417352

MILOSUME (56) to VMCJ-2 AAR serial 1-68A occurring 20 July 1967, EF-4B,

SPECIAL BANDLING REQUIRED in accordance with OPENVIRST 3750.6 Series

INITIAL STATEMENT AND INTERVIEW MADE ON 22 JULY 1967. INTERVIEW BY CAPTAIN (b) (6)

USIN. BOTH MEMBERS OF THE AAR BOARD. (TRANSCRIPT OF TAPE RECORDING)

The following is my statement about the crash of Marine Charlie Tankee One Zero an RF-4B at approximately 04520 at Cherry Point.

I case into work just about five minutes after three o'clock to brief with Captain (b) (6) who was to fly the A-5 on Wineleaf flight 9-1 and Wineleaf flight 9-2. After we briefed the mission we each ran our own individual crew briefs, which for my hop wornd up mostly going over ejection procedures if we needed them, and what ever erew coordination we were going to use on rodios, etc. After we finished briefing, we hung around the ready room for about 10 to 15 minutes and walked down to the airplane at about 10 minutes to four. Went into flight equipment and put all our gear on, I had all my gear on that and issued except for the "G" suit because we weren't going to pull any "C's", And at that time I believe that Licutement (b) (6) had all his gear, however, I found out later he had had his gloves in the cockpit, but was not yearing them. After we suited up we walked out to the flight line, signed for the aircraft, and commerced on the one gripe. that on the previous hop Carcain (b) (6) had had three ox air door lights and that it had checked out O.K. on the ground; so we figured we best keep an eye on it after we brought the gear up. Wandered on out to the airplane waited around to get started, got started finally, after we got started we got the word from the A-6 that their aircraft was down and they were going to try to get an F-10, so we pulled out of the chocks and went out to the fuel pits and sat in the fuel pits taking on a full bag of gas; we were about down to 1100, negative 11,000 pounds internal. When, after we finished topping off in the pits, we got the word over the radio that Charlie Yankee -I believe it was two three - the A-6 would not be going and there were no F-10's. So I decided to go on shead anyway even though we couldn't jam, at least we could fly the mission track as briefed and I could fly the first part of track up to the first IP fast in order to get there at the IP on time. So we called ground control for taxi with our Charlie Yankee number and found out that the local flight plan had been filed under our Wineleaf numbers, so we then picked up the call sign even with the field of Wineleaf 9-2. Taxied out after receiving clearance and in the long position we were switched over to departure control because the field at that time had been IFR but they said the field's now VFR, and so I regered and said I would launch VFR but desired to keep my block time - to keep my clearance, so they read me off the clearance, clearing me to the Bennett intersection. I believe the time I had to contact them was 0650Q. No, it was 1050Q. 1050Z. They gave me Zulu time to contact them to pick up my penetration, and I regered it. We then switched back to tower frequency, got back up on tower frequency and we ran through the pre-takeoff checks. Ran up the right engine first,

| Enclosure (57)

read off my oil program and my fuel flow on cutback to the RO, and then I had an idea I was hot mike - once we started up the engine we went on hot mike. Ran up the left engine, read the oil pressure to the RO and pulled the power back to check the idle flow, idle cutoff frel flow, and then I turned the three aux tabs on and put the flaps down to one half, and then read through the cockpit takeoff check off list vital to an trols free, and I wiped the cockpit out with my stick and there was no binding. Then wines down and locked - there were no pins. Theured all the lights were out. told him that my harness, no that the yaw, roll and witch were on, my harness was locked. Let's see, there was a couple of other things. The hook was up. My safety pin was out. To check his safety pin out, and his alternate ejection hardle - where ever he desired it. And he rogered and said yes, he was ready to go - his pin was out. So I called tower and got clearance to roll and went to 30 percent. Let go the brakes, pushed up to 100 percent and waited until the temporatures reached set. If I remember right the left cigine was reading 630 on reset, and the right one was reading 625. At this time I let go of the cose wheel steering and selected burner on both engines and surmers lit normally. Good light off. Good roll. Airplane rolled just about an far as she normally would and we ware airborne. Brought the gear up and started the flaps up at 180. And I went - I went and ducked under one small about that was nitting on the end of the runway. I was showing about 700 feet indicated, I say after about a mile from the field still excellenting it. We had come out of burner at this time - if I remorber right. We were still excellerating. The master caution light came on. And so I started to put my head down to look at the telelight panel and as near as I can tell. I was just a bunch of fire in the cockpit. What I think it was - was my oxygen mask at the mini reg might have come loose. And I had a fire, and from then on it is pretty confused. I remember a bunch of yellow light and all that and I remember trying to exhale all the time I couldn't talk to (0)6. I don't know why. I was trying to exhale to keep the fire out of my lungs. And I saw the altimeter unwind \$200 feet. And so I figured - well I screwed it up this time. It's not, we are going to crash. About then I felt a jar and heard an explosion, and I figured well at least (b) (6) got out of it; then we lit some trees and I don't rem ber too much more except I reached up - I think after we hit the ground and were skidding, and pulled the face curtain. The reason I say I think it was after I hit the ground because one corner of the face curtain was already out. At this time I could just berely see out of one eye and figured what the hell I've always been late - I might - my Martin-Baker seat might get me out of it anyway might, as, well burn to death in the - get crushed to death on the jump out - as burn to death so I reached up and pulled the handle and I heard all of a sudden a "Whoceh". like well - I heard the beng and I went out and I did the normal tumble the pictures: sixu for Martin Baker and felt the chute open up and could hear a "sesss" like oxygen. And I was still burning pretty good. We face was having something played on it, it felt like, and it was burning and parts of my flight gear were burning and about this time, hell, it couldn't been more than a second, I settled

2 Enclosure (77)

into what felt like a tree - or something - and hit the ground, (6) (6) (b) (6). Then I remember a good sharp pain (b) (6) but, that could have been hit or done when I left the seat, cause I probably wasn't in a very good ejection position. I was still burning so I tried to roll it out and I couldn't because I couldn't get all the way down to the ground. So I get my koch fittings - got out of them - and floundered around and got rid of my scott seat pan. After I got rid of that I got the fire out pretty readily. Whatever it was that was feeding it was either on it or could have been - I don't know. After getting the fire out I dragged my scott seat pan over a little bit out of the fire. And I couldn't see anything so I couldn't move very much. But I found out I was still alive and I could yell and had a pretty good set of hands. So I yelled a couple of times to see if [0] [6] had gotten out. I don't remember hearing anything, so I said well "Pretty Wet". So I got the seat pan and opened it and blew up my life raft and flipped it inverted and sat on it so I could be as far out of the air - off the ground as possible, and started yelling for (b) (6) again. And he answered up. He said he was about 100 yards away or so, his voice sounded closer than that, that came out later he was. And he said he was trapped in his gear, and I asked why and he said (b)(6) . And so I started that a ten h fart this about would be able to koch fittings and finally convinced him that he could get out of them. And he got out of them all right by just using the heal of his hand. And then he was still tangled up and said he couldn't work the rocket jets, so I told him to get out of his harness - to worry away at that buckle - and then he could probably step out of the harness and leave all that crap over thore - all is did. While this was going on too, we heard some airplanes going over, we didn't know if they could have seen us or not. We heard a couple of - what sounded like the drop tanks explode, and I yelled each time to go ahead and cover your head in case anything falls this way but nothing did. They were good loud bangs - just like secondary explosions. And I shot off a night flare, then I then I shot off two pencil rocket flares and nothing happened, and I turned on my little strobe light that I had on my survival vest. And with that [b][6] could see me and he came over to where I was and we talked things over. See how it was and we realized we were actually not in the worst shape cause, although so between us we had about the normal equipment for one person. And so we got things kinds squared away; we forgot about the radios, which tas a foolish error on our part, and the sun (or bugs) started to come out and so I wanted to go over and get his parachute to try to protect (5) (6) dirt and (b) (6) as much from the dirt as possible. And he said it was all tangled up and said we couldn't get it but I told him to lead me over. I held on the - the strap of his flight suit and he walked ahead of me and I kinds

J Enclosure (57)

buried my face right along side his back and he'd tell me when there was a branch or something in the way. We got over there and I pulled out my survival knife after I got my hands on the canopy and worked down to the shroud lines and cut all the shroud lines off and then I disconnected his harness and everything from the scott seat pan. And then I grabbed on to him again and found I couldn't hold on to both the seat pan and the parachute or the canopy while he was leading me so I left the seat kit there, he said he could kick it over.

And so he took me back over to where the rafts were and we t down the canopy and he went back to bring the seat pan over and he kicked it along through the woods pretty good. We got it over there. We opened it up and I blew up the other life raft - this gave both of us a place to sit - and gave me a real goodthe way his was laid was better for me - it was better for me, it was a little more full of CO2 - to blow it up, and it was a little bit of a down grade. So when I started feeling faint I would lay down on it with my head down-hill and my feet in the air. After about five minutes like that I would be able to work pretty good again for a while. About this time (b) (b) wanted to take off and go get help and I said no, probably someone had seen us go in or they had seen the explosion, as it was still pretty foggy out. He could - airplanes were going right overhead and he couldn't see them - that there wasn't much point going wandering for help until we could see a little better. So he helped me he'd tell me where the flares were. And I got the flares out, so I had a stock of flares, and I already kept my pen gum, I'd put that in my flight suit pocket with my extra pen flares so I wouldn't loose it. And he helped me sort out that. I had all the flares and pen guns and stuff that I needed and it started to get lighter and we saw one F - or I didn't - but he saw one F9 go by overhead but it was still pretty low and we heard what I thought was a C-117 one time, and finally about 0830 I gave (b) permission to go ahead, "and don't get tangled in the swamp, if you hit swamp turn around, come back, but if you could make it otherwise, go ahead". And he took off and I heard him yell about 5 minutes later - he had hit the swamp in the direction he had started in - but he was going to take a little path he had found and veer around, so I figured if he was on a path he was possibly pretty good. So, go ahead be my guest. And I just laid there to wait. I was wrapped up in a parachute part of the time and when the and mosquitos got bad I'd put it over my face and just hold it there till they would go away. I thought I heard a helicopter coming, and so I crawled out from underneath everything, and when it got pretty close I lit off a couple orange smoke bombs and they didn't seem to do any good. So I'd wait till the helicopter - I could hear him going out just about across from me and turn - as he would turn I would fire one of these pencil flares. I think two of them bounced off the trees and came back down, but two or three of them must have got up through, cause, as, that is what the helicopter rescue crewmen said the first thing they saw was that flare. Then I heard the chopper sit down, sounded like - oh - a quarter mile away or so, and shut down. And I started, and they started yelling back to me, and pretty soon the pilot of the chopper - I think is was (b) (6) was his name - and a couple of his crewmen got there to me and I said I could walk out if they would lead me. They said no, "e're going to stokes you and either lift you out of here or carry you out." We finally decided it out to carry me out in a stokes stretcher because going up those tree branches would only hurt my face more. And so I laid down on top the poncho, - ah, not the poncho, - on the flight raft for a while and they offered me a smoke but I don't smoke that much, my lips hurt, said "Ho, I'd like a drink of water", and I got one of those. And then I got to the chopper and we just talked back and forth about - just shooting the breeze until they got the stokes back and they took me out. They cut a small piece of parachute off so I could hold it

# Booloeure (57)

that were carrying me really did a good job. Got out to the chopper, two of them dropped off and hit the road - went up and started up the helicopter, and they put me in an gave me a blanket and tried to keep me as warm as they could and flew me on back to Cherry Point. Took only about \( \frac{1}{2} \) to 5 minutes and boy I don't think they even shut the chopper down before they had me in the ambulance. That's about all. I think everybody knows about it from then on. I do know that my helmet - when I took it off on the ground - it felt to me like it was blistered pretty bad. But the thing that I remember the most - it was even while I was airborne - was all the yellow flames. And, I guess it probably distracted me a little bit. That's about all I remember.

### INITIAL INTERVIEW

(b) (6

I got, ah, can you remember out on the long position did you hit your elapse time switch before you started to roll?

No, I did not.

Did not?

Did not.

All right, you say you got a master caution light?

Yea.

Do you remember on the telepanel, anything that came on?

Ah, that's what I was looking for when I got the flames.

Yea.

So, I didn't have time to look I was too busy batting things around.

O.K. You say you pushed over, you were trying to stay VFR, John, is that what you ----?

Yea, there was a patch of fog out there, and I pushed about 5-700 feet and was going to scoot under it. I could see the black and fog where it was clear.

O.K. Did you feel a rush of wind in your face about this time, just before you got the flash?

Yea, Yea it was -----

6 Enclosure (67)

A real gust of wind in your ----

It was like a directional hose - you know when you blow out through it, or the air hose you can pump up your tires of the bike and stuff, you pump it at your face - it felt about like that.

Uh uh. Did you see, ah, you say a yellow light, you think that was flames coming in?

I don't know, it was - it burned I know that - I think it was flames.

Yea.

Cause it closed up, Ch, I wasn't wearing my visor down because I didn't have my F2 helmet, I didn't take the night helmet cause I knew we would be flying about dawn and I'd want that visor for up at altitude to keep the sun out, cause you're flying directly into the sun. But if I'd had the clear visor, (b) (6)

don't think I was airborne much after that flame started - then
(b)(6)
and I couldn't hear him either, so I think my mike or something
may have disconnected, or I don't - I don't know. I just tried
to fly it as long as I could to give him a fighting chance.

Uh, well you don't have any idea about what altitude you punched out do you?

I'm pretty sure I was on the ground. I remember hearing a lot of cracking and ripping and I don't know I think I was on the ground when I punched out cause I said the face curtain was partly down, and there was - was so smoky.

(b) (6)

and after I reached up I saw the face curtain dangling a little bit, then I reached up and pulled it with both hands and got out of there. I figured I was probably going to die anyway, I might as well go big.

You're too tough to die, (b) Ah, well let me see, you didn't try your radio, UHF radio. They were both - we found them both

Yes, I tried the UHF radio first before I put the PRT-3 on. I used the URC-10 first because I felt the PRT would drown it out. Once I turned it on, but I couldn't raise anybody on it, after about 10 minutes. I said, "Well screw it", and turned on the PRT-3, and I knew that radio was working good cause I could listen to it on the URC-10.

& Enclosure (57)

(b) (6) You could hear the beeper?

Yea. The rescue people said the beeper helped them a : 22 getting in there, they homed the beeper.

Well that is something else we can -----

I had (0) (6) put it up in a tree so I could get that antenna up as high as possible.

Yea, (b) as far as I'm concerned that is about all. I don't know if Doctor (b) (6) wants to ask you any questions about your flight gear or anything like that. Go ahead and take it.

C.K.

O.K. Had your --- You say you had your shaded visor?

Yes, I had it.

What Position?

It was up, you can't see in the dark with it.

And your mask was on?

Yes, it was on.

Was it locked tight, was there any leaks that you know of?

place on it, if you found it, where the sponge - you know, liner in there was a little bent down, but that always bends down on my masks because of the way my nose is shaped. But it didn't leak out of there.

And you thought at one til a after the tester counter if it came on, when you turned your head to the left, that the hose came off!

Scmething came loose.

Uhuh. Did it seem to come off with the mini and all hill.

I don't know - I don't think the mask came off, but I think the hose came - the thing came off either at the minireg or below it.

7 Enclosure (57)

Was this about the same time you got the gust of wind in your face?

Yes, Yes, and this could have been true too, because I always hook my caygen mask through my Mark 3C and the top one in the F4, because I don't like a whole bunch of junk just dragging around the cockpit. So it would have stayed with me for awhile.

You had your gloves on, and you had one small hole in your left forefinger, right forefinger?

Yea, it was a little slit, and I had the sleeves of my flight suit rolled up one turn, because I had a rip in the flight suit, but I couldn't survey the flight suit - either one of mine - cause they didn't have any that fit and nothing smaller than a 44. And ---

How much of your arm was exposed?

I'd say (b) (6) above the gloves, about 2 or 3 inches, (b) (6)

b) (6)

, what I can feel - like with my hands, that's about how much was exposed. And the knees. I think the knees probably both ripped out (b) (6)

the flight suits, I have been trying to survey them for about two or three weeks and just don't have any in stock.

I've put in a bitch with the Wing and the Group safety officer on it, and they said they were going to do what they can because there are other guys in J flying with unsatisfactory flight suits too.

You know those flight gloves, you have the new type?

Yea, they worked real good.

Yea, they sure did. They were scorched a little bit but they're not burned through.

One little slit on this finger (b) (6) and that was the only one.

I think that is where the material came loose from the leather and ----

That could be it. It could have melted it off.

I think we could write up a real good survey on those.

You.

| Enclosure (57)

Good study.

Remember ----

Yea, I was real happy beca-- just to put in something else, those gloves, I think they were a lot better than the leather ones, cause they are always skin tight so you don't have anything extra to grab on when you got a fire; they didn't begin to shrink they just stayed the same size so I had full use of my hands all the time.

Do you remember the initial injury (b) (6)
(b) do you remember being struck by anything?

No (b) (c) I remember being able to (b) (6) and I saw the ejection face handle-----

This your (b) (6)

The (b)(6)

before I ---- and I just remember doing the tumble in the air and saying well I got a bunch of parachute jumps. It should open about now and by God it did. That's about all. And once I got to the ground.

When did you originally ----?

I don't remember.

(b) (6) er, when did your (b) (6)

While I was in the air.

Yea. I know, but was this right after the master caution light came on

I can't say for sure (b) I just remember I looked for it, and I didn't get a full scan going on it, because I had this flame, it seemed to be flame, and yellow light in the cockpit and from then on I was working so much other things than the master caution light if I could have yelled eject I probably - I would have done it and then gone out too but ----

But you can't remember anything on the telepanel coming on with the master -----?

No, No I can't

Did your mak remin out - until -----

# Boclosure (57)

Oh, when I was on the ground I didn't have a mask (b) (6), I didn't have a mask. But I could feel the stub of my oxygen hose, it felt like a stub, that's when I first figured well maybe that's where that fire came from. Cause I always put the mask on in the F4 tight

But you didn't tear the mack away after the fire -----

No. No, I never did .

Do you remember injuring (b) (6) being struck by something (b) (6)

Ah, No, I remember hitting a few things on the way down and stuff, but nothing specific.

Well, (b) (6) that's all I got 'Ole Buddy' I thank ya, I'm sure that the Skipper said he's coming down.

MEnclosure (57)

SPECIAL HANDLING REQUIRED in accordance with OPNAVINST 3750.6 Series

The following questions were submitted to the ATT Daw on 21 July 1907

QUESTION:

(b) (6)

ANSWER:

QUESTION: Was your MK-3C hose through your torso harness chest strap;

AUSWER: Negative.

QUESTION: Were you on hot mike ?

ANSWER: We were on hot mike all the time.

QUESTION: Did you look at the mini rig after you saw the flame.

ANSWER: No I did not.

QUESTION: Do you remember coming out of burner?

ANSWER: Yes I was out of burner and did not go back into burner.

QUESTION: How did you get your oxygen mask off:

ANSWER: I remember seeing a ball of flame and clawing at my mask.

QUESTION: What was the position of your ejection seat.

ANSWER: It was bottomed out.

QUESTION: How do you normally release your oxygen mask;

ANSWER: I normally take of the left side first and then the right.

QUESTION: Do you know how the caygen ignited?

ANSWER: No, I have no idea. I did not notice any unusual odors.

QUESTION: What did you is then you noticed the inster chinin light?

ANSWER: Nothing.

QUESTION: Did you see any lighte on the teletype panel?

//Enclosure (57)

ANSWER: No I did not.

QUESTION: What was your altitude after you saw the flames?

ANSWER: I momertarily opened my eye and saw the altimeter reading 200 feet.

QUESTION: What was your altitude when you went under the clouds?

ANSWER: Between 500 to 700 feet.

QUESTION: Which did you see first, the master caution light or the flames?

ANSWER. I saw the master saution light first.

12 Enclosure (67)

SPECIAL HANDLING REQUIRED in accordance with OPNAVINST 3750.6 Series

Interview made on 25 July 1967. Interview by MAJOR (b) (6)

USNC the ASO member of the AAR Board and LI UTENANT CONTAINER
(b) (6)

USN, a safety center representative. (TRANSCRIPT OF

(b)(6)

O.K. Then the (garbled) went ahead and called it VFR? Right, they were calling the field VFR.

You, you take off nretty much normal, (b) (6)

Yea, my standard takeoff, hot mike - well before the roll I run

Yea.

Pretty well, ah-

Gotchya

Turn on the AUK STAR and drop my flans.

All right.

One half.

Fine.

Then I start at the top the list on hot mike and read everything off to the Ro.

Right.

And then of course all three ALW TAGE switcher on, yaw, pitch and roll are on, when I can I check my harness locked - checked ask RO if he checked his herness and if rendy to go. After he checked those too he says ready. I'll call the tower and ask for clearance to takeoff. When I not about 80% in each engine, let go the brakes, come up to 100%. When the engines reset -p you know not overshift to 700 degrees - come back to about 630 on one and '2" on the left engine.

Yea.

I go ahead, oh (garbled) come off nose wheel steering at about 68 knots by that time you got rudder control nretty good.

After you picked un your gear did you notice any, ah, ah, anything at all unusual like wing rock or, ah, ah, explosions or anything outside the airplane?

No, it was just pretty normal. Picked up the gear at 180 knots started my flaps up.

Sure .

And then just flattened out a little bit. I had between 5 to 700 feet on the altimeter, there was one little patch of clouds at the end of the runway, you could see underneath the thing. It wasn't very big.

Uhuh -

And sometime, just as I passed under that cloud is when that caution light first come on. It is the first time I saw it. It may have come on sooner, I can't say, cause I was on night takeoff and paid pretty much attention to airspeed and altitude, keep my wings level, and I don't sweat caution lights too much until I'm well airborne, and----

How much underneath this cloud did you, ah, ah,

I figure we'd flown a couple hundred yards (garbled).

Below it?

Quarter mile-

Under the cloud.

Yea, just a patch, nothing to worry about because I had a good altimeter - at least I thought - I know I did, had I then VPR.

O.K. now do you remember passing the slocum creek?

No.

O.K. how soon after you ducked underneath this cloud did you notice the ball of fire?

When I looked at the master caution light, I started to turn my head to look down - to look down at the telelight panel.

Right.

That's on the left side,

Then all of sudden your control was just full of fire!

M mclosure (57)

Well, it was just a flame, just about here coming up. I could hear a "pood out I will even how that it the, make the know. I think what happened, my mini-reg might have come off my damn mask.

0.K.

You see I take my hop----

But you did look at it, right?

Well, no, (b) (6)

O.K. let me ask you this. Then what, ah, did you feel any jolt on the airplane prior to the master caution coming on or the ----

No .

0.K.

We were flying just smooth as could be.

O.K. now let me go ahead.

After the flame came up you see (b) (6)

finally got the altimeter sighted and it was still going down
it was about 200 feet starting down you know it was unwinding but
not very fast at all and I guess I just - I think I tried to zoom
it I don't know I just didn't get in fast enough. I was waiting for
the guy in back cause I couldn't talk to him to see the fire and
get out so I could get out cause I always said I would wait for
that guy.

Well ah, (b) (6) the thing, says he saw the flame. He pulled the primary ejection thing. Has somebody told you this before?

My wife said he saw flames going around my head.

O.K. he pulled his ejection curtein. The canopy went but then ah, the seat didn't go.

He didn't pull it far enough, did he?

/5Enclosure (57)

That's right, so he went to his alternate ejection. He had the guard up but couldn't find it. Anyway, went back to the ah, primary Pulled it and out he went so his canopy was quite a bit aways ah back down the flight path. Now if you'll let me draw you a mental picture if you will you're taking off on three two right past Lucky Lodge across Slocum. Is the magazine area, O.K. Right there in the magazine area you hit the tops of some trees O.K. Ah there's a piece of canopy we picked up, it's either the left forward wind screen or the left side of the canopy, O.K. Also in the trees you tore off the right external tank. The right main wing tank exploded also at the same time O.K. This canopy does not have any, ah, scars or anything on it, in otherwords fire burn or anything like that; your last.

At that point and a few other assorted things ah you knocked over, you broke off, a couple pretty good sized trees.

That figures.

And ah then the ah fire started after that because there is a burn pattern from this magazine area out, what did you get about a hundred feet. How every piece of aircraft that's because to shed half that over to Turner or Tucker Creek ----

Ha, boy quite a hell of a long ways isn't it!

Yes, wait a minute were not through. Got town a Tucker Gree'. The pieces are now burnt, so, somewhere from hitting that tree where the parts are shed we come into the burn area then we go back up again in the air across Tucker Creek. We come back into the trees again, these pieces that are falling off there by the broken trees are burned then we come back up into the air again and you guys must have ejected on top of that third or second bounce because the airplane came back down into the trees again at a thirty degree angle; so apparently; shipped up in the air caught on fire, skipped into the trees. You guys ejected and landed fairly close to the airplane. How do you recall seeing your airplane while you were in there?

Ah ve verv ----

Were you around the airplane at all or could you not see at all?

Heard a couple of explosions about 3 or 4. No it wasn't 10 minutes after I hit the ground from the chute cause I told (b) (6) to cover his head.

16 Enclosure (57)

O.K. the one was the right wheel well which the tire finally let go, blew the top of the wing off and you guys were roughly about 75 feet, 100 feet from the airplane. Right. And you and (b) were about what a hundred feet apart?

Pretty close.

Yea, more than that 50 feet.

About that.

Yes. O.K. but both of you were close to the final resting place, final impact point which was quite aways from the other side of Tuckers Creek. What is the measured distance from the opposite bank flight path to the final resting place? You recall what the distance of that was

It's 500 feet.

Ah, this much I know (b) (6) ah, don't let me interrupt you, from the time I had the fire in the cockpit I know I thought it was the left side of the - I know it hit something with that side and went back up into the air.

O.K. that's right. It hit a tree.

I was still waiting for the barg of his ejection seat cause, he got the hell out cause I couldn't talk to him and I couldn't get this hand over to push the button.

O.K. now, does this sound, would this sound logical to you that, ah, the tree knocked off your, ah, left engine cowling, you know the part you preflight right on the outside. Right, you know where the ramp is with the 26 hundred holes are. It knocked off the out rig of that, broke either your left forward windscreen or a piece of the canopy. On this side it came right on through and whapped you in the eye and cut your oxygen mike cords and knocked your oxygen mask off.

I don't think so.

O.K. Why not?

Chuse it was, that would have been cold, you see, I think, and this was hot, I know it was hot. Really now I don't know.

Well, think about that.

17 Enclosure (57)

Well, the reason I say I'm sure, I don't think it was anyway cause up until the time. Put it this way, I don't know how high the trees are at Cherry Point, but I had a good solid 500 feet. That's my base at night if I don't break out I'll go IFR and not level off before then. On something like a patch of clouds I leveled off and we were pretty well trimmed up. The plane was flying itself, just excellerating out towards climb speed and now I got the Master Caution and looked down all this stuff when I looked down like this the fire caught me right across here which would be the right side. (b) (6) I don't think so

(b)(6)because it was some time after that now whether one second or two seconds - ten seconds I don't know that I saw the altimeter unwinding past :200 feet but the plane was still flying cause I could feel it in the stick. I still had stick control.

Did you have any pressure on the stick?

Yes, and this is when I felt it tip something for the first time this time right there. That's when I had to figure in a hurry. It hit I knew I had lost the airplane right there. I was just waiting for him to go.

So, you hit three separate times which you were in it twice you ---

I remember, I remember hitting twice (b) (6) This time then Jezzzs, a whole bunch of colorful noisy ones and that's when I punched out The curtain itself was out about when I (b) (6) force my hands up there it was hanging, this side was hooked in and this side, this side was hanging down just a little bit loose and flapping and that's the time I got out. I didn't - I thought I was on the ground but I know that - I remember hitting twice and after the second use was when I got out cause I heard the bang from the back seat This is pretty distinctive there

Well, you guys were actually close enough to the darn sirplane to ejected after hitting the third time, but it doesn't quite seem like it. I don't think you rode through the ah, through the second-way back there.

Well, I hit twice and the airplane bounced.

That first strike in the trees there - its very possible that you hit so close to the tops, it's very possible that you might have not even known it. Lah, just the tank is gone the right drop and it sort of hung on for a while and gradually more of it came

We traced down your oxygen system where its got the motors and all that stuff going over to, ah, this DIR; that we'll get back in here some and -----

Baclosure (57)

And the motors were good (b) (6), there was nothing wrong with them.
Yea.

I got all four stages of burner, it came out of burner properly (garbled) the motors are good.

Yea, well of course just for the heck of it you always got to send your engines to DIR I think don't you? What did they tell you at school?

Well, if they were good you didn't have to.

Oh, really.

Both motors were good (garbled).

Well I didn't think so either, especially the right one.

It was either me or the or what happened around here. Either my hands gone-or my mind's convinced it was pilot error or something like that fire, those are the two reasons.

Yea, I can't, I can't find a cause (b) (6) and that's why I was getting so anxious to come down and talk to you, I can't figure out the fire, if it happened before you hit the trees. I can put it together, if you hit the trees, caught on fire, bounced up into the air again, cause this----

Oh yea, that would fit tigether.

This is where the parts are shed, the first parts we have are not even burned. Plus the pieces of canopy are, there isn't a scar on them, and then right afterwards as soon as we get into this burn patch, there are also pieces of canopy in there burned you see, and also everything that's fallen off the airplane-has the initial impact of the trees and after the fire has started, are burned. And this is the haunting thing of it.

The canopy, (b) (6) is your canopy and (b) (6), are scoted outside and inside the same amount; also you got to have some kind of fire outside just as well as the one inside.

There was a hell of a fire outside.

Yea, well I (garbled)

/9Enclosure (57)

But I, the only thing that fits and that's what has got a real concerned, ah, tracked down all sorts of dumb things, ah, I cannot find the cause of the fire; but well, even this, now if the airplane was on fire before it hit the trees, why aren't the parts under the trees burned?

I don't know. (b) (6) I'm pretty sure what fire there was-until such time as I was to busy-I was preoccupied with the damn thing. I think it fully in my cockpit, it was all with me. I don't know, that's what I think.

Do you recall how you got your oxygen mask off?

O.K. Do you think your canopy could have had a hole broken in it? You think that could have been the "woosh"?

No, because this was a distinctive "woosh" I heard the same "woosh" when I was coming down in the chute, a little bit there and on laying on the ground burning while I was getting out of the koch fittings, here, you know, probably the tree caught the chute and it seemed like the cut off end here, and that dammed green apple. The bottle from here and that was spraying, and everywhere it sprayed it would catch fire again, and I got rid of that thing. I got the fire out of my suit.

That's the green snake of the seat pan?

Yea sir, thats where these burns here came from and it was the same noise----

on the ground?

Yes, it was a soosh,

Oh.

I was done, oh, when I made the tumble it was just like the book shows how they teach basic tumbling. I went up in the air tumbled the chute opened I got the opening shock and I was done some para jumps I know what a opening shock is and it pulled me up like this and I landed in a tree. That's all the time it takes

Well thats----

20 Enclosure (57)

And it just held it up where it could play with me and I've asked myself a couple of questions here too. Humber cit, why didn't I zoom climb, I don't know that is the normal thing to do. I should have just pulled that sob up cause that would sure as heck got (b)(6) attention. Pulled it up and hit the burner he'd gone, chances are. This was his first night hop; he hadn't flown quite some time----

Well he's in good shape, it is just that he didn't get out of it very fast.

He didn't wear his gloves either, he had them with him.

Its kinds hard to see a guys hands when he's tucked in that hole back there.

But the other thing is, I think I fumbled around here trying to get the oxygen. Why didn't I just pull the yellow apple? Cause that is the thing to do in this airplane, don't screw around with the green thing go for the, disconnect your block, that will cut the oxygen off. You know you can feel it you can find it when you are trying to.

If you had an oxygen fire (b) (6) how did it start?

I just don't know (b), I just con't know.

That's the god damnest thing yet.

I know I was hot rike, we don't know how it started, I don't smoke in the air. At least in the F4 and at night especially I will smoke in Willy, I will admit that. I don't know to I just don't know.

We found a lot of the oxygen hose and from what these men in the paraloft tell me you know, an oxygen fire when you're hooked up like that this hose just goes real fast. Is the hose burned?

You'll just have a couple of spots of residual, you know, like ground hoses pretty well attached and----

The hope is good on the inside

Capt (b) (6) had some tests run on your mask you know for ah, circuraty and CHM meter and like that and it checks out real goods no short

Were talking about electrical

It could be I hit the trees I don't know

1/ Enclosure (57)

talking about, you know, were your stuff in those cords and talk on one and listen on the other. There on down below your mini-reg, all the way to your yellow apple you spoke of, you had no fire inside your oxygen line and you have complete electrical continuity. Now your mask, hell the --- burned out of it; the outside isn't too bad where it was protected by that ah, thing that says (b) (6) on it. But the inside looks worse than that guy that ate the peanuts out there at El Toro. Its pretty well burned up. You know the canals that run down from those two little plastic things that cover the little discs ? Those are all burned completely out and through, and the place where it hooks on to the, ah, the little clamp on top of the mini-reg that holds your rubber on there, that little thing that's all kinds burned off right there looking in the top of the mini-reg. You can see where fire was coming out of that dude. Now when you were laying on the ground, laying on the ground, was fire coming out of the end of that thing or was just the oxygen feeding it?

Oxygen was coming out, feeding the fire (garbled) terrible time stamping it out, cause I had fire in my suit while I was coming down through the sky.

Yea, yea, we got your piece of suit-

(garbled)

You tried to, ah, get with a -----

I tried to survey both of those things, in fact the day before I tried the second time.

Over at Navy ah ----

Yea, all they had was 44's 46's and 48's.

That would have saved you ----

(b) (6)

Two, . Ho question about that. Well.

We get a tough one (b) (6) I wish you were out there with us. They tell me you were number 2 man in safety school and we believe ----

I would like to help you more .

22 Enclosure (57)

You weren't number 1, you were just number 2 ?

I was just number 2.

A lot of talk back and forth; can't make it all out.

(b)(6)

I really don't know, I do know that I am almost sure in my own mind that I was level above 500 feet when I got the caution light. That much I know because I leveled off. When I trim an airplane up it's usually pretty well trimmed up. I still keep my hands on it but I (garbled) I try to trim things as I go and it was after I had fire problems that I started going through 200 feet. (b) (6)

while I was going through 200 feet. Now this was before I hit anything that I felt and I remember two distinct hits and remember punching out and there was a bunch of noise and stuff I don't know what it was, I was just (garbled).

0.K. (b) (6) now let me slip you this one.

Go ahead.

Where did you get the hit (b) (6) because the wound (b) (6) is not from fire?

Yea, I know that (b) (6) I don't know.

Now answer that sob for me.

If I could I'd have the same question, I don't know.

Talk back and forth about A6 school and going overseas in February.

(b) (6)

From all the indications, ah, it just we've got to have something breaking the canopy and hitting (b) (6) Right Qot to have, we got to have something to ignite something and I can't find anything except, ah, hitting the trees and catching aftre You know, just like we told you. It's bad medicine, the trees aren't too big around there, ah, altitude of them is, ah, I guess total altitude, like altimeter reading, is terrain plus trees maybe 100 and a half, (b) (6) No more than that.

Well, I remember the first time I hit something was after I got 200 knots and I started pulling the stick back, it was too God dann late, but it started to respond cause I could

23 meloeure (57)

feel it, you can feel (garbled) on the stabilator - you can feel it fight. And I could feel (garbled) tail surface at that time.

b) (6)

Still got one?

The tail went to the bitter end.

Yea, Well, I could feel the plane start to come up, ah, too dam late - just too dam late.

I wish you would give it some thought about what hit you (b) (6) and, ah -----

I haven't thought about that for a couple of days, (b) (6) cause I've been trying to figure whether I hit (garbled) or what.

No. No, you got hit (b) (6) John. You didn't - you don't have a burn there, you got a hit on it. These clowns been talking to you at all?

Yea, They told me I have (b) (6)

### (b) (6)

Yea, (garbled) from that.

0.K.

And that's why I'm never going to fly again, That's the problem - (b) (6)

O.K. Nov, outside your eye - (b) (6)

Yes, (garbled)

O.K. Now, that's the only place you're hit. Something, I think ----

I don't think I got all that coming down through the trees, I came right straight down through the trees, I don't think---

0.K. With (b) (6)

it just leaves me to believe that something came into the canopy and whacked you.

14 Bolosure (77)

What, I don't know.

So, I, ah, I don't know. (b) , you got, ah -----

### ALL OF THEM TALKING AT ONCE

(b)(6)

The doctor has some thoughts on the, ah, like the fire in the oxygen system itself. Had you even taken one deep breath you know that ----

I was exhaling all the way.

That you would have - you know - lungs (garbled) and something else.

When I had the fire I was just (blowing out sound). I did a lot of thinking about some of this stuff, ah, before I go flying.

### TALK ABOUT HOW HIS WIFE IS TAKING IT

(b) (6)

Just one question. Did you use any trim at all after takeoff?

I can't say for sure any more, I can't say for sure.

Any unusual stick pressures?

No unusual stick pressure, I took off at standard. When I used the takeoff check, I tell the RO that I'm putting in trim for standard stabilator or sloted stabilator airplane so he can check me on it. I went to standard trim down (garbled) I just trim what I need, I don't really pay attention to it - I just trim what I need - I asn't - once I get airborne I just fly the airplane, I don't try to fly (garbled) stick (garbled) I just fly the airplane.

Most of us do.

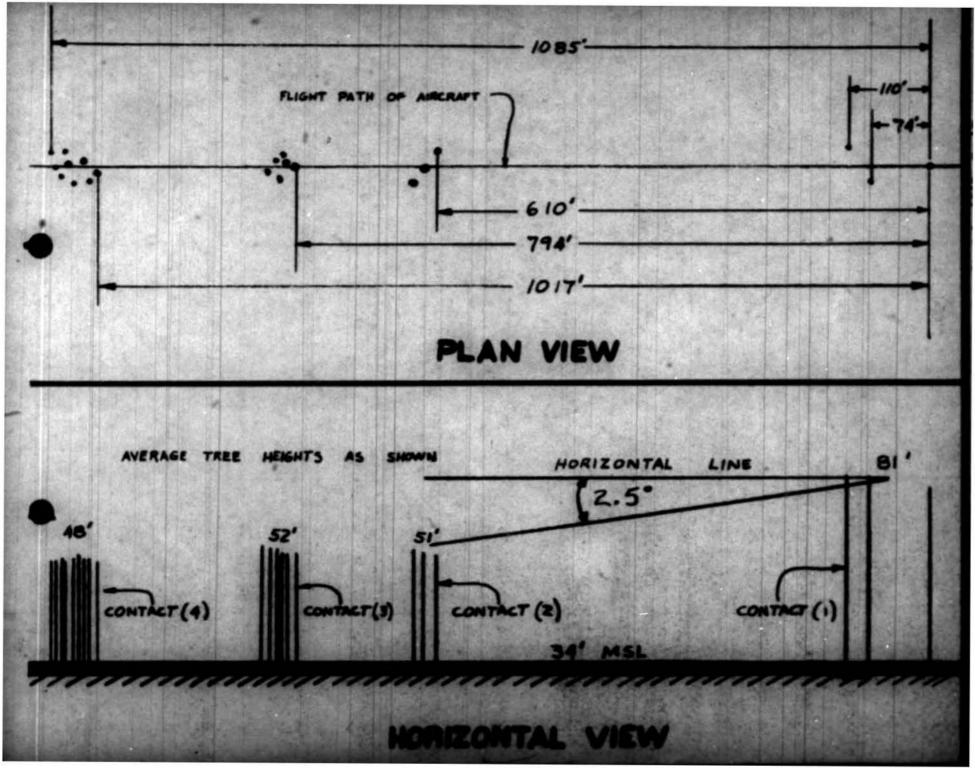
The following information was provided to the AAR Board by Captain (b) (6) op 26 July 1967.

I can't say for sure that I even visually sighted 500 feet on the barametric altimeter. But I definitely did see 300 feet.

After lift off I held the aircraft 8-10 degrees nose high, bringing up the gear and flaps at 180 knots. When I hit 300 feet, I relaxed a little back pressure to take care of the increased angle of attack caused by pulling up the flaps. Before, this has always leveled me off between 500 feet - 600 feet for acceleration to climb schedule.

I believe I saw the fire with both eyes but I need more time to think about it.

A possible source of ignition may be the grimes light. When I fly at might I normally clip the light to the defogging duct directly above the hook handle, and turned on dim.



M.O.R. CONCLUSIONS concerning RF-4B, Bureau Number 153113 accident on 20 July 1967

Captain (D)(0) statement, his physical findings and the condition of his personal flight equipment lend support to the following conclusions:

- A. That the fire which engulfed (b) (6) O2 mask and miniregulator was secondary to another fire source and did not originate in the O2 equipment.

  Although he sustained (b) (6)
  (b) (6)
  - the minireg but no burn damage as did the superior portion of the minireg but no burn damage could be found below this point in the 02 system. The 02 hose was intact.
- B. That the pilot's canopy shattered prior to the cocket firm

  (b) (6)

  and not burn injuries. The (b) (6)

  undicate that his hardhat was rotated in a superior direction to expose this area to the fire. Examination of the hardhat reveals that the visor housing had been broken and that the plastic visor housing support on the left side was missing. This was later recovered near the area of initial contact with the trees, and it was found to be free of burn danage or smoke stains. Also Captain (b) (6) indicated in his statement that

prior to ejection.

he had (b) (6)

This of a





RF-4B Bureau Number 153113 Modex CY-10 was equipped with Martin Baker
MCH 5A ejection seats. The pilots seat serial number 113-84 was accepted
27 DEC 1966 at Mavplantrepo, St. Louis. The RSO's seat serial number
116-78 was also accepted 27 DEC 1966 at Mavplant Repo, St. Louis. Both
seats had only been installed in 153113 and had 265 flight hours. Both
seats had completed calendar inspection 3 JUNE 1967 at the same time as
the Airframe. Both seats had the following diretives not incorporated;
Aircraw Systems change 49, installation of pre-flight ejection seat check
list, Aircraw Systems change 56, installation of Drogue gum cocking indicator

This pilot pulled the face curtain and all survival equipment functioned properly. The first time the RSO actuated the face curtain canopy separation occurred. The RSO then reactuated the face curtain and ejection occurred.

Both parachutes blossomed normally and both survival radios were actuated by hand.

(b) (6)

Balosure (62)

STATEMENT OF S/SOT (b) (6)

Bureau Number 153113 accident on 20 July 1967

USHC concerning RF-42

On or about July 13, 1967 a call from Maintenance Control for an altimeter gripe was received by myself ((b)(6)). The JCM was 7194-048. Maintenance Control wanted to know how long it would take to writch the front and rear altimeters around so CY-10 could be ready for the next launch. I told them it would take 15 to 20 minutes and if possible I would like to check the bad altimeter on the VPT-10F (Air Inta Test Set) I had the OK to check it out. A few minutes later I had a call again and Maintenance Control wanted to know how I was doing on CY-10. I told them the men were still on the plane and that the tester was net up and ready to check the altimeter. I was told to forget checking it for now and to just switch the indicators. I sent a man out to tell the men that were out on CY-10 to just switch the indicators, which he did.

To the best of my knowledge the above statement is true.



## REPORT OF WEATHER OBSERVATION AT TIME OF AIRCRAFT CRASH

## METEOROLOGICAL DIVISION U.S. MARINE CORPS AIR STATION CHERRY POINT, NORTH CAROLINA

NOTE: ONLY A QUALIFIED OBSERVER MAY FILE THIS REPORT.

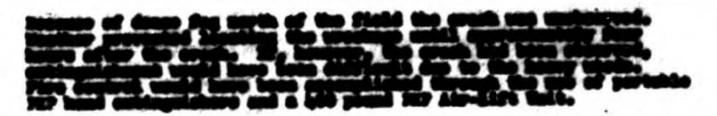
DATE 20 JULY 1967				_	04.580
STATION PRESSURE		DEWPOINT		RELATIVE HUMIDI	
30,120	INCHES	WET BULB TEMPERAT	DEG. F.	ALTIMETER SETT	87 PERCENT
68	DEG. F.	65	DEG. F.		
CEILING AND SKY CONDITIO		02	560.7	1	30.15
300 Ft.	Varible So	attered			
SURFACE WIND DIRECTION	(in degrees true)	(Valocity - Knots	1	(Gus te)	
VISIBILITY TO					
NORTH 4	SOUTH	EA	5T	WEST	4
WEATHER AND/OR DESTRUC	TIONS TO VISIO	*			
FOG					
STATE OF RUNWAY					
DRY					
GENERAL WEATHER CONDIT		1 1 to 4 miles,			
Scapter	d low clou	ds varying 100-5	90 ft.		
REMARKS (Include freezing les	red)				
Scattere	ed low clou	ds varying 200-4	00 ft.		
PILOT'S NAME		(Rank)	(Branch of Service		perdent)
(0)(0)		Capt.	U.S.M.C.		V-M-C-I2
TYPE OF AIRCRAFT				her of Alreadi)	
AF 47-0			153	113	
			(b) (6)		
		f	_	POSSERVER	
DISTRIBUTION:		1	FECPL. (D)		
Original plus one (1) copy to One (1) copy to G-3. One (1) copy to Airfield Ope One (1) copy to Meteorologic	entions Office.				
	-	Press / 100 annual   1	Section A	W. Walter	
Bullo 15311° P()	ot: (b)(6)	AR serial 1-604	occuring 20	July 1967, RF-	0,
Control of the Contro		in accordance w	1th OFFEE DE	3750.6 serie	The second second

## RESUME OF FLYING EXPERIENCE CAPTAIN (b) (6)

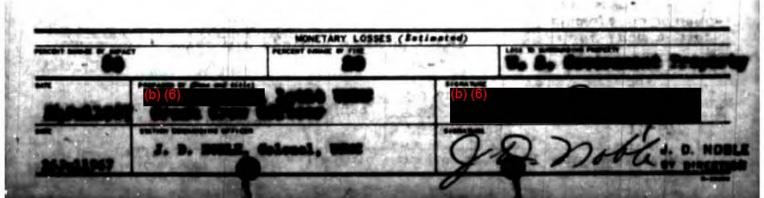
		CALLTIN CO.		CARRIER LANDINGS	OPERATIONAL/ PROFICIENCY
COMPLIED	PERIOD	MODEL A/C	FLT. HRS.		
MAD, NUBTC	557AT95	T-31-B	30	0	OPERATIONAL
NAS, PHOLA, PLA.	10JUN63	T-2A	132	6	
MAD, NAATC	18JUN63	TF-9J	78	0	ii .
NAS, CORFC	260CT63	W-9J	48	5	n
		F-11	26	0	10
H&MS-33,	22Nov63	TF-9J	18	O	jo:
MAG-33,	20FEB64	T1-A	8	0	84
3RD MWW, EL TORO, CALIF.		F-8c	30	0	41
VMF(NW)-312, MAG-33,3RD MAW	21FEB64 29JAN65	F-8E	275	15	
VMF(AW)-312,	LIFEB65	F-8F	161	2	16
MAG-11, 1ST MAW	25JUN65	F-8D	5	0	11
		TF+9	24	9	140
VMF(AW)-312,	26JUNE65	F-CE	125	0	10.
MAG-13,1ST MW	18DB065	DF-8F	2	0	**
VMF(AW)-312, MAG-11,1ST MAW	19DBC65 7NJR66	F-81	45	0	rr
H&HS-2, MVHG-2,	8M1R66	F-BE	2	0	90
2ND MAW, FMFLANT	6/JPR66	TP-9J	5	0	11
		T1-A	15	O.	.11
		UC-45J	14	0	24
VMCJ-2, 2ND MAN	6APR66	RF-8A	18	0	*1
FMFL NT		RF-4B	435	0	14
		EF-10B	76	0	**

Enclosure (69

DESCRIPTION OF DIFFICULTIES IN FIRE CONTROL AND EXTINGUISHMENT DUE TO UNUSUAL CONDITIONS OR EQUIPMENT AND/OR AGENT INADEQUACIES



RECOMMENDATIONS FOR IMPROVEMENTS IN EQUIPMENT AND/OR PROCEDURES TO INCREASE EFFICIENCY











FULL DESCRIPTION OF FIREFIGHTING OR PROTECTION AT INCIDENT

No immediate firefighting. Small posket fires extinguished with and and "stouping" eight hours after trush.

## BALTAGE

Due to the uncertainty of the cause of the creak, the parent squadron desired the entire arealage to be returned to their hanger. He unusual difficulties were empountered. Trees were follow through the forest and used as a base for a read on the moist, semi-enemy soil. Large aircraft pieces were reserved by a D-4-D wide-trusk Cat. Small pieces and parts were handleaded into a simbool drive dusp trusk at the great site. Complete salvage was conducted by an experienced area in 475

HSWZFRLEGULYPCZCSLA028 RTTUZYUW RUWJMRAB283 3472411-UUUU--RUCILSA. 842-6 Z NR UUUUU R. 132111Z DEC 67 FM MARFITATKRON THREE THREE FOUR TO RUMJMUA/NAVAIRSYSCOMREPAC INFO RUMJMUA/NAVAIREWORKFAC NORIS R UEDBHB ANAVA IR SYSCOMHO RUWJMUA/COM NAVATRRAC RUWJMUA/NAS NORIS RUCILSA/NAVAVNSAFCEN RUHHFMA/OS FMFPAC RUWJBRB/CG THIRD MAW RUWJBRB/MARAIRGRU THREE THREE UNCLAS FOR MAVAIR SYSCOMREPAC ATTE: FRR-33 PRI FAILURE MALFUNCTION INVESTIGATION A. MAVAIRWORKFAC HORIS 1118412 DEC 67 1. CANCEL MY 260415Z JUL 67 PRI MALFUNCTION INVESTIGATION REF A REFERS. 321112 - DEC 7672\$104 F-45/155786

NNNNZCZCNASC560ZCSLB692 RITEZYUW RUEOAWA 4681 2881335-EEEE--RUCILSA . ZNY EEEEE R 271335Z JUL 67 FM MARCOMPRECON TWO TO RUCILWA/NAVAIRSYSCOMREPLANT INFO ZEN/NARF CHERPT ZEN/CG SECOND MAW RUCILMA/COMNAVAIRLANT RUEDBHB /NAVAIRSYSCOMHQ RUCILSA/NAVAVNSAFCEN RUEOHRA/NATSF ZEN/MARAIRGRU ONE FOUR UNCLAS E F T O FAILURE / MALFUNCTION INVESTIGATION A. BUFRRLANT INST 4738.17A B. BUWEPS INST 4730.6

560/67

cog m+M

A. RF-4B 153113 B. AUTO PILOT AMPLIFIER, SER NO UNKNOWN

C. UNKNOWN

D. AUTO PILOT AMPLIFIER SUFFERED CRASH DAMAGE

PAGE TWO RUEDAWA 4681 UNCLAS E F T O

E. 2RG-6615-789-8395-BFXX/238E428G-1/UNK

F. 89954

1. REQ PDIR

H. AUTO PILOT AMPLIFIER SUFFERED CRASH DAMAGE

1. VMCJ-2 MSG 281538Z JUL 67

J. REQUEST INFO AS TO WHETHER AUTO PILOT WAS ENGAGED

K. VMCJ-2



NNNNZCZCNASC56ISLA631
RTTEZYUW RUEOAWA4600 2081332-EEEE--RUCILSA.
ZNY EEEEE
R 271332Z JUL 67
FM MARCOMPRECONRON TWO
TO RUCILWA/NAVAIRSYSCOMREPLANT
INFO ZEN/NARF CHERPT
ZEN/CG SECOND MAW
RUCILMA/COMNAVAIRLANT
RUEDBHB/NAVAIRSYSCOMHQ

561/67

ZEN/CG SECOND MAW RUCILMA/COMNAVAIRLANT RUEDBHB/NAVAIRSYSCOMMQ RUCILSA/NAVAVNSAFCEN RUEOHRA/NATSF ZEN/MARAIRGRU ONE FOUR BT

Cog MIM

UNCLAS E F T O

FAILURE/MALFUNCTION INVESTIGATION

A. BWFRRLANT INST 4738.17A

B. BUWEPS INST 4738.6

I. REQ PDIR

A. RF-4B 153113

B. ANGLE OF ATTACK INDICATOR, SER .NO. UNKNOWN

C. UNKNOWN

D. ANGLE OF ATTACK INDICATOR SUFFERED CRASH DAMAGE

PAGE TWO RUEDAWA 4688 UNCLAS E F I O.

E. 2RH-6618-816-4998-BFCJ/SLZ-9881/UNK

F. - 78423

G. MA

H. AMBLE OF ATTACK INDICATOR SUFFERED CRASH DAMAGE

I. VMCJ-2 MS8 281538Z JUL 67

J. REQUEST READING AT IMPACT

K. VMCJ-2

2713327

NNNNZCZCNASC563CZCSLB693 RTTEZYUW RUEOAWA 4602 2081330-EEEE -- RUCILSA . ZNY EEEEE R 271330Z JUL 67 FM MARCOMPRECON TWO . TO RUCILWA/NAVAIRSYSCOMREPLANT INFO ZEN/NARF CHERPT ZEN/CB SECOND MAW RUCILMA/COMNAVAIRLANT RUEDBHB / NAVA IRSYSCOMHQ RUCILSA/NAVAVNSAFCEN RUEOHRA/NATSF ZEN/MARAIRGRU ONE FOUR UNCLAS E F T O FAILURE/MALFUNCTION INVESTIGATION A. BWFRRLANT INST 4738.17A

563/67

. Coy Mam

C. 7NOV66, OVERHAUL ACTIVITY UNKNOWN

B. CENTRAL AIR DATA COMPUTER SER NO BLG-11

PAGE TWO RUEDAWA 4682 UNCLAS E F T O D. CENTRAL AIR DATA COMPUTER SUFFERED CRASH DAMAGE E. UNK/42488-181-1/7218

F. GARRETT CORP.

B. BUWEPS INST 4730.6

A. RF-4B 153113

1. REQ PDIR

G. NA CENTRAL AIR DATA COMPUTER SUFFERED CRASH DAMAGE

1. VMCJ-2 MSG 281558Z JUL 67

J. NONE K. VMCJ-2 271330

NNNHSWWRPAGUCMMSLA 633 TTEZYUW RUEDAWA 4603 2881327-EEEE--RUCILSA . INY EEEEE 271327Z JUL 67 FM MARCOMPRECON TWO TO RUCILWA/NAVAIRSYSCOMREPLANT INFO ZEN/CG SECOND MAW ZEN/NARF CHERPI RUCILMA/COMNAVAIRLANT RUEDBHB / NAVAIRSYSCOMHQ RUCILSA/NAVAVNSAFCEN RUEOHRA/NATSF ZEN/MARAIRGRU ONE FOUR BT

559/67

Con MAM

UNCLAS E F T O FAILURE/MALFUNCTION INVESTIGATION A. BWFRRLANT INST 4730.17A

B. BUWEPS INST 4739.6

1. REQ PDIR

A. RF-4B 153113

B. PILOTS ALTIMETER, SER NO UNKNOWN

C. UNKNOWN

D. PILOTS ALTIMETER SUFFERED CRASH DAMAGE

PAGE TWO RUEGAWA 4683 UNCLAS E F T O

E. 2RQ-6618-895-3854-VAPX/MS25458-1/UNK

F. 97424

G. NA

H. PILOTS ALTIMETER SUFFERED CRASH DAMAGE

I . VMCJ-2 MSG 281538Z JUL 67 J. REQUEST ALTITUDE AT IMPACT AND ANY POSSIBILITY OF ERRONEOUS

READINGS

K. VMCJ-2

BT

JUL

NNNNZCZCNASC562CZCSLB699 RTTEZYUW RUEOAWA 4684 2881325-EEEE--RUCILSA. ZNY EEEEE R 271325Z JUL 67 FM MARCOMPRECONRON TWO TO RUCILWA/NAVAIRSYSCOMREPLANT INFO ZEN/NARF CHERPT ZEN/CG SECOND MAW RUCILMA/COMNAVIARLANT RUEDBHB/NAVAIRYSYCOMHQ RUCILSA/NAVAVNSAFCEN RUEOHRA/NATSF ZEN/MARAIRGRU ONE FOUR BT UNCLAS E F T O FAILURE/MALFUNCTION INVESTIGATION BWFRRLANT INST 4738.17A B . BUWEPS INST 4738.6

. 562/67 Cog MAM

C. OVERHAUL TAG ILLEGIBLE

PAGE TWO RUEDAWA 4684 UNCLAS E F T O E. UNK/SLZ91768/BGL-187

F. 18639/UNK .

REQ PDIR

B .

D.

A . RU-4B 153113

ANGLE OF ATTACK TRANSMITTER SUFFERED CRASH DAMAGE

ANGLE OF ATTACK TRANSMITTER, SER.NO. BLG-107

ANGLE OF ATTACK TRANSMITTER SUFFERED CRASH DAMAGE

VMCJ-2 MSG 281538Z JUL 67

REQUEST INFO AS TO POSITION OF TRANSMITTER ANGLE AT IMPACT J. VMCJ-2 K.

NNNZCZCNASC424CZCSLB375 RTTEZYUW RUEOAWA4490 2071250-EEEE--RUCILSA. ZNY EEEEE R 261250Z JULY 67 FM MARCOMPRECONRON TWO TO RUCILWA/NAVAIRSYSCOMREPLANT INFO ZEN/CG SECOND MAW ZEN/NARF CHERPT RUCILMA/COMNAVAIRLANT RUEDBHB/NAVAIRSYSCOMHQ RUCILSA/NAVAVNSAFCEN RUEOHRA/NATSF ZEN/MARAIRGRU ONE FOUR ZEN/MARHAMRON ONE FOUR BT UNCLAS E F T O

424/67 Cog: m2, m

FAILURE/MALFUNCTION INVESTIGATION A. BWFRRLANT INST 4738.17A

B. BUWEPS INST 4730.6

1. REQ PDIR

A. RF-4B 153113

B. J79GESB. PORT 8421878 J79GESB, STB 8421338

C. 283, WAS MORIS 283, NAS MORIS

D. ENGINES SUFFERED CRASH DAMAGE

E. NA

PAGE TWO RUEDAWA F. GENERAL ELECTRIC

G. HA

H. ENGINES SUFFERED CRASH DAMAGE AND HAVE F.O.D.

I. VMCJ-2 MSG 201530Z JULY 67

J. DESIRE INFO AS TO WHAT CAUSED F.O.D., WHAT POWER SETTINGS WERW UTILIZED AT IMPACT, AND DID ENGINES HAVE COMPRESSOR STALL PRIOR TO IMPACT

WMCJ-2/HAMS-24

2612502

NNNNZCZCNASC 14 ICZCSLA285 PTTEZYUW RUEOAWA 4232 2851735-EEEE--RUCILSA . ZNY EEEEE P 241735Z JUL 67 FM MARCOMPRECONRON TWO TO RUCILWA/NAVAIRSYSCOMREPLANT INFO ZEN/NARF CHERPT ZEN/CG SECOND MAW RUCILMA/COMNAVAIRLANT RUEDBHB / NAVA IR SYSCOMHQ RUCILSA/NAVAVNSAFCEN RUEOHRA/NATSF ZEN/MARAIRGRU ONE FOUR BI UNCLAS E F T O FAILURE /MALFUNCTION INVESTIGATION A. BWFRRLANT INST 4730.17A B. BUWEPS INST 4730.6 1. REQ CHEM ANAL A. RF-4B 153113 B. NA

PAGE TWO RUEOAWA UNCLAS E F T O
E. RM1669-761-1613-LA28, MS22881, NA
F. 96986, N383-98721A
G. NA
H. MASK WORN BY PILOT IN ACFT ACCIDENT
I. VMCJ-2 MSG 281538Z JUL 67
J. MASK CONTAINS FOREIGN MATTER
K. VMCJ-2

C. NA

D. OXYGEN MASK

1465 Many

24M 352

NNNNZCZCNASC 799CZCSLB 792 PITE JAW RUEOAWA3181 2018056-EEEE -- RUCILSA. ZNY EEEEE P 218856Z JUL 67 FM MARCOMPRECONRON TWO 799/67 TO RUENAAA /CNO RUCILSA/NAVAIRSAFECEN RUEDBHB /NAVA IRSYSCOMHQ ZEN/CG SECOND MAW SUPPLEMENTARY INFO RUCIHOA/CMC RUCINVA/CO FMALANT RUNHFMA/CG FMFPAC AAR RUCILSA/COMNAB 5ND RUCILMA/COMNAVAIRLANT RUMHAW/CG FIRST MAW RUWJERB/CG THIRD MAW ZEH/MARAIRGRU ONE FOUR RUCIHHA MAVPLANTREPO MC DONNELL ACFT, ST. LOUIS RUEDNKA /CNCLANTFLT RUWJABA /DAS, NORTON AFB, CALIF RUCLAKA /RCVV FOUR RUCLAKA/RCVW ONE TWO BT UNCLAS E F T O C PASS TO AAP SUPPLEMENTARY MESSAGE REPORT OF AIRCRAFT ACCIDENT A. OPNAVINST P3758.6F 1. 26 JULY 67, 8455Q, HISHT 2. RF-4B, 153115, VMCJ-2, 1-68A 4. IBJURY CODE BRAVO 9. APPROX 2 MILES FROM TAKEOFF AIRCRAFT CONTACTED TREES, BECAME AIRBOUNDAIN, FLEW APPROX 1 1/2 MILES, DURING WHICH PILOT AND RSO SUCCESSFUL EJECTED. INSIDE OF PILOT'S OXYGEN MASK BURNT. BOTH CAOHOPIES BURNT EXTERNALLY PRIOR TO EJECTION. CAUSE UNKNOWN. 16. SVOBODA MAJOR USMC XO VMCJ-2 2858 1-18 7-20-67 1QQ5 RF98 153113 VMC5-2

MESSAGE DRAFT		CLASSIFICATION
NAVAL AVIATION SAPETY CENTER	(b) (6)	UNCLASSIFIED
ACTION	V RECEDENCE V INFO	
MARTHE COMPOSITE RECONNAISSANG SQUADRON TWO	Routine R MCAS, CHES  Priority CSC COMMAVAIR  Op Immed. COMMAVAIR  MAYATREYSE	MY PT., N.C.
		KFAC, CHERRY PT.
UNCLAS EFTO		
RF-48 MINO 153113 ACCIDENT		
	USN CLRD TOP SECRET	
SUBJECT ACCIDENT. REQUEST BO	A AUTO TO CONDUCT NAVAVNSAFECED O RESERVATIONS.	INVESTIGATION OF
2. INSTRUCTIONS CONTAINED IN 32A PRESERVATION OF WRECKAGE A	OPRAVIEST P8750.6F PAGE 14 PAR	24B, AND PAGE 20 PARA
		2015432
STATE OF STREET		THE REAL PROPERTY.

k

NNNNZCZCNASC741CZCSLA071 PITE JAW RUEDAWA3821 2811538-EEEE -- RUCILSA . ZNY EEEEE Preliminary AAR P 281538Z JUL 67 FM MARCOMPRECONROW TWO TO RUENAAA/CNO RUCILSA /NAVAVNSAFECEN RUEDBHB/NAVAIRSYSCOM ZEN/CG SECOND MAW INFO RUCIHOA/CMC RUCINVA/CG FMFLANT RUHHFMA /CG FMFPAC RUED NWD /COMNAB 5ND RUCILMA/COMNAVAIRLANT RUMHAW/CG FIRST MAW RUWJBRB/CG THRID MAW ZEN/MARAIRGRU ONE FOUR RUCIHHA/NAVPLANTREPO (MC DONNELL ACFT, ST. LOUIS) RUEDNKA/CINCLANTFLT RUWJABA/DAS, NORTON AFB, CALIF RUWMPEA /RCVW ONE TWO BT PAGE TWO RUEDAWA3021 UNCLAS E F T O UNCLAS E F T O

CMC PASS TO AAP PRELIMINARY MESSAGE OF AIRCRAFT ACCIDENT A. OPNAVINST P3750.6F 1. 28 JULY 67, 84559, NIGHT 2. RF-4B, 153113, VMCJ-2, 1-68A CHERRY POINT, N.C. 4 1/2 MILES FROM T.O. END 3. MCAS . OF RNYY 32. CAPT (6) (6) USMC, ACTIVE UNK AMPLIFICATION (b) (6) FOL (b) (6) ELT (b) (6) , USMC USMCR, 7351, ACTIVE UNK AMPLIFICATION FOLLOWS 6. ALPHA 7. IA9 -AAVEX 8. TAKE OFF 9. WITHIN I MINUTE AFTER I. O. PILOT HAD POSSIBLE FIRE IN MASK AREA-BOTH EJECTED SUCCESSFULLY. 18. 388V (258 TO 488) SCATTERED V 4 IN FOG WINDS CALM TEMP 68 DEW POINT 64. 11. UNK CINT AIRFRAME CHANGE 389 COMPLETED 28 JUNE 67 REF. TELCON SAFETY CTR.) 12. UNK 13. MARTIN-BAKER APPEAR TO HAVE FUNCTIONED SATISFACTORILY 14 . NONE 15. PILOT (b) (6) MAJOR AVIATION SAFETY OFFICER

(b) (6) BI 153113 VMC5-2

RFYB